





OVERVIEW

NAVIGATION

FLIGHT PLANNING

HAZARD AVOIDANCE

ADDITIONAL FEATURES

APPENDICES

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This manual reflects the operation of System Software version 3.50 or later. Some differences in operation may be observed when comparing the information in this manual to earlier or later software versions.

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WARNING: When installing the aera 660[™], place the unit so it does not obstruct the field of view or interfere with operating controls.



WARNING: The indicators represented on the Panel are based on GPS-derived data and may differ from the instruments in the aircraft.



WARNING: Navigation and terrain separation must NOT be predicated upon the use of the terrain function. The aera 660 Terrain Proximity feature is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight. The Terrain Proximity feature is only to be used as an aid for terrain avoidance and is not certified for use in applications requiring a certified terrain awareness system. Terrain data is obtained from third party sources. Garmin is not able to independently verify the accuracy of the terrain data.



WARNING: The displayed minimum safe altitudes (MSAs) are only advisory in nature and should not be relied upon as the sole source of obstacle and terrain avoidance information. Always refer to current aeronautical charts for appropriate minimum clearance altitudes.



WARNING: The altitude calculated by the GPS and GLONASS receivers is geometric height above Mean Sea Level and could vary significantly from the altitude displayed by pressure altimeters.



WARNING: Do not use outdated database information. Databases used in the aera 660 system must be updated regularly in order to ensure that the information remains current. Pilots using any outdated database do so entirely at their own risk.



WARNING: Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.



WARNING: Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.



WARNING: To reduce the risk of unsafe operation, carefully review and understand all aspects of the aera 660 Pilot's Guide documentation and the Pilot's Operating Handbook of the aircraft. Thoroughly practice basic operation prior to actual use. During flight operations, carefully compare indications from the aera 660 to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDs, visual sightings, charts, etc. For safety purposes, always resolve any discrepancies before continuing navigation.



WARNING: The Garmin aera 660 has a very high degree of functional integrity. However, the pilot must recognize that providing monitoring and/or self-test capability for all conceivable system failures is not practical. Although unlikely, it may be possible for erroneous operation to occur without a fault indication shown by the aera 660. It is thus the responsibility of the pilot to detect such an occurrence by means of cross-checking with all redundant or correlated information available in the cockpit.



WARNING: For safety reasons, aera 660 operational procedures must be learned on the ground.

WARNING: The government entities operating the satellite-based navigation systems (GPS/GLONASS) are solely responsible for their accuracy and maintenance. The satellite-based navigation systems are subject to changes which could affect the accuracy and performance of all GPS/GLONASS equipment. Portions of the system utilize GPS/GLONASS as a precision electronic NAVigation AID (NAVAID). Therefore, as with all NAVAIDs, information presented by the system can be misused or misinterpreted and, therefore, become unsafe.





WARNING: The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.



WARNING: Do not use basemap (land and water data) information for primary navigation. Basemap data is intended only to supplement other approved navigation data sources and should be considered as an aid to enhance situational awareness.



WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for collision avoidance maneuvering. The traffic display does not provide collision avoidance resolution advisories and does not, under any circumstances or conditions, relieve the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft.



WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information to accurately depict all of the traffic within range of the aircraft. Due to lack of equipment, poor signal reception, and/or inaccurate information from aircraft or ground stations, traffic may be present that is not represented on the display.



CAUTION: The display uses a lens coated with a special coating that is very sensitive to abrasive cleaners. AVOID CHEMICAL CLEANERS AND SOLVENTS THAT WILL HARM THE SPECIAL COATING. It is very important when cleaning the touchscreen to use a clean, lint-free cloth (lightly dampened with water, if necessary).



CAUTION: The Garmin aera 660 does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized Garmin service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could void both the warranty and the pilot's authority to operate this device under FAA/FCC regulations.



NOTE: All visual depictions contained within this document, including screen images of the aera 660 panel and displays, are subject to change and may not reflect the most current aera 660 system and aviation databases. Depictions of equipment may differ slightly from the actual equipment.





NOTE: This product, its packaging, and its components contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm. This notice is being provided in accordance with California's Proposition 65. For questions or additional information, please refer to our web site at www.garmin.com/prop65.



NOTE: Use of polarized eyewear may cause the display to appear dim or blank.



NOTE: Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR) data is provided by the FAA and may not be updated outside of normal business hours. Confirm data currency through alternate sources and contact the local FSS for interpretation of TFR data.



NOTE: The navigation databases used in Garmin navigation systems contain Special Procedures. Prior to flying these procedures, pilots must have specific FAA authorization, training, and possession of the corresponding current, and legitimately-sourced chart (approach plate, etc...). Inclusion of the Special Procedure in the navigation database DOES NOT imply specific FAA authorization to fly the procedure.



NOTE: The navigation databases used in Garmin navigation systems contain Special Procedures. Prior to flying these procedures, pilots must have specific FAA authorization, training, and possession of the corresponding current, and legitimately-sourced chart (approach plate, etc....). Inclusion of the Special Procedure in the navigation database DOES NOT imply specific FAA authorization to fly the procedure.



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Part Number	Change Summary
190-02017-20	Initial release

Rev	Date	Description		
А	March, 2016	Production Release		
В	May, 2016	Added warning to Flight ID Display Updated Aviation Limited Warranty		
С	September, 2017	Updated for software version 3.00 Added airspace altitude labels Updated Bluetooth & Connext interface Added SXM audio and weather support for GDL 5x products Updated Connext setup page Updated Data Link Info page Updated menu layout Added navigation database note		
D	February, 2018	Updated for software version 3.30 Added maximum recommended MicroSD [™] card size Added MapMX Added day/night backlight settings Removed references to external voltage data field Removed references to GXM 40/42 Added QWERTY keyboard for portrait orientation Added Time Over Target (TOT) data field Added 'Easy Update' database downloading		
E	Added 'Easy Update' database downloadingMarch, 2019Added support for FIS-B Cloud Tops Forecast, Icing Forecast Lightning, and Turbulence Forecast over Bluetooth Updated 'Satellite Mosaic' text to 'Cloud Tops' Updated 'Severe' icing level text to 'Heavy' Referenced GNX 375 where GTX 345 is included Updated documentation to allow for GPS 175/GNX 375 Added crosswind component to airport runway review pag Added Navigation Setup Page to allow selection of flight p Waypoint Transition Modes Added internet 'Base Reflectivity' radar selection Added internet source for radar, METARs, and TAFs Updated for software version 3.50			



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1.1 UNIT OVERVIEW

The aera 660 presents GNSS-derived analog flight instrumentation, position, navigation, and hazard avoidance information to the pilot using a 5" display with a capacitive touch screen.





1.2 GETTING STARTED

BATTERY INSTALLATION



NOTE: Refer to Appendix E for additional battery information.

CAUTION: Always keep the battery installed when the unit is on.

WARNING: The product contains a lithium-ion battery. To prevent damage, remove the unit from the aircraft or vehicle when exiting or store it out of direct sunlight.

Installing the battery:

- Locate the lithium-ion battery that came in the product box. 1)
- 2) Locate the metal contacts on the end of the lithium-ion battery.
- 3) Insert the battery so that the metal contacts on the battery line-up with the metal contacts inside the battery compartment.
- Insert the battery into the battery compartment, and push until it clicks into 4) place.



Unit Overview - Battery



CHARGING THE BATTERY



NOTE: While in Charge Mode, the unit draws a current from the aircraft. To avoid discharging the aircraft's battery, disconnect the external power cable from the unit when not in use for several days.

Charge the aera 660 for at least 4 hours before using on battery power. Charge the battery by connecting the aviation power cable, the USB cable, an AC adapter, or use a stand-alone battery charger (optional accessory).

Plug the unit into a 12-Volt or 24-Volt connector to charge. The unit can be used while it is charging. Charge the unit within the following temperature range: 41° to 95°F (5° to 35°C).

- 1) Mount the aera 660 in the aircraft and connect the power cable to the aircraft power outlet (cigarette lighter receptacle).
- 2) Route the power cable so that it does not interfere with aircraft operation. The unit begins charging as soon as external power is applied.

USING CHARGE MODE

Applying external power to the aera 660 automatically turns on the unit for full operation. If the battery is present and needs to be charged, the external power source charges the battery while the unit is in use.

If you do not want to use the unit, but you would like to charge the battery, you can put the unit into Charge Mode. Connect the unit to an external power supply. Press and hold the **OPOWER** Button. Instead of completely turning off, the unit now goes into Charge Mode.

The unit will run cooler and may allow more current to be available for charging the battery while in Charge Mode.

INITIAL BATTERY CHARGING

After fully charging the battery for the first time, the aera 660 battery indicator may report significantly less than full charge. In this case, the battery will need to be conditioned to report the correct capacity. This can be accomplished by allowing the battery to discharge completely and then fully recharging the battery.



MOUNTING THE aera 660 IN THE AIRCRAFT

Refer to Appendix D 'Installation & Interfacing' for information on mounting the aera 660 in the aircraft.

TURNING THE UNIT ON/OFF

Press the **OPOWER** Button to turn the unit on. Press and hold the **OPOWER** Button to turn the unit off.

The first time the unit is turned on, the receiver must collect satellite data and establish its present location. To ensure proper initialization, the aera 660 is shipped from the factory in Autolocate mode, which allows the receiver to "find itself" anywhere in the world.

During initialization, current database information is displayed. Database information includes valid operating dates, cycle number, and database type. When this information has been reviewed for currency (to ensure that no databases have expired), the pilot is prompted to continue.

Touching the Press To Accept Button acknowledges this information, and the Main Menu is displayed.

🚸 Americas Aviation Data 1513	Expires 07-JAN-2016
US FilteCharts 1513	Expires 07-JAN-2016
A→ US SafeTaxi 1557	Expires 04-FEB-2016
🔆 US/Canada Obstacles 15B7	Expires 04-FEB-2016
Morldwide-9 Terrain 11T1	
MI AOPA Airport Directory 15D6	
IS IFR/VFR Charts 1407	
All map and terrain data provided is only to be used as a g and as an aid to situational as	eneral reference to your surrounding vareness.
Press To Accept	

Database Initialization

RECEIVER STATUS

The receiver status displays one of the following conditions:

- Autolocate-Receiver is looking for any satellite whose almanac has been collected, which can take up to 5 minutes
- Searching The Sky—Receiver is looking for satellites

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Overview

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- Acquiring Satellites—Receiver is looking for and collecting data from satellites visible at its last known or initialized location, but has not acquired a fix
- 2D GPS Location—At least three satellites have been acquired and a twodimensional location fix has been calculated. "2D Differential" appears when you are receiving DGPS corrections in 2D mode
- 3D GPS Location—At least four satellites have been acquired and a threedimensional fix has been calculated. "3D Differential" appears when you are receiving DGPS corrections in 3D mode
- Lost Satellite Reception—Receiver is no longer tracking enough satellites for a 2D or 3D fix



GPS Status

Viewing the GPS status:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **GPS Info** > **GPS** Tab.

ACQUIRING SATELLITES

The **DOUD** bars on the **Main Menu** indicate the GPS signal strength.

When the receiver is in the process of acquiring enough satellite signals for navigation, the receiver uses satellite orbital data (collected continuously from the satellites) and last known position to determine the satellites that should be in view. 'Acquiring Satellites' is indicated as the solution until a sufficient number of satellites have been acquired for computing a solution.

When the receiver is in the process of acquiring a 3D differential solution, '3D GPS Location' is indicated as the solution until the 3D differential fix has finished acquisition.



SATELLITE INFORMATION

Satellites currently in view are shown at their respective positions on a satellite constellation diagram. The outer circle of the constellation diagram represents the horizon, the inner circle represents 45° above the horizon, and the center point shows the position directly overhead. Each satellite is represented by a square containing the Pseudo-Random Noise (PRN) number (i.e., satellite identification number).

GPS Info can be helpful in troubleshooting weak (or missing) signal levels due to poor satellite coverage or installation problems. As the receiver locks onto satellites, a signal strength bar is displayed for each satellite in view, with the appropriate satellite PRN number (01-32; 33-64 for WAAS; 65-99 for GLONASS) below each bar. The progress of satellite acquisition is shown in three stages, as indicated by signal bar appearance:

- No bar—Receiver is looking for the indicated satellite
- Gray bar—Receiver has collected the necessary data and the satellite signal can be used
- Green bar—Satellite is being used for the GPS solution

DISPLAY ORIENTATION

The aera 660 can be viewed in either Portrait or Landscape Mode.

Changing the display orientation:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Display** 1) Or:

Press the Power Button once quickly.

Touch Landscape or Portrait. 2)



1.3 OPERATION

BASIC TOUCHSCREEN OPERATION

Touch the desired selection. The icon, menu option, etc., will momentarily turn blue when selected.



Basic Touchscreen Operation

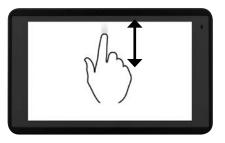
SCROLLING AND PANNING

Scrolling and panning on the touchscreen:

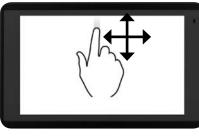
Drag up or down to scroll menus, documents, etc.

Or:

Drag in any direction to pan maps or charts.



Scroll



Pan



ZOOMING

Zooming in and out on the touchscreen map displays:

Pinch fingers together (zoom out), or pull fingers apart (zoom in).



Zoom Out

Zoom In

DEDICATED PAGE ICONS

Dedicated Page Icons are located vertically on the right side of the screen in landscape mode or horizontally along the bottom of the screen in portrait mode.

+ Nearest		C	ر هوال کې (iPs	
KLXT 4016x75: Lees Summit MO	7 070⊮	21.0 ⁿ	122.800 Unicom/CTAF	Up Down
KLWC 5700x100: Lawrence KS	× 293⊮	21.6 m	123.000 Unicom/CTAF	Airport
KLRY 4000x75; Harrisonville MO	▲ 122∺	26.0 [°] m	123.000 Unicom/CTAF	Direct To
KMCI 10801x150 Kansas City MO	↑ 006೫	26.9 [°]	128.200 Tower	Menu Pack

Nearest Airports Page





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Flight Planning Hazard Avoidance Additional Features Appendices

A Up	Scroll up	OR	Touch to zoom out
Down	Scroll down	OR	Touch to zoom in
	Nearest Group Icons (Nearest Page Only)	OR	Weather Group Icons (Weather Page Only)
	Airport Apt Wx VOR		Radar Composite
	NDB INT User WPT		Winds Aloft Aloft 4
	City ARTCC FSS	OR	Storm METAR AIRMET
	Airspace	•	SIGMET
			Freezing Level Forecast Forecast
			Wx Forecast Surface Pressure 12 Hours 12 Hours
- D ► Direct To	Direct-to function		
Menu	Page menu		
Sack	 Previous Screen Main Menu (Touch and Hold)	OR	Cancel map pointer

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MAIN MENU

Main Menu	·		GPS 1:39	
Kap	Enroute Charts	3D Vision	Nearest	
Vaypoint	Flight Plan List	Active Flight Plan	+20 ♦↑ Traffic	-D+ Direct 1
Terrain	Weather	GPS Info	Tools	Back





Touch and hold the **Back** icon at any time to display the **Main Menu**.

MAIN MENU ICONS

Touch the following icons to display the associated page or menu:



Map

Displays the Map View.



Charts Displays the VFR or IFR charts.



3D Vision Displays 3D Vision.



Veares

Nearest Displays the Nearest Page.



Waypoint **Displays Waypoint Information.**



Flight Plan List Displays the Flight Plan List.



Active Flight Plan



Traffic



Displays the dedicated Traffic Page.



Terrain Displays the Terrain View.



Weather Displays Weather Map Page.



GPS Info Displays current position and satellite status.



Tools

Displays second-level Tools Icons.

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NEAREST ICONS



City

ARTCC

User WPT

From the **Main Menu**, touch the **Nearest** icon **Nearest** to access the Nearest Page. Touch these Nearest Group Icons to display the associated function:



Airport

Displays nearest airports.



Airport WX

Displays nearest airport weather.



VOR Displays nearest VORs.



NDB Displays nearest NDBs.



Intersection Displays nearest intersections.



User WPT

City

FSS **Displays nearest Flight Service** Stations (FSS).

Displays nearest ARTCCs (Air

Route Traffic Control Centers).

Displays nearest user waypoints.

Airspace



Displays nearest airspace.

Displays nearest cities.

Navigation

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Overview

Appendices Additional Features Hazard Avoidance Flight Planning Navigation

WEATHER ICONS

With the Weather Page displayed, touch the **Products** icon **Products** to access the Weather Products:

Radar Composite Cloud Tops Forecast	Radar Displays radar (composite or base reflectivity). Cloud Tops Forecast Forecasted cloud top heights.	Surface Pressure 12 Hours Echo Tops	Surface Pressure Displays pressure isobars and centers. Echo Tops Highest altitude with precipitation.
Temps Aloft	Temps Aloft Displays forecasted temperatures.	Storm Cells	Storm Cells Displays storm cells and projected path.
AIRMET All Types	AIRMET Displays AIRmen's METeorological Info.	TFR	TFR Displays Temporary Flight Restrictions.
Freezing Level	Freezing Level Displays where icing conditions are likely.	Icing Forecast	Icing Forecast Displays SIP and SLD data.
Cloud Tops	Cloud Tops Displays cloud top height contours. Lightning	Winds Aloft	Winds Aloft The forecasted wind speed/direction. METAR
Lightning	Displays lightning data.	METAR	METeorological Aerodrome Report.
SIGMET	SIGMET Displays potentially hazardous weather.	Pilot Reports	Pilot Reports Pilot Weather Reports.
Turbulence Forecast	Turbulence Forecast Displays turbulence data.	Wx Forecast	Wx Forecast Current & forecast weather conditions.

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TOOLS

From the Main Menu, touch the Tools icon

to access the second-level Tools icons. Touch these second-level icons to display the associated function:



Setup

Displays third-level Setup Icons.



User WPT Displays User Waypoints and Proximity Waypoints.



Flight Log **Displays Flight Logs.**



Track Log Displays Track Logs.



VNAV **Displays Vertical Navigation.**



Profile **Displays Aircraft Profiles.**



E6B Displays the E6B Calculator.



Weight/Balance Displays the Weight & Balance.



Data Link

Displays the Data Link Info Page.



Downloads Displays available downloads.



SiriusXM Audio Displays the Sirius XM Audio Page.



Database Displays database and software version information.



User Timer Displays User Timer.



VIRB Displays VIRB Remote Page.



Simulator Drives simulator.



Flight Planning Hazard Avoidance



SETUP ICONS





From the **Main Menu**, touch the **Tools** > **Setup** to access the thirdlevel Setup Icons. Touch these third-level icons to perform the associated function:



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Additional Features Hazard Avoidance Flight Planning

Display

Displays backlight intensity/timeout, color mode (map/chart), screenshot (on/ off), and aircraft position settings.



Connext[®]

Displays flight plan transfer settings.



Sound Displays sound settings.



Units Displays unit settings.



Time Displays time settings.



Map Displays Navigation Map settings.



Position Displays position settings.



Interface Displays interface settings.



Alarms Displays alarm settings.



Airspace Displays Special Use Airspace alarm settings.



Wi-Fi Displays Wi-Fi



connection settings. Weather Displays weather



Bluetooth® **Displays Bluetooth** connection settings.



Power

Displays 'Automatic Power Off' setting.



3D Vision **Displays 3D Vision**

Navigation



Keyboard **Displays Keyboard** settings.

Displays Navigation

Appendices

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1.4 ACCESSING SYSTEM FUNCTIONALITY

OPTION MENUS

GARMIN

The aera 660 has a dedicated Menu Icon that displays a context-sensitive list of menu options available.

Navigating the option menu:



🔲 Icon

2 Touch the desired menu option.





DATA ENTRY

DATA ENTRY ICONS

The following icons are displayed in the data entry window.

Enter	Enter	Exits the keypad function and accepts the changes.		
H ackspace	Backspace	Erases the current data.		
1 ₂ 3 AgC Alpha	lumeric/Alpha	Displays the numeric or alpha keypad.		
C ancel	Cancel	Cancels a value that has been edited.		
Entering alphanumeric data:				

- When alphanumeric data can be entered, a keypad will appear after touching the desired datafield.
- Touch the keypad letters or numbers to enter the desired data. 2
- B Touch Enter.



N

Overview

Navigation

Flight Planning

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1)

2)

3)

Touch Landscape Keyboard Format to toggle between alphabetical and

Touch **Preview** to view the keypad layout before committing changes.

The setting only affects the keypad while the aera 660 is in landscape mode. While

in portrait mode, the aera 660 will only display the keypad in the alphabetical layout.

Entering predetermined data options:

Changing Alpha Keypad Layout:

QWERTY layouts.

GARMIN

- Touch the Data Option Button to display a vertical list of data options (if applicable), or toggle two data options (i.e., On/Off).
- If using the vertical list, touch the desired data option from the list.



From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Keyboard**.

Hazard Avoidance Additional Features Appendices



QUICK SETTINGS PAGE

Quickly tap and release the power button to access the Quick Settings page. The Quick Settings page provides access to important usability settings and common functions. The menu bar displays a shortcut to the Nearest page and a shortcut to mark the current position as a User Waypoint. Touching the Back button clears the Quick Settings menu and returns to the previous page.

	Tools			GPS 11:424	-+
O Power Button		Quick Settings		1 120	Nearest
	Setup	Landscape	Portrait	Track Log	Mark WPT
		Backlight 100%		Weight	
	VNAV	Volume 50%	Mute	& Balance	
	Data Link	Downloads	User Timer	Database	S Back

TITLE BAR TIMER

The User Timer can be accessed through the title bar from any screen. Touch the time indication to access the User Timer window to start, stop or reset the User Timer. The clock/timer text will appear in cyan while showing the timer, and white while showing the time.





1.5 USING MAP DISPLAYS



NOTE: Refer to the GPS Navigation section for more information on Map Display Setup.

Map displays are used extensively in the aera 660 to provide situational awareness in flight. Most aera 660 maps can display the following information:

- Airports, NAVAIDs, airspaces, airways, land data (highways, cities, lakes, rivers, borders, etc.) with names
- Map Pointer information (distance and bearing to pointer, location of pointer, name, and other pertinent information)
- Map range
- Aircraft icon (representing present position)
- Flight plan legs
- User waypoints
- Track vector
- Topography data

MAP RANGE

There are 23 different map ranges available, from 200 feet to 800 nm. The current map range is indicated in the lower right. The scale bar represents the map scale.

Changing the map range:

Use the **zoom out** (out) or **zoom in** (in) icons to zoom 'out' (increasing), or zoom 'in' (decreasing).





Or:

Pinch fingers together (zoom out), or pull fingers apart (zoom in).

OVERZOOM

When the selected range exceeds the resolution of the map data, 'overzoom' appears below the map range scale.



Map Range/Overzoom

AUTOZOOM

Autozoom allows the aera 660 to change the map display range to the smallest range clearly showing the active waypoint. Autozoom can be overridden by adjusting the range and remains that way until the active waypoint changes, a terrain or traffic alert occurs, or the aircraft takes off.

Enabling/disabling Autozoom:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up Map**. 1)
- If necessary, touch the **Map Group** Button and touch **General**. 2)
- 3) Touch the 'On/Off' Data Option Button for 'Autozoom'.





MAP PANNING

Map panning allows the pilot to:

- View parts of the map outside the displayed range without adjusting the map range
- Highlight and select locations on the map
- Review information for a selected airport, NAVAID, or user waypoint
- Designate locations for use in flight planning
- View airspace and airway information

When the panning function is selected by touching anywhere on the Map, the Map Pointer is displayed. An Information Window also appears at the bottom of the map display showing the bearing, distance, and time to the pointer from the aircraft's present position, the elevation of the land at the position of the pointer, or the object's (airports, obstacles, etc.) elevation, if known.

When the Map Pointer is over a map feature, the map feature is highlighted, an information box appears on the map, and the highlighted map feature is displayed on the Map Feature Button (even if the name was not originally displayed on the map).

Touching the Map Feature Button displays additional information for the highlighted map feature. If multiple features are present at the Map Pointer position, green arrows will appear on the Map Feature Button. Touching the through the list of map features present at that position.



Map Panning (Navigation Map)

Activating the map pointer:

While viewing a Map Display, touch anywhere on the map to activate the

map pointer. Touch the

icon to cancel the map pointer.

Panning the map:

While viewing a Map Display, touch anywhere on the map and drag.

Ĥ

Return

Reviewing information for a map feature:

While viewing a Map Display, touch anywhere on the map to activate the map pointer. When the Map Pointer is over a map feature, the map feature is highlighted, an information box appears on the map, and the highlighted map feature is displayed on the Map Feature Button. If multiple features are present at the Map Pointer position, green arrows will appear on the Map Feature Button.



- If necessary, touch the buttons to cycle through the list of map features present at that position. Touching the buttons changes the highlight and description.
- **3** Touch the Map Feature Button to review information for the Map Feature.

④ If desired, touch **Direct-to →** to navigate to the map feature.





MAP OVERLAYS

The VFR, IFR, Terrain, Topography, Weather, Fuel Prices, or Traffic map overlays can be displayed or removed.

Displaying/removing map overlays:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu**.
- 2) Touch VFR, IFR, Terrain, Topo Shading, Weather/Animate Weather, Fuel Prices, or Traffic to display or remove the map overlay.

MAP SYMBOLS

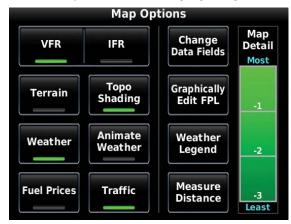
Refer to Appendix H for a list of map symbols.

MAP DETAIL

The map can be adjusted to declutter the map.

Adjusting the declutter level of the Navigation Map:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu**.
- 2) Touch the desired Map Detail level (-1, -2, -3) on the right side of the screen. The currently selected level is highlighted green.



Map Detail

1.6 SYSTEM SETTINGS

The third-level **Setup** Icons allow management of the following system parameters:

• Display

GARMIN

- Sound
- Units
- Time
- Map
- Position
- Interface
- Alarms
- Airpace

Restoring system setting defaults:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup**. 1)
- Touch the desired Setup Icon. 2)
- 3) Touch Menu > Restore Default.

DISPLAY SETUP

🖆 Display Setup	GPS =ettill	e 11:00	
Display Orientation	Landscape	Portrait	D
Backlight Intensity	80%		
Backlight Timeout	Stays Or	• •	
Map Color Mode	Auto 🔫		M

Display Setup

- Connext
- Weather
- Bluetooth
- Wi-Fi
- Power
- 3D Vision
- Navigation
- Keyboard



DISPLAY ORIENTATION

The aera 660 can be viewed in either Portrait or Landscape Mode.

Changing the display orientation:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Display**.

Or:

Press the Power Button once quickly.

BACKI IGHT INTENSITY

The aera 660 has two backlight intensity settings, one for day operations and the other for night operations. The appropriate settings will automatically be selected based on the time of day.

Adjusting backlight intensity:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Display**. 1)
- Select either Day Backlight Intensity or Night Backlight Intensity. 2)
- Touch '+' or '-' or touch and drag the percentage triangle to adjust the 3) desired backlight intensity percentage.

Or:

Press the **OWER** Button to quickly access the current backlight intensity.

Also, with Quick Settings displayed, press the 🖒 **POWER** Button again to increase the backlight intensity to 100%.

BACKLIGHT TIMEOUT

When running on battery power, after a specified period of inactivity the backlight will turn off to save power.

Adjusting backlight timeout:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Display**. 1)
- Touch the 'Backlight Timeout' Data Option Button, and touch the desired 2) option from the list (Stays On, 15 Seconds, 30 Seconds, 1 Minute, or 2 Minutes).

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MAP COLOR MODE

Adjusting the map color mode:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Display.
- 2) Touch the 'Map Color Mode' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option from the list (Day, Night, or Auto).

CHART COLOR MODE

Adjusting the chart color mode:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Display.
- 2) Touch the 'Chart Color Mode' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option from the list (Auto, Day, or Night).

ENABLING SCREENSHOTS

Enabling/disabling screenshots:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Display.
- 2) Touch On or Off in the 'Screenshot' field. An SD card is required.

AIRCRAFT POSITION

Showing/hiding the aircraft position:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Display.
- 2) Touch **Show** or **Hide** in the 'Aircraft Position' field.

SOUND SETUP



NOTE: The aera 660 does not include an internal speaker. For audio output, connect to an external speaker, headset, or audio panel. Refer to Appendix D.

Sound is broken down into 'Master', 'Alert', and 'Message'. 'Master' controls ALL sound. 'Alerts' and 'Message' are a percentage of the 'Master' sound. 'Alerts' refers to navigation phrases (e.g. "Pull Up"). The Terrain Audio, Traffic Audio, Traffic N/A Alert, and Key Tone can also be enabled or disabled.



🗐 Sound Setup	GPS 1 9:45≜		
Master Volume	50%	Mute	
Alert Volume	70%	Mute	
Message Volume	50%	Mute	
Terrain Audio		Enable	



Adjusting the sound:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Sound**.
- 2) Touch '+' or '-' or touch and drag the percentage triangle to adjust the desired volume percentage.

Or:

Touch the 🖾 Icon to mute the **Master**, **Alerts**, or **Message** audio. A blue 'X' will appear over the icon.

Or:

Touch Enable to enable/disable Terrain Audio, Traffic Audio, Traffic N/A Alert, or Key Tone.

Or:

Press the 🕐 **POWER** Button to quickly access the **Master** volume/mute.

Muting sound:

See the 'Adjusting the Sound' procedure above.

MAP SETUP

AUTOZOOM

Enabling/disabling autozoom:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Map**. 1)
- 2) Touch **On** or **Off** in the 'Autozoom' field.



ORIENTATION

Adjusting the map orientation:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Map.
- **2)** Touch the '**Orientation**' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option from the list (**North Up**, **Track Up**, or **DTK Up**).

COMPASS ARC

Enabling/disabling the compass arc:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Map.
- 2) Touch **On** or **Off** in the 'Compass Arc' field.

NORTH UP ABOVE

Setting North Up Above:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Map.
- 2) Touch the 'North Up Above' Data Option Button, and touch the desired mileage.

NORTH UP ON GROUND

Enabling/disabling North Up On Ground:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Map.
- 2) Touch **On** or **Off** in the 'North Up On Ground' field.

BLUETOOTH® SETUP



NOTE: Only one Bluetooth connection is allowed at a time.

Connecting/Pairing to a weather/traffic device via Bluetooth:

- 1) Ensure the weather/traffic device is turned ON. From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Bluetooth > On.
- **2)** Touch **Not Paired** or **Not Connected** next to the Device. A Bluetooth Passkey window will open.
- 3) Touch OK. The weather/traffic device is now connected.

Overview



The Bluetooth Setup Menu provides several options for connecting to Bluetooth devices. Manage Paired Devices can enable Automatic Reconnect and remove connections on a per-device basis. Forget all devices will remove all Bluetooth connections. Edit Device Name is used to change the name that the aera 660 shows other devices while pairing. Restore Default will disable Bluetooth and remove all Bluetooth connections.

Managing Connected Bluetooth Devices:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Bluetooth** > **Menu**.

CONNEXT SETUP

NOTE: Connext features require a Bluetooth or RS-232 serial connection to an external Connext device.

Setting the preferred attitude source:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Connext**.
- 2) Touch the 'Preferred Attitude Source' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option.

Setting the preferred FIS-B source:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Connext**. 1)
- 2) Touch the 'Preferred FIS-B Source' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option.

Setting the preferred SiriusXM weather source:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Connext**.
- Touch the 'Preferred SiriusXM Weather Source' Data Option Button, 2) and touch the desired option.

The Connext Setup Menu can also configure how the area 660 sends and receives flight plans from other Connext devices. Flight plans received from other devices will be added to the aera 660's Flight Plan List.

Setting the incoming/outgoing flight plan mode:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Connext**. 1)
- 2) Touch the 'Incoming or Outgoing Flight Plan Mode' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option (refer to table below).



	No Transfer	Require Action	Automatic
Incoming Flight Plan Mode	Do not accept flight plans from other devices.	aera 660 will prompt to accept or decline a flight plan sent from another device.	aera 660 will automatically accept flight plans from any connected device.
Outgoing Flight Plan Mode		aera 660 will prompt to confirm sending a flight plan to another device.	aera 660 will send flight plans to other devices with no prompt.

Connext Flight Plan Mode Options

WEATHER SETUP

Changing the weather data source:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Weather**. 1)
- Touch the 'Weather Data Source' Data Option Button, and touch the 2) desired option.

WI-FI SETUP

Connecting to a Wi-Fi network:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Wi-Fi > On.
- 2) Touch Add Network.
- 3) Touch the desired network to add.
- If necessary, enter the password using the keypad and touch Enter. 4)

Removing a Wi-Fi network:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Wi-Fi**. 1)
- Touch the network button. 2)
- 3) Touch **Remove**.
- Touch **Yes**. 4)

Turning Wi-Fi off:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Wi-Fi**.
- 2) Touch Off.



3D VISION SETUP

Setting up 3D Vision:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **3D Vision**. 1)
- 2) Touch the 'Bug Indicator' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option from the list (User Selected, Bearing, Desired Track, or Off).
- Touch the desired settings to display (Ground Speed, Altitude, AGL, 3) Heading, Lateral Deviation, Vertical Deviation, Vertical Speed, Slip/Skid, Synthetic Vision and Traffic).
- Touch **On/Off** to enable/disable 'Panning Timeout'. 4)

NAVIGATION SETUP

Waypoint Transition Mode can be set to 'Auto' or 'Distance'. In 'Auto' mode the unit selects the "best" next waypoint based on the aircraft's present position. 'Distance' mode allows the pilot to enter a radius around the active leg destination so that when the aircraft is within the entered distance, the unit transitions to the next waypoint in the route.

Changing the waypoint transition mode:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Navigation.
- 2) Touch the 'Waypoint Transition Mode' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option from the list (Auto or Distance).

KEYBOARD SETUP

Setting up keyboard format:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Keyboard**. 1)
- From the 'Keyboard Format' Data Field, touch ABCDE or QWERTY to 2) arrange the keyboard in alphabetic or traditional layout.
- Touch **Preview** to inspect keyboard layout. 3)



ADDITIONAL SETTINGS

Changing settings (Units, Time, Position, Interface, Alarms, Airspace, and Power):

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup.
- 2) Touch the desired Settings Icon (Units, Time, Position, Interface, Alarms, Airspace, or Power).
- **3)** Touch the desired setting to change. Touch the desired setting from the vertical list (if applicable).

Or: Use the keypad to enter numerical values and touch **Enter** (if applicable).

Or: Touch **On** or **Off** to enable or disable a feature (if applicable).

4) Touch and hold the **Back** Icon to return to the **Main Menu**.

lcon	Available Settings		
Display	Display Orientation, Backlight Intensity, Backlight Timeout, Map Color Mode, Chart Color Mode, Screenshot, Aircraft Position		
Sound	Master Volume, Alert Volume, Message Volume, Terrain Audio, Key Tone		
Units	Distance, Speed, Direction Display, Temperature, Altitude, Vertical Speed, Pressure, Fluid Volume		
Time	Time Format, Auto UTC Offset		
Мар	Autozoom, Orientation, Compass Arc, North Up Above, North Up On Ground		
Position	Location Format, Map Datum, Heading, Magnetic Variation		
Interface	Serial Port, Serial Data Format		
Alarms	Arrival, Next Waypoint, Proximity Waypoint, Fuel Tank Reminder		
Airspace Alarms	Class B/TMA, Class C/TCA, Class D, Restricted, MOA, Other/ADIZ, Parachute Area		
Weather	Weather Data Source setting		
Bluetooth	Bluetooth setup		
Connext	Connext settings		
Wi-Fi	Wi-Fi setup		
Power	Power Loss Warning		



3D Vision	Bug Indicator, Ground Speed, Altitude, Heading, Lateral Deviation, Vertical Deviation, Vertical Speed, Slip/Skid, Synthetic Vision, Panning Timeout
Navigation	Waypoint Transition Mode settings (Auto or Distance)
Keyboard	Keyboard layout setup

1.7 NEAREST AIRPORT CRITERIA SETTINGS

The Nearest Airports Option Menu allows the pilot to filter out airports that do not meet a defined criteria. Specific surface types and runway lengths can be defined, as well as the option to include private airports and/or heliports.

Runway Surface—allows you to set criteria for the type of surface on the runway:

- Hard Only—shows only runways with a concrete, asphalt, or similar sealed surface
- Hard or Soft—shows all runways except water landing facilities.
- Water Only—shows only water landing facilities.
- Any—shows any runway, regardless of surface type, including water landing facilities

Minimum Runway Length—allows the pilot to enter a specific length for the shortest runway allowed.

Entering airport criteria:

- From the Main Menu, touch Nearest. 1)
- 2) Touch the dedicated page icon and touch **Airport**.
- 3) Touch Menu.
- Touch **Surface**, and touch the desired runway surface from the list. 4)
- Touch **Min Length**, and enter the desired Minimum Runway Length using 5) the keypad.
- Touch **Private Airports** to include Private Airports in the search. 6)
- Touch **Heliports** to include Heliports in the search. 7)
- Touch **City Names** or **Facility Names** to display the airport's city or 8) facility name.

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1.8 PRESENT POSITION

The Present Position function displays latitude, longitude, GPS altitude, reference waypoint, type, distance, direction, and bearing. The reference waypoint is designed to display the current position in relation to a prominent landmark. The pilot can change the reference waypoint 'Nearest Type' using the 'Change Nearest Type' menu option. By default the Nearest Type is set to 'Automatic', which will display the nearest large airport, enroute VOR, or city (in that order).





Changing the Nearest Type:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **GPS Info** > **Position** Tab > **Menu** > 1) Change Nearest Type.
- Touch the desired nearest type ('Automatic', 'Airport', 'VOR', 'NDB', 2) 'Intersection', 'City', or 'Waypoint').

Viewing the present position:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **GPS Info** > **Position** Tab.

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1.9 NEW LOCATION

The 'New Location' menu option is used when the GPS Receiver is having trouble finding the satellites it expects to be there.

Entering a new location:

- From the Main Menu, touch GPS Info > GPS Tab > Menu > New 1) Location.
- 2) Touch 'Automatic', 'Use Map', or 'Use Identifier'.
- After selecting your approximate position using the map pointer or entering 3) an identifier, touch **OK**.
- The GPS Receiver will begin a new search based on the location entered. 4)

1.10 SIMULATOR MODE

Simulator Mode is helpful for practicing with the unit indoors or when no satellite signals are available. All waypoints and routes created in Simulator Mode are retained in memory for future use.

NOTE: Do not attempt to navigate using Simulator Mode. When the unit is set to Simulator Mode, the GPS/GLONASS receiver is turned off. Any Satellite Signal Strength Bars shown are only simulations and do not represent the strength of actual satellite signals.

Starting/Stopping Simulator Mode:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **GPS Info** > **GPS** Tab > **Menu** > **Simulator**.

Adjusting the simulated altitude, track, speed, waypoint, & position:

- From the Main Menu, touch GPS Info > GPS Tab > Menu > Start 1) Simulator
- 2) Touch Menu > Drive Simulator.
- 3) Touch the fields to enter the desired data using the keypad.



Drive :	Simulator	Up
Altitude	1078:	Dowr
Track	358∺	
Airspeed	01	-1
Waypoint	Select Waypoint	5
06 08 10 12 14 16 18 20 3	22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40	0 42 44

Simulator Mode

Overview



Overview

Blank Page

GARMIN

SECTION 2 NAVIGATION

2.1 INTRODUCTION

The Navigation Map displays aviation data (e.g., airports, VORs, airways, airspaces), geographic data (e.g., cities, lakes, highways, borders), and topographic data (map shading indicating elevation). The Navigation Map can be oriented three different ways: North Up (NORTH UP), Track Up (TRK UP) or Desired Track Up (DTK UP).

An aircraft icon is placed on the Navigation Map at the location corresponding to the calculated present position. The aircraft position and the flight plan legs are accurately based on GPS/GLONASS calculations. The basemap upon which these are placed are from a source with less resolution, therefore the relative position of the aircraft to map features is not exact. The leg of the active flight plan currently being flown is shown as a magenta line on the Navigation Map. The other legs are shown in white.

> Inactive Leg (White) Ø Active Leg (Magenta) JIC Aircraft Icon

Flight Plan Legs (Navigation Map)



DATA FIELDS

The data fields can be independently configured by the user.



Data Fields (Navigation Map)

By default, the Data Bar Fields are set to display Ground Speed (GS), Distance - Next (DIST NEXT), Vertical Speed Required (VSR), Time En Route - Next (ETE NEXT), and four blank data fields. These eight data fields can be changed to display any of the Data Field Options.

Changing the information shown in the data fields:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Map or Enroute Charts> Menu > Change Data Fields.
- Touch the desired Data Field to change. A list of available Data Field 2) Options is displayed.
- Touch the desired Data Field Option. 3)

GARMIN.

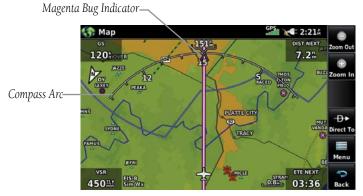
- Accuracy
- Altitude
- Bearing (BRG)
- Climb Gradient (Alt per NM) (CLIMB/NM)
- Climb Gradient (Percent) (CLIMB GRAD)
- Course to Steer (CTS)
- Crosstrack Error (XTK)
- Desired Track (DTK)
- Distance (Destination) (DIST DEST)
- Distance (Next) (DIST NEXT)
- En Route Safe Altitude (ESA)
- Flight Timer (FLT TIMER)
- Fuel Timer
- Glide Ratio (G/R)
- Ground Speed (GS)
- Ground Track (TRK)
- Height Above Ground Level (AGL)
- Minimum Safe Altitude (MSA)

- Next Waypoint (NEXT WPT)
- Sunrise
- Sunset
- Time Over Target (Next) (TOT NEXT)
- Time En Route (Destination) (ETE DEST)
- Time En Route (Next) (ETE NEXT)
- Time of Arrival (Destination) (ETA DEST)
- Time of Arrival (NEXT) (ETA NEXT)
- Time to VNAV (VNAV TIME)
- Time (Local)
- Time (UTC)
- Vertical Speed (VS)
- Vertical Speed Required (VSR)
- Wx (Altimeter) (WX ALTIM)
- Wx (Dew Point) (WX DEW PT)
- Wx (Humidity) (WX HUMIDITY)
- Wx (Temp) (WX TEMP)
- Wx (Wind) (WX WIND)



COMPASS ARC

A compass arc appears by default on the Navigation Map. The magenta bug indicator (similar to the bug indicator on the HSI) can be set by touching TRK on the 3D Vision Page.



Compass Arc (Navigation Map)

Displaying/Removing the Compass Arc on the Navigation Map:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up**. 1)
- 2) Touch the dedicated page icon, and touch General.
- 3) Touch **On** or **Off** to display or remove the Compass Arc.

GARMIN 2.2 3D VISION

3D Vision provides a three-dimensional view of terrain features as seen from outside the aircraft. 3D Vision imagery shows the relevant features in relation to the aircraft.

WARNING: Use appropriate systems for navigation, and for terrain, obstacle, and traffic avoidance. 3D Vision does not provide either the accuracy or reliability upon which to base decisions and/or plan maneuvers to avoid terrain, obstacles, or traffic.

3D Vision is a visual enhancement to the aera 660. 3D Vision depicts the topography as seen from outside the aircraft. The depicted imagery is derived from the aircraft's three-dimensional position, and databases of terrain, obstacles, and other relevant features. Loss of the GPS signal, will cause 3D Vision to be disabled until it is restored.

The 3D Vision terrain display shows land contours (colors are consistent with those of the topographical map display), large water features, towers, and other obstacles over 200' AGL that are included in the obstacle database (if present). Cultural features on the ground such as roads, highways, railroad tracks, cities, and state boundaries are not displayed even if those features are found on the Navigation Map. The terrain display also includes a north-south east-west grid with lines oriented with true north.

Terrain is integrated within 3D Vision to provide visual and auditory alerts to indicate the presence of terrain and obstacle threats relevant to the projected flight path. Terrain alerts are displayed in red and yellow shading.

3D Vision does not provide the accuracy or fidelity on which to base decisions and plan maneuvers to avoid terrain or obstacles. Navigation should not be predicated upon the use of the terrain or obstacle data displayed by 3D Vision.

Touch and drag the three-dimensional view to change the perspective.

Navigation





3D Vision (Tapes)



3D Vision (Round Gauges)



3D Vision (HSI Navigation)



3D VISION OPERATION

3D Vision is accessed from the **Main Menu**.

Viewing 3D Vision:

From the Main Menu, touch 3D Vision.

Display instrument tapes or round gauges:

From the Main Menu, touch 3D Vision > Menu > Tapes or Round Gauges.

Changing the Bearing Pointers:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **3D Vision** > **Menu**.
- Touch a 'Bearing Pointer' Data Option Button, and touch the desired 2) option from the list (Off, GPS, or Nearest Airport).



3D Vision Menu

HORIZONTAL SITUATION INDICATOR (HSI)

The graphic HSI displays current course, course (or crosstrack) error, To/From indication, course pointer, bearing desired track, and course deviation indicator/scale only when navigation is active (flight plan or direct-to); current ground track is always displayed. The rotating compass indicates the aircraft's current ground track.

The course pointer and course deviation needle indicate the current course and how closely the aircraft is following it. The Bug Indicator can be set to 'Bearing', 'Desired Track', a specific heading reference ('User Selected'), or 'Off' (default).

Navigation



Bearing is the compass direction from the present position to a destination waypoint. Desired Track is the recommended direction to steer in order to reduce cross-track error and return to the course line.

The Course Deviation Indicator, or needle, indicates the aircraft's distance off course, left or right, based on its placement along the course deviation scale.

Manually selecting 0.25 nm, 1.25 nm, or 5.00 nm full-scale deflection overrides Auto CDI selection. The manually-selected CDI scale setting remains active until conditions are met for Auto CDI (below), at which time Auto CDI resumes. The active course deviation scale (either automatically- or manually-selected) displays on the upper right portion of the HSI. The default CDI scale setting is Auto CDI (not user-selectable), which is selected at every power-up. Auto CDI uses three factors to determine the distance from the center of the CDI to full left or right limits:

- CDI scale = 1.25 within 30 nm of any airport in the active route.
- CDI scale = 0.25 on an approach leg or within 2 nm of the FAF or MAP.
- CDI scale = 5.0 if the previous two conditions are not met.

CHANGING THE CDI SCALE

Changing the CDI scale:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch 3D Vision > Menu > More Options.
- Touch the 'CDI Scale' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option 2) from the list (0.25 nm, 1.25 nm, or 5.00 nm).

SETTING THE BUG INDICATOR

The Bug Indicator can be set from the 3D Vision option menu.

Setting the 3D Vision Bug Indicator:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **3D Vision** > **Menu** > **More Options**. 1)
- Touch the 'Bug Indicator' Data Option Button, and touch the desired 2) option from the list (User Selected, Bearing, Desired Track, or Off).

MANUALLY SETTING A COURSE (ONLY AVAILABLE WITH ACTIVE **NAVIGATION**)

Touch 'CRS' on the 3D Vision Page to manually set a course to the destination.

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Manually setting a course to the destination waypoint:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch 3D Vision.
- 2) Touch CRS.

GARMIN

- 3) Touch **YES** when the 'Set OBS and hold?' window appears.
- Select a course using the keypad and touch **Enter**. 4)

Returning to only automatic sequencing when route is active (only available when navigating a Direct-To or Flight Plan):

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch 3D Vision.
- 2) Touch CRS.
- 3) Touch **Release OBS Hold** returns **OBS** to **CRS**, even though no sequencing occurred (only when Direct-To is active).

2.3 VERTICAL NAVIGATION (VNAV)

The VNAV function provides settings for the vertical navigation. These settings create a three-dimensional profile from the present location and altitude to a final (target) altitude at a specified location.

When the VNAV profile is defined, the pilot is informed of the progress by message alerts. The teal bar on the HSI (when displayed) shows the VNAV profile.

The Vertical Navigation feature is only available when navigating a Direct To or flight plan, and the ground speed is greater than 35 knots.

The VNAV indicator is displayed and the 'Estimated Time to VNAV' (VNAV TIME) field goes blank one minute prior to the initial descent point; if the VNAV alert messages are enabled, the 'Approaching VNAV profile' message appears.

The 'Approaching VNAV profile' message appears one minute prior to the initial descent point. The descent angle locks to prevent changes in speed from altering the profile. The VNAV feature does not take into account any changes in groundspeed that occur during the transition from level flight to descent or climb.



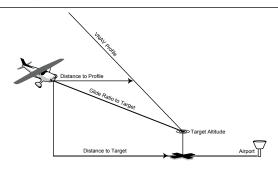


At 500 ft above the target altitude, the VNAV indicator disappears from the altimeter; if the VNAV alert messages are enabled, the 'Approaching VNAV target altitude' message is displayed.

CAUTION: The aera 660 is a VFR navigation tool and should not be used to perform instrument approaches.



CAUTION: VNAV is only a VFR navigation aid and is not intended for instrument approaches.



Visual Representation of VNAV

USING THE VNAV FEATURE

Use the VNAV (Vertical Navigation) feature to ensure the aircraft is at the proper altitude. When the appropriate conditions for VNAV are met, the VNAV Indicator displays as a teal pointer next to the altimeter. When the VNAV alert messages are enabled, a message appears when approaching the VNAV Profile. When the teal pointer is in the vertical center of the altimeter, the aircraft is at the proper altitude for the VNAV Profile.





VNAV Indicator (3D Vision)

Capturing/cancelling VNAV profile:

- While navigating a Direct-To or Flight Plan, and wishing to capture (or 1) cancel) the current descent profile, select from the Main Menu, touch 3D Vision > Menu.
- 2) Touch Capture Profile or Cancel Capture.

Configuring a VNAV profile:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **VNAV**. 1) Or:
- From the **3D Vision** page, select **Menu** > **VNAV**. 2)
- Touch the desired fields ('Waypoint', 'Profile', 'Altitude', etc.) to enter 3) the VNAV profile.
- 4) Touch and hold the **Back** lcon to return to the **Main Menu**.

/ Vertical Nav		GPS.	X 10:13	- 6-X
Waypoint		🔷 KFUL		Up V Down
Profile	500fpm]		
Altitude	1000	Above Waypoint	MSL	
ву	3.0 ^m	Before	After	Menu

Vertical Navigation Configuration



- Waypoint—Enter any waypoint along the currently active route as the reference waypoint. The reference waypoint defines the target location.
- Profile—Enter the descent rate.
- Altitude—Enter the desired reference waypoint altitude. Select 'Above Waypoint' to use field elevation for airports in the navigation database or 'MSL' to specify an exact MSL altitude target.
- By—Enter the target location with settings of distance 'Before' or 'After' a reference waypoint. To set a target location at a reference waypoint, enter a distance of zero.
- VNAV Messages—Touch 'On' or 'Off' to enable/disable VNAV alert messages.

2.4 MAP DISPLAY SETUP

Map displays are used extensively in the aera 660 to provide situational awareness in flight. Most aera 660 maps can display the following information:

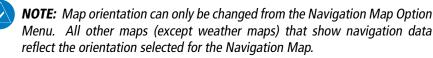
- Airports, NAVAIDs, airspaces, airways, land data (highways, cities, lakes, rivers, borders, etc.) with names
- Map Pointer information (distance and bearing to pointer, location of pointer, name, and other pertinent information)
- Map range
- Aircraft icon (representing present position)
- Flight plan legs
- User waypoints
- Track vector
- Topography data



MAP ORIENTATION

Maps are shown in one of three different orientation options, allowing flexibility in determining aircraft position relative to other items on the map (North Up), or for determining where map items are relative to where the aircraft is going (Track Up), or desired track up (DTK UP)).

- North Up aligns the top of the map display to north (default setting).
- Track Up aligns the top of the map display to the current ground track.
- Desired Track (DTK) Up aligns the top of the map display to the desired course.



Adjusting the map orientation:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up**.
- If necessary, touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch the General Group. 2)
- Touch the 'Orientation' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option 3) from the list (North Up, Track Up, or DTK Up).

AIRPORTS, NAVAIDS, CITIES & ROADS

Setting up and customizing airports, NAVAIDs, cities & roads for the Navigation Map:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up**. 1)
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch the 'Airport', 'Navaid', 'City', 2) or 'Road' Group.
- Touch \blacksquare to select the desired settings. 3)



🚓 Map Setup			10:44		
The second second	Medium City	Medium City			
	Medium Text 👻	Auto		Down	Dedicated
TITE UNITED ST	Small City		City	Page Icon	
X	Medium Text 👻	Auto	-		
1 ME	Small Town			Menu	
FIS-8 Sim Wx 300-	Medium Text 🔻	Auto		Back	

Map Setup (Cities)

AIRWAYS

Low Altitude Airways (or Victor Airways) primarily serve smaller piston-engine, propeller-driven airplanes on shorter routes and at lower altitudes. Airways are eight nautical miles wide and start 1,200 feet above ground level (AGL) and extend up to but not including 18,000 feet mean sea level (MSL). Low Altitude Airways are designated with a "V" before the airway number (hence the name "Victor Airways") since they run primarily between VORs.

High Altitude Airways (or Jet Routes) primarily serve airliners, jets, turboprops, and turbocharged piston aircraft operating above 18,000 feet MSL. Jet Routes start at 18,000 feet MSL and extend upward to 45,000 feet MSL (altitudes above 18,000 feet are called "flight levels" and are described as FL450 for 45,000 feet MSL). Jet Routes are designated with a "J" before the route number.

Low Altitude Airways are drawn in gray. High Altitude Airways are drawn in green. When both types of airways are displayed, high altitude airways are drawn on top of Low Altitude Airways.

When airways are selected for display on the map, the airway waypoints (VORs, NDBs and Intersections) are also displayed.

Displaying/removing airways:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up**.
- If necessary, touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch the **Navaid** Group. 2)
- 3) Touch the 'Airways' Data Option Button, and touch the desired option from the list ('Off', 'Low', 'High', or 'Both').

GARMIN. __ 2.5 WAYPOINTS

The WPT INFO (Waypoint Information) function provides airport and waypoint information.

Waypoints are predetermined geographical positions (internal database) or pilotentered positions, and are used for all phases of flight planning and navigation.

Waypoints can be selected by entering the ICAO identifier, entering the name of the facility, or by entering the city name. As a waypoint identifier, facility name, or location is entered, the aera 660's Spell'N'FindTM feature scrolls through the database, displaying those waypoints matching the characters which have been entered up to that point. A direct-to navigation leg to the selected waypoint can be initiated by pressing the **D** lcon.

The waypoint function allows the pilot to review airport information, runway information, frequencies, AOPA information (if available), and weather information (if available) by touching the desired tab. The pilot can manually enter the identifier or the aera 660 will choose the most appropriate identifier based on the current position and phase of flight.



Waypoint Information (Info Tab)

The following descriptions and abbreviations are used:

- Usage type: Public, Military, or Private
- Runway surface type: Hard, Turf, Sealed, Gravel, Dirt, Soft, Unknown, or Water

Navigation



- Runway lighting type: No Lights, Part Time, Full Time, Unknown, or PCL Freq (for pilot-controlled lighting)
- COM Availability: TX (transmit only), RX (receive only), PT (part time), * (additional information available)

Selecting an airport for review by identifier, facility name, or city:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Waypoint** > **Info** Tab (if necessary). 1)
- Touch the Waypoint Identifier Button. 2)
- Enter the desired waypoint using the keypad and touch **Enter**. 3)

Or:

- Touch **Find**. a)
- b) Touch the Search Name or Search City Tab.
- Touch the Search by Facility Name or Search by City button. **c**)
- **d)** Enter the facility name or city using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Recent, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan, or User Tab.
- **c)** Touch the desired waypoint from the list.
- If duplicate entries exist for the entered facility name or location, duplicate 4) waypoints are displayed. Touch the desired waypoint from the list.

Selecting a runway:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Waypoint** > **Runway** Tab (if necessary). 1)
- 2) Touch the Waypoint Identifier Button.
- Enter the desired waypoint using the keypad and touch **Enter**. 3)

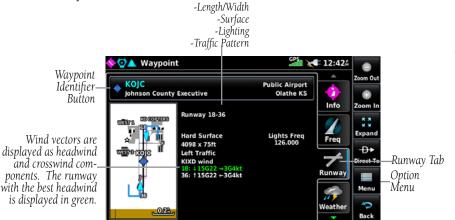
Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Search Name or Search City Tab.
- c) Touch the Search by Facility Name or Search by City button.
- **d)** Enter the facility name or city using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Or:



- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Recent, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan, or User Tab.
- **c)** Touch the desired waypoint from the list.
- If duplicate entries exist for the entered facility name or location, duplicate 4) waypoints are displayed. Touch the desired waypoint from the list.
- If multiple runways exist, touch the Runway Button, and touch the desired 5) runway from the vertical list.



Waypoint Information (Runway Tab)

Selecting additional information for a frequency:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Waypoint** > **Freq** Tab (if necessary). 1)
- Touch 🛈 2)

💇 🛦 Waypoint	GPS #8800 ★= 2:52Å		
KLAX Los Angeles Intl	Public Airport Los Angeles CA		Up V Dowr
Approach	124.050		Down
Approach	124.300	Freq	-D• Direct
Approach	124.500	Runway	Menu
Approach	124.900	Weather	Back

Waypoint Information (Freg Tab)

The Frequencies Box uses the descriptions and abbreviations listed in the following table:

Communication Frequencies			Navigation Frequencies
Approach *	Control	Pre-Taxi	ILS
Arrival *	CTA *	Radar	LOC
ASOS	Departure *	Ramp	
ATIS	Gate	Terminal*	
AWOS	Ground	TMA *	
Center	Helicopter	Tower	
Class B *	Multicom	TRSA *	
Class C *	Other	Unicom	
Clearance			
* May include Additional Information			

Frequency Abbreviations

NEAREST INFORMATION

The aera 660 provides a Nearest function which gives the pilot guick access to nearest airport, weather, VOR, NDB, intersection, user waypoint, city, ARTCC, FSS, and airspace information. If there are none available, "None Within 200 NM" is displayed.

The Nearest functions contain the following information.

- Airport-identifier, bearing, distance, length of the longest runway, and common traffic advisory (CTAF) or tower frequency.
- Airport WX (Airport Weather)—identifier, bearing, distance, METAR text, and ATIS, AWOS, or ASOS frequency.
- VOR (VHF Omnidirectional Radio Beacon)—identifier, facility type (symbol), bearing, distance, and frequency.
- NDB (Non Directional Beacons)—identifier, facility, type (symbol), bearing, distance, and frequency.
- Intersection—identifier, bearing, and distance.
- VRP (Visual Reporting Point) (Atlantic Unit Only)—identifier, bearing, and distance.

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- GARMIN
 - USR WPT (User Waypoints)—name, bearing, and distance.
 - City—name, bearing, and distance.
 - ARTCC (Air Route Traffic Control Center)—bearing, distance, and frequency.
 - FSS (Flight Service Station)—name, bearing, distance, frequency, and VOR (if applicable).
 - Airspace—name, time to entry (when applicable), and status.

Viewing nearest information:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Nearest.
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch the desired Nearest Icon 2) (Airport, Apt WX, VOR, NDB, INT, User WPT, City, ARTCC, FSS, or Airspace).
- 3) Touch the desired nearest option from the list for additional information. Or:

If viewing Nearest ARTCCs or FSSs, touch **Multiple Freqs**... to view additional frequencies.

Touch the **Back** lcon to return to the previous page. 4)





Additional VOR Information

NEAREST AIRPORT CRITERIA

The pilot can define the minimum runway length and surface type used when determining the 15 nearest airports to display. A minimum runway length and/or surface type can be entered to prevent airports with small runways or runways that are not appropriately surfaced from being displayed. Default settings are 0 feet (or meters) for runway length and "Any" for runway surface type. Private airports and Heliports can also be included.

Navigation



The Nearest Airports Option Menu also allows the pilot to choose between displaying the facility names, city names, bearing, or direction arrows.

Setting nearest airport criteria:

Refer to Section 1.7 'Airport Criteria Settings'.

WEATHER AND NOTAM INFORMATION (OPTIONAL)

Textual weather and NOTAM information can be viewed several different ways.

Viewing airport weather/NOTAM information:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Waypoint**.
- Enter the desired waypoint identifier. 2)
- 3) Touch the **Weather** or **NOTAM** Tab.

Or:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Nearest.
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch Apt WX. 2)
- 3) Touch the desired Nearest Airport Weather from the list.

Or:

- From the Main Menu, touch Weather. 1)
- Touch **Products**, and touch **METAR**. 2)
- 3) Touch the desired METAR flag.
- 4) Touch the Map Feature Button with the desired identifier displayed (refer to 'Map Panning' in the Overview Section for more information). The weather information is displayed.

Or:

- From the Main Menu, touch Map. 1)
- Touch the desired METAR Flag (If the METAR flags are not displayed, adjust 2) the settings from the **Set Up** > **Weather** menu option).
- Touch the Map Feature Button with the desired identifier displayed (refer to 3) 'Map Panning' in the Overview Section for more information). The weather information is displayed.

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Button

METAR Selected

🚯 Map	😤 🛯 👷 🖓 🗐 📌 1:134	Airport	
KINKS A	AND BE RANSAS CITY BUT TO BUT	KIXD Public Airport New Century Aircenter Olathe KS	
PAVLING .	SHAWNEES gtt RUXT Zoom In	NEW CENTURY AIRCENTER OLATHE, KS ASOS 135.325 MHz	Info Down
KIXD OI	1753Z 15007KT 105M	KIXD observation Jun 1 12:53 PM (20 minutes ago) Wind from 150° at 7 kt	Freg
	■ 32/21 A2989 338 ■ 10:010 - 10:01 0 - 10:00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Visibility 10 mi Sky clear Temperature 90°F / Dewpoint 70°F	
Referenced Control of		Altimeter 29.89" Density altitude 3300 ft	Runway
Weather Info	249: 4.5: W 094'53.418'	KIXD terminal forecast issued Jun 1 12:30 PM (43 minutes ago)	Weather S
KIXD META	R 1083: MSL Return	Fisher 1.66 PRE-	Back
_ Map /			
Feature—/	10/	f	

Weather Information

ACCESSING ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

In addition to airport and weather information, additional information for VORs, NDBs, Intersections, User Waypoints, Cities, ARTCCs, FSSs, and Airspace can be viewed using the Waypoint Information function, the Nearest function, or the Map Panning function.

A	ddit	iona	l Info	orma	tion				
	Airport	VOR	NDB	Intersection	User Wpt	City	ARTCC	FSS	Airspace
Identifier	+	+	+	+	+				
Frequency	+	+	+				+	+	+
Name	+	+	+	+	+				+
City	+	+	+			+			+
State	+	+	+			+			
Туре	+	+	+						
Morse Code		+	+						
Radial		+							
Region	+	+	+	+	+				
Bearing	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Distance	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Lat/Long	+	+	+	+	+	+			

Overview



A	ddit	iona	l Info	orma	tion		
Elevation (MSL)	+				+		
Fuel Available	+						
Time Zone (UTC Offset)	+						
Runway Information	+						
AOPA	+						
Weather	+						
Controlling Agency							+
Vertical Boundaries							+
Class							+

INTERSECTIONS

Intersection information can be viewed using the Waypoint Information function, the Nearest function, or the Map Panning function.

The Nearest Intersection function can be used to quickly find an intersection close to the flight path. The list only includes Intersections that are within 200nm. If there are no Intersections within the range, text indicating that there are no nearest intersections is displayed.

Select an intersection:

- From the Main Menu, touch Waypoint. 1)
- 2) Touch the Waypoint Identifier Field to begin entering the desired intersection. Refer to the Overview Section on 'Data Entry' for more information

Or:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Nearest.
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch INT.
- 3) Touch the desired intersection from the list.

Or:

- From the Main Menu, touch Map. 1)
- Touch the desired Intersection on the map. 2)

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Touch the Map Feature Button with the desired intersection displayed (refer 3) to the Overview Section on 'Map Panning' for more information). The intersection information is displayed.

NDBs

NDB information can be viewed using the Waypoint Information function, the Nearest function, or the Map Panning function.

The Nearest NDB function can be used to guickly find a NDB close to the flight path. The list only includes NDBs that are within 200nm. If there are no NDBs in the list, text indicating that there are no nearest NDBs is displayed.

Select an NDB:

- From the Main Menu, touch Waypoint. 1)
- 2) Touch the Waypoint Identifier Field to begin entering the desired NDB. Refer to the Overview Section on 'Data Entry' for more information. Or:
- From the Main Menu, touch Nearest. 1)
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch NDB.
- Touch the desired NDB from the list. 3) Or:
- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map**. 1)
- 2) Touch the desired NDB on the map.
- 3) Touch the Map Feature Button with the desired NDB displayed (refer to the Overview Section on 'Map Panning' for more information). The intersection information is displayed.

VORs

VOR information can be viewed using the Waypoint Information function, the Nearest function, or the Map Panning function.

The Nearest VOR function can be used to guickly find a VOR close to the flight path. The list only includes VORs that are within 200nm. If there are no VORs in the list, text indicating that there are no nearest VORs is displayed.

Navigation



Localizer information cannot be viewed for the VOR. If a VOR station is combined with a TACAN station it is listed as a VORTAC, and if it includes only DME it is displayed as VOR-DME.

Select an VOR:

- From the Main Menu, touch Waypoint. 1)
- Touch the Waypoint Identifier Field to begin entering the desired VOR. 2) Refer to the Overview Section on 'Data Entry' for more information.

Or:

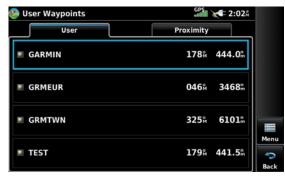
- From the Main Menu, touch Nearest. 1)
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch **VOR**. 2)
- 3) Touch the desired VOR from the list.

Or[.]

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map**. 1)
- Touch the desired VOR on the map. 2)
- 3) Touch the Map Feature Button with the desired VOR displayed (refer to the Overview Section on 'Map Panning' for more information). The intersection information is displayed.

USER WAYPOINTS

The aera 660 can create and store up to 3,000 user-defined waypoints. Once a waypoint has been created, it can be renamed, deleted, or moved.



User Waypoints

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Creating user waypoints:

- To create a new user waypoint at the current location or using the Map 1) Pointer[.]
 - a) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > User Waypoints > Menu.
 - b) Touch Create Waypoint.

Or:

- a) With a map displayed, touch an empty area without any map features.
- **b)** Touch the Map Feature Button.
- c) Touch Save.

Or:

- a) From the Main Menu, touch GPS Info > Position Tab > Menu.
- **b)** Touch **Mark Waypoint**.
- Enter the desired user waypoint name (up to 10 characters) and touch 2) Enter. Refer to the Overview Section on 'Data Entry' for more information.
- If changing the User Waypoint settings (symbol, altitude, location, or 3) reference waypoints) continue with Step 4.
- If desired, touch the **Symbol** Field to change the symbol that will appear 4) on the map.
 - **a)** Touch the desired symbol.
 - **b)** Touch **OK**.

	GPS		GLONASS		Ref. Wpts	Pd		Select	Symbol		SS
58 179 WO	Edit Way	ypoint				N 38*57. From					-
	Name NEW WAYPOIN	NT	Symbol III				,0			*	
	itude 001:	Location N 39'00 W 094'43				KTOF		*			
29-AUG	-17 14:19	N CEN I	USA	/		3		8	8		1

User Waypoint Symbols

- 5) If desired, touch the **Altitude** Field
 - **a)** Enter the desired altitude using the keypad or the +/- buttons. Refer to the Overview Section on 'Data Entry' for more information.
 - b) Touch Enter.

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Navigation



- 6) If desired, touch the **Location** Field.
 - a) Enter the desired latitude and longitude by touching the left/right arrows to move the cursor, and the up/down arrows to change the value.
 - b) Touch Enter.



User Waypoint Location

- If desired, touch the **Menu** Icon and touch 'Reference Waypoints' to enter a 7) bearing and distance from another waypoint or the bearing from two other waypoints to define a new waypoint location.
 - a) Touch the Waypoint Field(s) to enter the desired waypoint.
 - **b)** Touch the **Bearing** and/or **Distance** Fields to enter the desired values.
 - **c**) Touch **OK**.



Reference Waypoints

Selecting and viewing nearest user waypoints:

- From the Main Menu, touch Nearest. 1)
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch **User WPT**.
- 3) Touch the desired User Waypoint. The User Waypoint information is displayed.

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Editing or renaming a user waypoint:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **User Waypoints** > **User** Tab.
- Touch the desired User Waypoint. The option menu automatically displays. 2)
- 3) Touch Edit Waypoint.
- Touch the desired field to edit: 4)
 - a) Touch the Name Button.
 - **b)** Enter the desired user waypoint name (up to 10 characters). Refer to the Overview Section on 'Data Entry' for more information.

Or:

- a) Touch the **Symbol** Button.
- **b)** Touch the desired symbol.

Or:

- a) Touch the **Altitude** Button.
- **b)** Enter the desired altitude. Refer to the Overview Section on 'Data Entry' for more information.

Or:

- a) Touch the **Location** Button.
- **b)** Enter the desired latitude and longitude by touching the left/right arrows to move the cursor, and the up/down arrows to change the value
- Touch Enter. 5)

Deleting user waypoints:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **User Waypoints** > **User** Tab.
- Delete a single waypoint, delete all waypoints, delete by symbol or delete 2) by distance:
 - a) Touch the desired User Waypoint. The option menu automatically displays
 - b) Touch the 'Delete Waypoint' menu option. The confirmation window will appear.

Or:

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- a) Touch the Menu Icon.
- b) Touch the 'Delete All' menu option. The confirmation window will appear.

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Or:

- a) Touch the **Menu** lcon.
- b) Touch the 'Delete by Symbol' menu option.
- c) Touch the desired symbol to delete. The symbol will be highlighted blue.
- d) Touch the **OK** icon. The confirmation window will appear.

Or:

- a) Touch the **Menu** lcon.
- **b)** Touch the '**Delete by Distance**' menu option.
- If desired, touch the **From** Field and touch '**Current Location**' **c**) (default), 'Use Identifier', or 'Use Map' from the option menu.
- d) If desired, touch the 'Less Than/More Than' Button, and touch the **Distance** Field to enter the desired distance.
- e) Touch the **OK** icon. The confirmation window will appear.
- 3) Touch Yes.

CITIES

City information can be viewed using the Waypoint Information function, the Nearest function, or the Map Panning function.

The Nearest City function can be used to quickly find a city close to the flight path. The list only includes cities that are within 200nm. If there are no cities in the list, text indicating that there are no nearest cities is displayed.

Select a city:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Waypoint** > **Info** Tab. 1)
- 2) Touch the Waypoint Identifier Field.
- Touch **Find** > **Search City** Tab > **Search by City**. 3)
- 4) Enter the desired city using the keypad and touch **Enter**. Refer to the Overview Section on 'Data Entry' for more information.

Or:

- From the Main Menu, touch Nearest. 1)
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch City.
- Touch the desired Nearest City from the list. 3)

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Or:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map**.
- 2) Touch the desired city symbol on the map.
- Touch the Map Feature Button with the desired city displayed (refer to 3) the Overview Section on 'Map Panning' for more information). The city information is displayed.

ARTCC

ARTCC information can be viewed using the Nearest function.

The Nearest ARTCC function can be used to guickly find a ARTCC close to the flight path. The list only includes ARTCC that are within 200nm. If there are no ARTCCs in the list, text indicating that there are no nearest ARTCCs is displayed.

Select an ARTCC:

- From the Main Menu, touch Nearest. 1)
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch ARTCC.

FSS

FSS information can be viewed using the Nearest function.

The Nearest FSS function can be used to quickly find a FSS close to the flight path. The list only includes FSS that are within 200nm. If there are no FSSs in the list, text indicating that there are no nearest FSSs is displayed.

Select an FSS:

- From the Main Menu, touch Nearest. 1)
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch FSS. 2)

AIRSPACE

The Nearest Airspace function and Airspace Alerts provide information about airspaces and the location of the aircraft in relationship to them. The Nearest Airspace function can be used to quickly find airspaces close to the flight path.

The Nearest Airspace function displays the class of airspace, controlling agency, vertical boundaries, and status.



Selecting and viewing nearest airspaces:

- From the Main Menu, touch Nearest. 1)
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch **Airspace**. 2)
- 3) Touch the desired airspace from the list. The airspace information is displayed.
- 4) If desired, touch 'Frequencies' to view frequencies associated with that airspace.

alli 🗶 2:474	200	+ Neares		GPS 2:474
	Up	Montao	Class B Airspace	
	Down	Inside Airs	San Diego 00:24 ahead, Less than 2 n	m away
	Airspace	San Die 00:24 shear	Controlling Agency -	
	-D+ Direct To	San Die	Freq	uencles
		01:09 ahear	Vertical Boundaries - Surface to 10000ft MSL	
	P			
	Si x 2:474	Airspace	Ban Die Down Barber Down Barbe	Up Montgo Class & Airspace Down estide Airs San Diego Olivet Te San Dieg O0:24 ahead, Less than 2 n Direct Te San Dieg Controlling Agency Direct Te San Dieg Social App Direct Te San Dieg Surface to 10000ft MSL

Nearest Airspace

AIRSPACE ALERT MESSAGES

If airspace alarms are set to 'On' (default is 'Off'), the aera 660 will display a message which includes the airspace name, time to entry (if applicable), and status. Touch the message to acknowledge it.

There are four types of status information:

- Ahead—Projected to enter the airspace within the next 10 minutes or less
- Near—Within two nautical miles of an airspace but not projected to enter it.
- Near & Ahead—Project to enter the airspace within two nautical miles.
- Inside Airspace—Within the boundaries of the airspace.

Airspace alert setup:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Airspace**. 1)
- Touch the desired **On/Off** Button(s). 2)





Airspace Alert Message

SMART AIRSPACETM

Smart Airspace shows airspace at and immediately surrounding the aircraft's current altitude in bold. Airspaces at all other altitudes are de-emphasized.





Smart Airspace setup:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up**. 1)
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch **Airspace**. 2)
- Touch the 'Smart Airspace' **On/Off** Button. 3)



AIRSPACE ALTITUDE LABELS

Airspace labels are displayed on any airspace visible on the Navigation Map, worldwide. With Smart Airspace configured, the labels are deemphasized when appropriate. Range visibility and label size are configured under the 'Airspace' Map Setup Menu.

Airspace altitude label setup:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up**. 1)
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch **Airspace**.
- Touch the **Down** Button to view the **Altitude Labels** configuration 3) options.
- Select the desired range visibility and/or text size. 4)





TH-HAD	Other/ADIZ			Up
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ROOL CANERS	1000			Airspa
SAL	Medium Text 👻	Auto		
	Smart Airspace			Men
NY A	1 an	Off	On	-

Airspace Altitude Labels (Map Page)

Airspace Altitude Labels (Map Setup Page)

2.6 DIRECT-TO NAVIGATION

The Direct-to method of navigation, initiated by pressing the **Direct To** Icon is guicker to use than a flight plan when the desire is to navigate to a single point such as a nearby airport.

The **Direct To** Icon is available in the dedicated page icons on the right side of most pages.

Once a direct-to is activated, the aera 660 establishes a point-to-point course line from the present position to the selected direct-to destination. Course guidance is provided until the direct-to is replaced with a new direct-to or flight plan, or cancelled.

Appendices







Entering a direct-to destination:

- When available, touch the **Direct To D** lcon. 1)
- 2) Touch the Flight Plan, Nearest, or Recent Tab.
- Touch the desired waypoint. 3)
- Touch Activate. 4)
- Or:
- 1) When available, touch the **Direct To D** lcon.
- 2) From the Waypoint Tab, touch Select Waypoint.
- 3) Enter a waypoint identifier using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Or[.]

- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Recent, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan, or User Tab.
- **c)** Touch the desired waypoint.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- **b)** Touch the **Search Name** Tab.
- c) Touch Search by Facility Name.
- **d)** Enter the desired Facility Name using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter.

Or:



- a) Touch Find.
- **b)** Touch the **Search City** Tab.
- c) Touch Search by City.
- **d)** Enter the desired City using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter.
- Touch Activate. 4)

Selecting a nearby airport as a direct-to destination:

- From the Main Menu, touch Nearest. 1)
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon, and touch Airport. 2)
- 3) Touch the desired nearest airport.
- 4) Touch **Direct To D**►.
- 5) Touch Activate.

Selecting a waypoint as a direct-to destination using the pointer:

- With a map displayed, activate the map pointer by touching the desired 1) waypoint. If no airport, NAVAID, or User Waypoint exists at the desired location, a temporary waypoint named 'Map Pointer' is automatically created at the location of the map pointer.
- 2) Touch **Direct Đ►**.
- 3) Touch Activate.

Cancelling a direct-to:

- While navigating a Direct To Flight Plan, touch the **Direct To D** lcon. 1)
- 2) Touch Stop Navigation.

SECTION 3 FLIGHT PLANNING

3.1 INTRODUCTION

GARMIN

Flight planning on the aera 660 consists of building a flight plan by entering waypoints one at a time and inserting approaches as needed. The flight plan is displayed on maps using different line widths, colors, and types, based on the type of leg and the segment of the flight plan currently being flown.

Up to 50 flight plans with up to 300 waypoints each can be created and stored in memory. One flight plan can be activated at a time and becomes the active flight plan. The active flight plan is erased when the destination is reached and the system is turned off. When storing flight plans with an approach, the aera 660 uses the waypoint information from the current database to define the waypoints. If the database is changed or updated, the aera 660 automatically updates the information if the procedure has not been modified. If an approach is no longer available, the procedure is deleted from the affected stored flight plan(s), and an alert is displayed.

Whenever an approach is loaded into the active flight plan it replaces the destination airport with a sequence of waypoints for the selected approach. The airport must have a published instrument approach and only the final course segment (usually from final approach fix to missed approach point) of the published approach is available in the aera 660.

DATA FIELDS

The Active and Saved Flight Plan Data Fields can be changed by touching the Data Field Buttons at the top of the flight plan.

Changing the information shown in the flight plan data fields:

- From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan. 1) Or:
 - a) From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List.
 - **b)** Touch the desired Saved Flight Plan from the list. An option menu appears.
 - c) Touch Edit.

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Flight Planning

- Touch the desired Data Field Button at the top of the Flight Plan. 2)
- Touch to select the desired Data Field from the list. The currently selected 3) Data Field is outlined blue.
- 4) If desired, repeat Steps 2-3 for the remaining Data Fields.

KCRQ-KMRY 4:454			A	Select Data Field					
Plan Fuel Plan Spd 8.0% 1201	Leg ETE	Leg Dist	Leg ETE	Up Cumulative Distance	Cumulative ETE	Cumulative Fuel	Estimated Time of Arrival	Leg Desired Track	
KCRQ MC Clellan Palomar		ĥ		Downm	Leg	Leg	:A	METAR at	
* KSBA Santa Barbara Mun	01:14	150%	01:14	Distance	етё :	Fuel	Safe Altitude	Waypoint	
* KMRY Monterey Regional	01:21	1621	01:21	Menu Sunrise at Waypoint	Sunset at Waypoint				
Total	02:36	3122	02:36	Back					

Flight Plan Data Fields

3.2 FLIGHT PLAN CREATION

The active flight plan is the flight plan to which the aera 660 is currently providing guidance, and is shown on the navigation maps. Stored flight plans are flight plans available for activation (becomes the active flight plan).



Active Flight Plan



Creating an active flight plan:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan.
- Touch Add Waypoint. 2)
- 3) Enter a waypoint identifier using the keypad and touch **Enter**. Or:
 - a) Touch Find.
 - b) Touch the Recent, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan, or User Tab.
 - **c)** Touch the desired waypoint.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- **b)** Touch the **Search Name** Tab.
- c) Touch Search by Facility Name.
- **d)** Enter the desired Facility Name using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Search City Tab.
- c) Touch Search by City.
- **d)** Enter the desired City using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter.
- If duplicate entries exist for the entered facility name or location, duplicate 4) waypoints are displayed. Touch the desired waypoint from the list.
- 5) Repeat Steps 2-4 to enter each additional waypoint.

Creating a stored flight plan:

- From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List > Menu > New Flight 1) Plan
- Touch Add Waypoint. 2)
- Enter a waypoint identifier using the keypad and touch **Enter**. 3) Or:

Flight Planning



- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Recent, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan, or User Tab.
- **c)** Touch the desired waypoint.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Search Name Tab.
- c) Touch Search by Facility Name.
- **d)** Enter the desired Facility Name using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- **b)** Touch the **Search City** Tab.
- c) Touch Search by City.
- **d)** Enter the desired City using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter.
- 4) If duplicate entries exist for the entered facility name or location, duplicate waypoints are displayed. Touch the desired waypoint from the list.
- Repeat Steps 2-4 to enter each additional waypoint. 5)

ADDING WAYPOINTS TO AN EXISTING FLIGHT PLAN

Waypoints can be added to the active flight plan or any stored flight plan. Choose the flight plan, select the desired point of insertion, enter the waypoint, and it is added in front of the selected waypoint. Flight plans are limited to 300 waypoints (including approach waypoints).

Adding a waypoint to an active or stored flight plan:

- With an active or saved flight plan displayed, touch the desired point of 1) insertion. An option menu will appear.
- Touch Insert Before or Insert After. 2)
- 3) Enter a waypoint identifier using the keypad and touch **Enter**. Or:

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- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Recent, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan, or User Tab.
- **c)** Touch the desired waypoint.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- **b)** Touch the **Search Name** Tab.
- c) Touch Search by Facility Name.
- **d)** Enter the desired Facility Name using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- **b)** Touch the **Search City** Tab.
- c) Touch Search by City.
- **d)** Enter the desired City using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter.
- If duplicate entries exist for the entered facility name or location, duplicate 4) waypoints are displayed. Touch the desired waypoint from the list.

Loading an approach procedure into a stored flight plan:

An Approach Procedure can be loaded at any airport that has an approach available. Only one approach can be loaded at a time in a flight plan. The route for a selected approach is defined by designating transition waypoints.

- With an active or saved flight plan displayed, touch the **Menu** lcon 1)
- 2) Touch Select Approach.
- Touch **v** to display a list of approaches. 3)
- Touch the desired approach. The designated transition waypoints are 4) added to the flight plan.
- If desired, touch Load Approach, Activate Approach, or Activate 5) Vectors-to-Final.



TRANSFERRING FLIGHT PLANS USING CONNEXT

The aera 660 can share flight plans with other devices using Connext, such as other Garmin portables, panel mount navigators, and the Garmin Pilot app on iPad and Android tablets. Once paired over Bluetooth, the user can decide how flight plans are shared between devices. From the Main Menu, go to Tools > Setup > Connext to configure the aera 660's flight plan sharing behavior.

	No Transfer	Ignore received flight plans
Incoming Flight Plan	Require Action	Display a popup to confirm receiving a flight plan
Mode	Automatic	Automatically update active flight plan with changes from other devices
Outgoing	Require Action	Only send flight plans from Active Flight Plan page
Flight Plan Mode	Automatic	Automatically send active flight plan to connected devices as it updates

In the case that the aera 660 didn't receive a flight plan update when expected to, the aera can request the most recent flight plan from the connected equipment. To pull an active flight plan from the connected equipment, go to **Man Menu** > **Active** Flight Plan > Connext > Load FPL.



Pulling Flight Plan From Connected Device



All flight plan transfers will send or update the aera 660's active flight plan, unless a Direct-to destination is active. While navigating to a Direct-to destination, the aera 660 will send flight plan updates as long as Outgoing Flight Plan Mode is set to Require Action or Automatic. Note that the aera 660 can send Direct-to destinations to other portable devices and the Garmin Pilot app; Direct-to destinations can't be sent to panel-mount navigators over Connext.

When receiving Direct-to destinations, the aera 660 will use the Incoming Flight Plan Mode setting. Require Action will update only the Direct To page, but not start navigation. Automatic will automatically receive the destination and start direct-to navigation.



Receiving a Flight Plan While Set to Require Action

3.3 FLIGHT PLAN STORAGE

The aera 660 can store up to 50 flight plans. The active flight plan is erased when another flight plan is activated. Details about each stored flight plan can be viewed using the Flight Plan List function.

Viewing information about a stored flight plan:

- From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List. 1)
- Touch the desired saved flight plan. An option menu is displayed. 2)
- 3) Touch Edit.



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Flight Plan List	+06UU (- 0:14M
	Distance	ESA
KCRQ-KMRY	312≞	11100
којс-кмсі	27≞	3200
KPSP-KSBA	170 ^m	13700

Flight Plan List

Storing an active flight plan:

- With the Active Flight Plan displayed, touch **Menu**. 1)
- 2) Touch Save Copy. A confirmation window appears.
- Touch Yes. A copy of the flight plan is stored in the next available position 3) in the Flight Plan List.

3.4 FLIGHT PLAN ACTIVATION

Activating a stored flight plan erases the active flight plan and replaces it with a copy of the flight plan being activated. Inverting a stored flight plan reverses the waypoint order, erases the active flight plan, and replaces it with the flight plan being activated (the stored flight plan is not changed).

Activating a stored flight plan:

- From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List. 1)
- Touch the desired saved flight plan. An option menu is displayed. 2)
- 3) Touch **Activate**. A confirmation window appears.
- Touch Yes. 4)

Activating a Flight Plan Leg:

- From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan. 1)
- While navigating an active flight plan, touch the desired leg to be activated. 2) An option menu automatically appears.
- Touch Activate Leg. 3)
- 4) Touch Yes.

EDITING SPEED AND FUEL FLOW

Adjusting the Flight Plan cruise speed and fuel flow:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List.
- 2) Touch the desired saved flight plan. An option menu is displayed.
- 3) Touch Edit.

GARMIN

4) Touch **Plan Fuel** and/or **Plan Spd** Fields to enter the desired value using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Or:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan.
- 2) Touch **Plan Fuel** and/or **Plan Spd** Fields to enter the desired value using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

If **Plan Fuel** or **Plan Spd** aren't present in the Active Flight Plan page, it's necessary to change the page's data fields to show fuel and speed related variables. Selecting Cumulative Fuel or Leg Fuel data fields will show the **Plan Fuel** value. Selecting Cumulative ETE, Cumulative Fuel, Estimated Time of Arrival, Leg ETE, or Leg Fuel data fields will show the **Plan Spd** value.

Editing these values in the Flight Plan List or Active Flight Plan pages will apply to flight plans until the aera 660 unit is powered off. In order to edit these values permanently, go to **Main Menu** > **Tools** > **Profile**.



Flight Plan Fuel Flow and Cruise Speed on Active Flight Plan Page



COPYING FLIGHT PLANS

The aera 660 allows copying a flight plan into a new flight plan memory slot, allowing editing, etc., without affecting the original flight plan. This can be used to duplicate an existing stored flight plan for use in creating a modified version of the original stored flight plan.

Copying a stored flight plan:

- From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List and touch the desired Flight 1) Plan.
- Touch **Copy** > **Yes**. 2)

DELETING FLIGHT PLANS

Individual or all stored flight plans can be deleted from the aera 660 memory.

Deleting a stored flight plan:

- From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List and touch the desired Flight 1) Plan.
- Touch **Delete** > **Yes**. 2)

Deleting all stored flight plans:

From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List > Menu > Delete All > Yes.

NOTE: The changes made to the active flight plan affect navigation as soon as they are entered. Editing the active flight plan does not affect any saved flight plans. Waypoints in the final approach segment (such as the FAF or MAP) can not be deleted individually.

Deleting the Active Flight Plan:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Active Flight Plan** > **Menu** > **Stop** Navigation.

Deleting an individual waypoint from the active flight plan:

- From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan. 1)
- While navigating an active flight plan, touch the waypoint to be deleted. 2) An option menu appears.
- 3) Touch **Remove** > **Yes**.

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Deleting an individual waypoint from a saved flight plan:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List.
- 2) Touch the desired saved flight plan. An option menu is displayed.
- 3) Touch Edit.
- Touch the desired waypoint to be deleted. An option menu appears. 4)
- 5) Touch **Remove** > **Yes**

INVERTING A FLIGHT PLAN

Any flight plan may be inverted (reversed) for navigation back to the original departure point.

Inverting the active flight plan:

From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan > Menu > Invert > Yes.

3.5 APPROACHES

WARNING: The aera 660 is not designed to be independently used for flight into instrument meteorological conditions (IMC) or other conditions in which aircraft control is based solely upon flight instruments. The approaches provided are for monitoring purposes only. Only the final course segment (final approach fix (FAF) to missed approach point (MAP)) of the published approach is available for monitoring.

An approach can be loaded at any airport that has one available, and provides guidance for non-precision and precision approaches to airports with published instrument approach procedures. Only one approach can be loaded at a time in a flight plan. If an approach is loaded when another approach is already in the active flight plan, the new approach replaces the previous approach. Only the final course segment (Final Approach Fix (FAF) to Missed Approach Point (MAP)) of the published approach is available for monitoring.

Whenever an approach is selected the aera 660 automatically activates the approach. The procedure is added to the end of the flight plan and immediately begins to provide guidance to the first waypoint in the approach.

Flight Planning



	Fli	ght Plan Opti	ons	Leg ETE				
♦ K3 54	Flight Plan List	Edit on Map	Stop Navigation		5	ILS 28R RNAV 28R		
ф К М	Save Copy	Resume Flight Plan	Set OBS and Hold		- RW28R Navald MYF 11	1.705		
	Select Approach	Invert			Load Approach	Activate	Activate Vectors-to-Final	



SELECTING AN APPROACH

When selecting an approach, it replaces the destination airport with the sequence of waypoints for the selected approach. Keep in mind that the airport must have a published approach (GPS, RNAV, VOR, NDB, localizer, or ILS) and only the final course segment (final approach fix to missed approach point) of the published approach is available in the aera 660. If the airport does not have a published approach, the 'Select Approach' menu option is not available.

An approach can be selected using the Direct-to, Active Flight Plan, and the Saved Flight Plan functions.

Selecting an approach from the active or saved flight plan:

From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan. 1)

Or:

- a) From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List.
- **b)** Touch the desired Flight Plan from the list. An option menu appears.
- c) Touch Edit.
- With the flight plan displayed, touch **Menu**. 2)
- 3) Touch **Select Approach** (only available if the destination airport has a published approach).
- 4) Touch **v** to display a list of approaches.
- 5) Touch the desired approach.
- 6) Touch Load Approach, Activate Approach, or Activate Vectors-to-**Final**. The designated transition waypoints are added to the flight plan.

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Selecting an approach using the Direct To function:

- 1) Touch the **Direct To** Icon.
- 2) Touch the **Menu** lcon.
- 3) Touch **Select Approach** (only available when navigating a flight plan.
- Touch **v** to display a list of approaches. 4)
- 5) Touch the desired approach.
- Touch Load Approach, Activate Approach, or Activate Vectors-to-6) Final. The designated transition waypoints are added to the flight plan.

Resuming the Flight Plan after activating an approach:

Whenever an approach is selected and activated the procedure is added to the end of the flight plan and the aera 660 immediately begins to provide guidance to the first waypoint in the approach. Follow the steps below to resume the flight plan after activating the approach.

From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan. 1) Or:

Touch the **Direct To** Icon.

- With a flight plan and an approach activated, touch the **Menu** lcon. 2)
- Touch Resume Flight Plan. 3)

Removing an approach:

1) From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan.

Or:

- a) From the Main Menu, touch Flight Plan List.
- **b)** Touch the desired Flight Plan from the list. An option menu appears.
- c) Touch Edit.
- With the flight plan displayed, touch **Menu**. 2)
- Touch **Remove** (only available if an approach is loaded). 3)



ACTIVATING VECTORS-TO-FINAL

After an approach has been activated, the 'Activate Vectors-to-Final' menu option is used when being vectored to the final approach course by Air Traffic Control (ATC).

When Vectors-to-Final are activated, the aera 660 creates an extension of the final course, beyond the final approach waypoint in the database (final approach fix [FAF]). A Vector to Final symbol appears beside the first approach waypoint in the Active Flight Plan.

Activating/Cancelling Vectors-to-Final:

From the Main Menu, touch Active Flight Plan. 1)

- While navigating an Active Flight Plan (with an approach activated), touch 2) the Menu Icon.
- **3)** Touch the active approach.

Touch Activate Vectors-to-Final or Cancel Vectors-to-Final. 4)



a 3:374 120

Final Course

Extension

Vectors-to-Final (Active Flight Plan)

Vectors-to-Final (Map)

The aera 660 provides no guidance to the inbound course. The course deviation needle on the graphic HSI remains off-center until established on the final approach course. The map shows an extension of the final approach course using a bold magenta line.

If Vectors-to-Final are not activated, the aera 660 creates a straight-line course directly to the first waypoint in the approach.

Loading the approach cancels the Direct-to and initiates a route to the FAF.

Appendices

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SECTION 4 HAZARD AVOIDANCE

4.1 WEATHER

WEATHER DATA SOURCES

When multiple weather information sources are detected, the weather data source options are available. There are four possible options available for selection through the Setup Page or Weather Page; Auto, SiriusXM, GDL FIS-B, and Internet. The default selection is 'Auto.' Data from the selected weather source will apply to all weather shown on the Map Page, Waypoint Page, Weather Page, Nearest Page, and configurable data fields.

Selecting the weather data source:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch the Weather > Menu > Data Source.
- 2) Touch the desired weather source (Auto, SiriusXM, GDL FIS-B, or Internet).

Or:

Т

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Weather.
- 2) Touch the desired weather source (Auto, SiriusXM, GDL FIS-B, or Internet).

USING WEATHER PRODUCTS

WARNING: Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.

WARNING: Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the datalink weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.

Weather Products can be displayed on the Navigation Map Page and individually on the Weather Page.



The setup menu for the Navigation Map controls the map range settings above which weather products are decluttered from the display. If a map range larger than the weather product map range setting is selected, the weather product data is removed from the map. For weather products such as Lightning and Storm Cells, the weather product is displayed when a map range "smaller" than the weather product map range setting is selected (Cloud Tops works inversely, displaying when a map range 'larger' than the setting is selected). The menu also provides a means for enabling/ disabling display of weather products on the Navigation Map.

Additional information about many of the weather products can be displayed by touching the object on the map.

Viewing Weather products on the Navigation Map:

- 1) From the Main Menu touch the Map Icon.
- 2) Touch the **Menu** lcon.
- 3) Touch the **Weather** button.

Viewing Weather products on the Weather Map:

- 1) From the **Main Menu** touch the **Weather** Icon.
- 2) Touch **Products**.
- Touch the desired weather product(s). 3)

Viewing legends for displayed weather products:

1) From the Main Menu, touch Map.

Or:

- a) From the Main Menu, touch Weather.
- **b)** Touch the Dedicated Page Icon and touch the desired weather data.
- 2) Touch Menu.
- 3) Touch Weather Legend.
- 4) If desired, touch the **Second** buttons until the desired legend is displayed.

Animating weather:

With weather enabled and radar displayed, from the Main Menu, touch Map or Weather > Menu > Animate Weather.

SIRIUSXM® WEATHER

GARMIN



NOTE: The displayed weather products are dependant on the SiriusXM Weather Data Service Package purchased.

The following SiriusXM devices can be used to display SiriusXM weather:

Compatible SiriusXM Devices

GDL 51/51R

GDL 52/52R

ACTIVATING SERVICES

Before SiriusXM Satellite Weather can be used, the service must be activated. Service is activated by providing SiriusXM Satellite Radio with a Radio ID unique to the compatible SiriusXM device.

SiriusXM Satellite Radio uses the Radio ID to send an activation signal that allows the aera to display weather data and/or entertainment programming provided through the compatible SiriusXM device.

Refer to the compatible SiriusXM device Owner's Manual for more information on activating SiriusXM Satellite Radio.

SIRIUSXM WEATHER INFORMATION

- Radio ID—Eight-digit ID number used for activation.
- Service Level—SiriusXM Weather subscription plan purchased.
- Weather Products—List of weather features and age of weather data in minutes.

Accessing the Radio ID:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Data Link**.



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	🖹 Data Link Info	🛜 🖲 🖓 🖓 🐨 🐨 🐨	
	GDL 52		
	GPS Position	Valid (External)	1
	Battery		
	Pressure Data		Down
	Device Pressurization	Not Pressurized	
	Pressure Altitude	1194:	
	Barometric Pressure	28.65	
Radio	ADS-B In		
	Ground Uplink Signal	006	
	TIS-B Traffic Data	No Signal	
	Air-To-Air Traffic	Operating	
	SiriusXM		Menu
	Signal Quality		
Dadia	Service Level	Pilot Pro	
muulo	Radio ID	TEZ674M4	D 1-

Accessing the SiriusXM Radio ID

SIRIUSXM SATELLITE WEATHER PRODUCTS

RADAR

ID

NEXRAD (NEXt-generation RADar), is a network of multiple high-resolution Doppler radar sites that are operated by the National Weather Service (NWS). NEXRAD data provides centralized meteorological information for the continental United States and selected overseas locations. The maximum range of a single NEXRAD radar site is 250 nm. In addition to a wide array of services, the NEXRAD network provides important information about severe weather and air traffic safety.

NEXRAD data is not real-time. The lapsed time between collection, processing, and dissemination of NEXRAD images can be significant and may not reflect the current radar synopsis. Due to the inherent delays and the relative age of the data, it should be used for long-range planning purposes only. Never use NEXRAD data or any radar data to maneuver in or near areas of hazardous weather. Rather, use it in an earlywarning capacity of pre-departure and enroute evaluation.

Data from all the NEXRAD radar sites in the United States is shown. This data represents the base reflectivity from the individual radar sweeps. The display of the information is color-coded to indicate the weather severity level.

The display of radar coverage is always active when NEXRAD is selected. Areas where NEXRAD radar coverage is not currently available or is not being collected are indicated in gravish-purple. Radar capability exists in these areas, but it is not active or is off-line.



Radar Abnormalities

There are possible abnormalities regarding displayed NEXRAD images. Some, but not all, of those include:

- Ground clutter
- Strobes and spurious radar data
- Sun strobes, when the radar antenna points directly at the sun
- Military aircraft deploy metallic dust (chaff) which can cause alterations in radar scans
- Interference from buildings or mountains, which may cause shadows

Radar Limitations

Certain limitations exist regarding the NEXRAD radar displays. Some, but not all, are listed for the user's awareness:

- NEXRAD does not provide sufficient information to determine cloud layers or precipitation characteristics (hail vs. rain). For example, it is not possible to distinguish between wet snow, wet hail, and rain.
- NEXRAD base reflectivity is sampled at the minimum antenna elevation angle. An individual NEXRAD site cannot depict high altitude storms at close ranges, and has no information about storms directly over the site.
- The composite reflectivity is the maximum dBZ reflectivity from any of the reflectivity angles of the NEXRAD weather radar. (CONUS area only)

Radar Intensity

Colors are used to identify the different NEXRAD echo intensities (reflectivity) measured in dBZ (decibels of Z). "Reflectivity" (designated by the letter Z) is the amount of transmitted power returned to the radar receiver. The dBZ values increase as returned signal strength increases. Precipitation intensity is displayed using colors corresponding to the dBZ values.

Hazard Avoidance







Radar Data

CLOUD TOPS

Satellite observation of clouds is represented as temperature data, where colder tops are typically found at higher altitudes. This temperature data is transformed into cloud top height contours, indicating the height of the cloud top in 5,000 foot increments.

Weather Legend			
	Radar		Weather
Rain Mix			
Snow	Light	Heavy	
No Radar Co Cloud Tops	verage		SXM 4, -03-03 4114/1
	Low	High	Weather Info 0401 50.21 N 39-28.651 4 30 kft Top





Есно Торя

Echo Tops are derived from NEXRAD radar and indicate the highest altitude at which precipitation is falling. Echo Tops at or above the altitude you select are displayed, in 5,000 foot increments up to 70,000 ft. Echo Tops can be helpful in determining the severity of thunderstorms.



Echo Tops Data

Echo Tops Altitudes

Overview



WINDS ALOFT

Winds Aloft data shows the forecasted wind speed and direction at the surface and at selected altitudes.

Winds Aloft are displayed using wind barbs or a wind streamline depending on the selected range. The wind barbs indicate wind speed and direction. The wind streamline indicates wind direction with arrows.

The wind barbs always point in the direction that the wind is coming from. The wind speed is depicted using flags at the end of the wind barb. A short wind flag is 5 knots, a long wind flag is 10 knots, and a triangle flag is 50 knots.

ONAHA LINCOLN	Surface
KANSAS CITY ST. LQUIS	6000ft
WICHITA WILL WILL WILL WILL WILL WILL WILL WIL	9000ft
الله ماليه الله فالله مالله مالله مالله مالله ماله	12000ft
TULSA	1200010
Winds Aloft Data	Winds Aloft Altitudes
Winds Aloft Data	

50 kt 70 kt

Winds Streamlines



TEMPERATURES ALOFT



Overview

Appendices Additional Features Hazard Avoidance

💎 Weather		🗇 Weather	SEA 2:534
< 12000ft ►	HICAGO TOLEDO	6000ft	1 137'E 137'E 1000'E
LINCOLN	PORT WAYNE PITTSBURGH PHI	9000ft	FORT WAYNE PITTEBURGH PH
46°F +39*F +45°F	HASTER HASTER WASHING	12000ft	
+46*5	+35'F +39'F GREENSBORD D+	18000ft	HISTORY HISTORY
52'F +48'F	MENEPHIS CHARLOTTE Direct To	24000ft	CHURLIS CHURLOTTE
DALLAS	MACON Menu SAVANNAH Menu	30000ft	HALCON SAVANINAM
a transmitted and the second		2400.00	The second

freezing and shades of orange are used for warmer temperatures.

Temperature Aloft data shows the forecasted temperatures aloft in 3,000-foot increments up to 39,000 feet MSL. For altitudes 18,000 feet and above the relative ISA temperature is shown. Temperatures are color coded with temperatures near and below freezing are shown as shades of blue, green for temperatures just above

Temperatures Aloft Data

Temperatures Aloft Altitudes

LIGHTNING

Lightning data shows the approximate location of cloud-to-ground lightning strikes. A strike icon represents a strike that has occurred within a two-kilometer region and within the last seven minutes. The exact location of the lightning strike is not displayed.



Lightning Data



STORM CELLS

The Storm Cells feature displays storms as well as the storm's projected path in the immediate future.

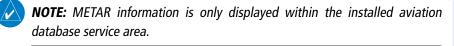
The direction of the storm is displayed by an arrow. The map range at which the arrow is displayed depends on the storm cell's speed. The tip of the arrow indicates where the storm should be in 15 minutes. Critical information about the storm cell (tops and intensity) can be viewed by selecting the storm cell with the map pointer. Touching the Map Feature Button will display additional information.



Storm Cell Data (Map)

METARS AND TAFS

Additional Storm Cell Information



METAR (METeorological Aerodrome Report) is an international code used for reporting weather observations. METARs are updated hourly or as needed. METARs typically contain information about the temperature, dewpoint, wind, precipitation, cloud cover, cloud heights, visibility, and barometric pressure. They can also contain information on precipitation amounts, lightning, and other critical data. If METAR data is available for an airport, a color-coded flag is shown next to the airport.

TAF (Terminal Area Forecast) is the standard format for 24-hour weather forecasts. TAFs may contain some of the same code as METAR data. It typically forecasts significant weather changes, temporary changes, probable changes, and expected changes in weather conditions.

Map

Feature



An abbreviated METAR can be viewed by selecting the METAR flag with the map pointer. Touching the Map Feature Button will display additional information. METAR and TAF data can be displayed as raw or decoded text.



METAR Data (Map)

METAR

Selected with

Additional METAR Data

The METAR flag color is determined by the information in the METAR text.

- VFR (ceiling greater than 3000 feet AGL and visibility greater than 5 miles)
- Marginal VFR (ceiling 1000-3000 feet AGL and/or visibility 3-5 miles)
- IFR (ceiling 500 to below 1000 feet AGL and/or visibility 1 mile to less than 3 miles)
- Low IFR (ceiling below 500 feet AGL or visibility less than 1 mile)



METAR text does not contain adequate information to determine flight conditions



AIRMETs

An AIRMET (AIRmen's METeorological Information) can be especially helpful for pilots of light aircraft that have limited flight capability or instrumentation. An AIRMET must affect or be forecast to affect an area of at least 3,000 square miles at any one time. AIRMETs are routinely issued for six-hour periods and are amended as necessary due to changing weather conditions. AIRMETs are displayed as green (surface winds), magenta and red (IFR/mountain obscuration), orange (turbulence), or blue (icing) shaded areas on the map display.





Additional AIRMET Data

SIGMETs

A SIGMET (SIGnificant METeorological Information) advises of weather that is potentially hazardous to all aircraft. In the contiguous United States, the following items are covered: severe icing, severe or extreme turbulence, volcanic ash, dust storms, and sandstorms that lower visibility to less than three statute miles.

A Convective SIGMET is issued for the following conditions: thunderstorms, isolated severe thunderstorms, embedded thunderstorms, hail at the surface, and tornadoes.

A SIGMET is widespread and must affect or be forecast to affect an area of at least 3,000 square miles. SIGMETs are displayed as a yellow-dashed line.



TEMPORARY FLIGHT RESTRICTIONS (TFR)

Overview

Navigation

NOTE: Do not rely solely upon data link services to provide Temporary Flight Restriction TFR information. Always confirm TFR information through official sources such as Flight Service Stations of Air Traffic Control.

Temporary Flight Restrictions, or TFRs, temporarily restrict all aircraft from entering the selected airspace unless a waiver has been issued. TFRs are routinely issued for activities such as sporting events, dignitary visits, military depots, and forest fires. TFRs are represented as an area highlighted by red (active) or yellow (not yet active).



TFR Data Selected

Additional TFR Information

PIREPs

Pilot Weather Reports (PIREPs) provide timely weather information for a particular route of flight. When significant weather conditions are reported or forecast, Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities are required to solicit PIREPs. A PIREP may contain unforecast adverse weather conditions, such as low in-flight visibility, icing conditions, wind shear, and turbulence. PIREPs are issued as either Routine (UA) or Urgent (UUA).

I	Icing PIREPs		Sky Condition PIREPs		furbulence PIREPs
Ø	Negative Icing	0	Unknown Sky Condition	Ø	Negative Turbulence or Smooth
	Trace Icing	0	Sky Clear		Light Turbulence
	Trace to Light Icing	0	Few Clouds		Light to Moderate Turbulence

GARMIN

Hazard Avoidance

I	cing PIREPs	Sky Condition PIREPs		Turbulence PIREPs		
Ψ	Light Icing	0	Scattered Clouds		Moderate Turbulence	
	Light to Moderate Icing	0	Broken Clouds		Moderate to Severe Turbulence	
	Moderate Icing	0	Overcast		Severe Turbulence	
	Moderate to Severe lcing	8	IMC		Extreme Turbulence	
	Severe lcing					

PIREP Icons

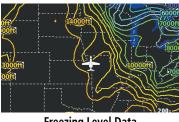


PIREP Selected

Additional PIREP Data

FREEZING LEVEL

Freezing Level shows contours for the lowest forecast altitude where icing conditions are likely to occur.

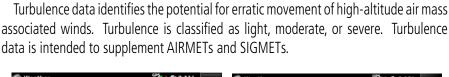


Freezing Level Data



Overview

Index



TURBULENCE FORECAST



Turbulence Selected

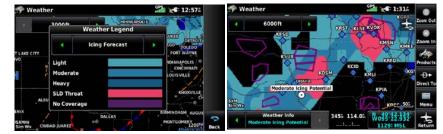
Turbulence Forecast Legend

ICING FORECAST (CIP & SLD)

Icing data depicts the current icing environment at select altitudes.

Current Icing Severity (CIS) is displayed in three categories: light, moderate, and heavy (not specific to aircraft type).

Supercooled Large Droplet (SLD) icing conditions are characterized by the presence of relatively large, super cooled water droplets indicative of freezing drizzle and freezing rain aloft.



Icing Forecast Legend

Moderate Icing Selected With Map Pointer





WEATHER FORECAST

Forecast information is available for current and forecast weather conditions. Forecasts are available for intervals of 12, 24, 36, and 48 hours.



Weather Fronts

Fronts Legend

SURFACE PRESSURE

Surface Pressure information is available for current and forecase weather conditions.

Surface Pressure forecasts are available for intervals of 12, 24, 36, and 48 hours.

This feature displays pressure isobars and pressure centers. The isobars connect points of equal pressure. Pressure readings can help determine weather and wind conditions. High pressure areas are generally associated with fair weather. Low pressure areas are generally associated with clouds and the chance of precipitation. Isobars that are packed closely together show a strong pressure gradient. Strong gradients are associated with areas of stronger winds. Pressure units can be displayed in Millibars (mb), Hectopascals (pa), or Inches of Mercury (in).



Surface Pressure Data

Overview

Navigation

Flight Planning



DATA LINK WEATHER (FIS-B)

FIS-B is a subscription-free weather service that is broadcast by Ground Based Transceivers (GBTs) over the 978 MHz UAT frequency band as part of the FAA's Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen). To receive FIS-B weather information, the compatible device must be within range and line-of-sight of an operating GBT. Reception may be affected by altitude, terrain, and other factors.

FIS-B Weather Product	Conne	ction
FIS-B weather Product	Bluetooth	RS-232
NEXRAD	\checkmark	\checkmark
Cloud Tops Forecast	\checkmark	
Winds and Temperatures Aloft	\checkmark	\checkmark
Lightning	\checkmark	
METARs/TAFs	\checkmark	\checkmark
TAFs	\checkmark	\checkmark
AIRMETs	\checkmark	\checkmark
SIGMETs	\checkmark	\checkmark
PIREPs	\checkmark	\checkmark
NOTAM (D)/FDC (Including TFRs)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Turbulence Forecast	\checkmark	
Icing Forecast	\checkmark	

Available FIS-B Weather Products by Connection

Index



Viewing FIS-B Weather product Status:

- From the Main Menu, touch Weather. 1)
- 2) Touch **Menu** > **More Info**.

Viewing Ground Station Status:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Data Link**.
- Touch Menu > Ground Stations. 2)

FIS-B WEATHER PRODUCTS

FIS-B weather broadcasts are updated regularly and may take approximately ten minutes to transmit all available weather data. Therefore, weather data is not immediately available. No pilot action is required to receive FIS-B weather information. Weather product status can be viewed on the dedicated Weather Page, or the Data Link Page from the Tools menu.

When a FIS-B weather product is active on a map, the age of the data is displayed on the screen in the lower left corner. The age of the product is based on the time difference between when the data was assembled on the ground and the current GPS time. Weather products are broadcast at specific intervals (see broadcast interval in the table below).

If, for any reason, a weather product is not refreshed within the Expiration Time intervals (see table), the data is considered expired and is removed from the display. This ensures that only data that is consistent with FIS-B broadcast data is displayed. If more than half of the expiration time has elapsed, the color of the product age displayed changes to yellow. The system displays dashes instead of a product age when a product has expired.

The table below shows the FIS-B weather expiration time and the broadcast interval. The broadcast interval represents the interval at which FIS-B GBTs broadcast new signals that may or may not contain new weather data. It does not represent the rate at which weather data is updated or new content is received by the compatible device.



Overview	FIS-B Products	Expiration Time	Update Interval (Minutes)	Broadcast Interval (Minutes)
	NEXRAD Composite Reflectivity (CONUS)	75 minutes	~5 minutes precipitation mode 10 minutes for clear air	15
Navigation	NEXRAD Composite Reflectivity (Regional)	75 minutes	As Available	2.5
Ż	Cloud Tops Forecast	105 minutes	1 hour	15
Flight Planning	Winds and Temperatures Aloft	12 hours	12 hours	10
Flight F	Lightning	75 minutes	5 minutes	5
Hazard Avoidance	METAR	8 hours	1 minute (where available), As Available otherwise	5
rd Avoi	TAF	12 hours	8 hours	10
Hazaı	AIRMET	12 hours	As Available	5
Additional Features	SIGMET	12 hours	As Available, then at 15 minute intervals for 1 hour	5
ional F	PIREP	4 hours	As Available	10
Addit	NOTAM (D)/FDC (Including TFRs)	12 hours	As Available	10
Appendices	Turbulence Forecast	105 minutes	1 hour	15
Appe	Icing Forecast	105 minutes	1 hour	15

Weather Product Timing

Radar

GARMIN

NEXRAD (NEXt-generation RADar), is a network of multiple high-resolution Doppler radar sites that are operated by the National Weather Service (NWS). NEXRAD data provides centralized meteorological information for the continental United States and selected overseas locations. The maximum range of a single NEXRAD radar site is 250 nm. In addition to a wide array of services, the NEXRAD network provides important information about severe weather and air traffic safety.

NEXRAD data is not real-time. The lapsed time between collection, processing, and dissemination of NEXRAD images can be significant and may not reflect the current radar synopsis. Due to the inherent delays and the relative age of the data, it should be used for long-range planning purposes only. Never use NEXRAD data or any radar data to maneuver in or near areas of hazardous weather.

Composite data from all the NEXRAD radar sites in the United States is shown. This data is composed of the maximum reflectivity from the individual radar sweeps. The display of the information is color-coded to indicate the weather severity level.

The display of radar coverage is always active when NEXRAD is selected. Areas where NEXRAD radar coverage is not currently available or is not being collected are indicated in grayish-purple on the NEXRAD weather page. Radar capability exists in these areas, but it is not active or is off-line.

Radar Abnormalities

There are possible abnormalities regarding displayed NEXRAD images. Some, but not all, of those include:

- Ground clutter
- Strobes and spurious radar data
- Sun strobes, when the radar antenna points directly at the sun
- Military aircraft deploy metallic dust (chaff) which can cause alterations in radar scans
- Interference from buildings or mountains, which may cause shadows
- Poor reception from Ground Based Transceivers (GBTs) can cause portions of the received radar imagery to not be displayed

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Radar Limitations

Certain limitations exist regarding the NEXRAD radar displays. Some, but not all, are listed for the user's awareness:

- NEXRAD base reflectivity does not provide sufficient information to determine cloud layers or precipitation characteristics (hail vs. rain). For example, it is not possible to distinguish between wet snow, wet hail, and rain.
- NEXRAD base reflectivity is sampled at the minimum antenna elevation angle. An individual NEXRAD site cannot depict high altitude storms at close ranges, and has no information about storms directly over the site.

Radar Intensity

Colors are used to identify the different NEXRAD echo intensities (reflectivity) measured in dBZ (decibels of Z). "Reflectivity" (designated by the letter Z) is the amount of transmitted power returned to the radar receiver. The dBZ values increase as returned signal strength increases. Precipitation intensity is displayed using colors corresponding to the dBZ values.



RADAR Legend

NEXRAD Data

Radar Products

FIS-B weather provides two different Radar products, CONUS and Regional. The system can display each individually or a composite (COMBINED). When Regional Radar is displayed, only precipitation for the current region is displayed. The subdued (grayish-purple colored) area represents the area not covered by the regional radar product. When Combined radar data is viewed, Regional Radar data is displayed on top of CONUS data and the time shown in the lower left corner is associated with Regional Radar data only.





FIS-B Radar CONUS

FIS-B Radar Regional



FIS-B Radar Combined

WINDS ALOFT

Winds Aloft data shows the forecasted wind speed and direction for select altitudes.

Winds Aloft are displayed using wind barbs. The wind barbs indicate wind speed and direction.

The wind barbs always point in the direction that the wind is coming from. The wind speed is depicted using flags at the end of the wind barb. A short wind flag is 5 knots, a long wind flag is 10 knots, and a triangle flag is 50 knots.



Winds Aloft Data

Winds Aloft Altitudes



Weather Legend Wind Less Than 5 kt 5 kt 10 kt 25 kt Ш 50 kt 70 kt Ш

Winds Aloft Legend

TEMPERATURES ALOFT

Temperature Aloft data shows the forecasted temperatures aloft for select altitudes. For altitudes above 18,000 feet, the relative ISA temperture is shown. Temperatures are color coded with temperatures near and below freezing are shown as shades of blue, green for temperatures just above freezing, and shades of orange are used for warmer temperatures.

👎 Weather	€ 🥵 🗶 3:474 🕘	🗇 Weather	Sill XC 2:534
4 12000ft >	MILWAUKEE DETROIT BUFFALO	6000ft	+37'F +37'F +37'F
омана	CHICAGO	9000ft	FORT WAYNE PITTSBURGH PH
DO SPRINGS	+39°F	12000ft	LOONSTON NICHING
•37'F		18000ft	+36'F +39'F catthings
OKLAHOMA CITY	EPHIS CHARLOTTE	24000ft	ENUTIS CHARLOTTE
DALLAS	ATLANTA Menu MONTGOMERY SAVANNAH	30000ft	ANCON EAVANING
	5	34000ft	1977 Hardennett 1200

Temperatures Aloft Data



CLOUD TOPS FORECAST

Cloud Tops Forecast data displays forecasted cloud top heights. Heights are indicated in 1,500 foot increments from 1,500 feet up to 15,000 feet and in 3,000 foot increments from 15,000 feet up to 24,000 feet.





Cloud Tops Forecast Data

Cloud Tops Forecast Legend

METARS AND TAFS

NOTE: METAR information is only displayed within the installed aviation database service area.

METAR (METeorological Aerodrome Report) is an international code used for reporting weather observations. METARs are updated hourly or as needed. METARs typically contain information about the temperature, dewpoint, wind, precipitation, cloud cover, cloud heights, visibility, and barometric pressure. They can also contain information on precipitation amounts, lightning, and other critical data. If METAR data is available for an airport, a color-coded flag is shown next to the airport.

TAF (Terminal Area Forecast) is the standard format for 24-hour weather forecasts. TAFs may contain some of the same code as METAR data. It typically forecasts significant weather changes, temporary changes, probable changes, and expected changes in weather conditions.

Abbreviated METAR text can be viewed by selecting the METAR flag with the map pointer. Touching the Map Feature Button will display additional information. METAR and TAF data can be displayed as raw or decoded text.

Overview

Inde





METAR Data (Map) Feature Button

Additional METAR Data

The METAR flag color is determined by the information in the METAR text.

-	VFR	Ceiling greater than 3000 feet AGL and visibility greater than 5 miles
•	Marginal VFR	Ceiling 1000-3000 feet AGL and/or visibility 3-5 miles
-	IFR	Ceiling 500 to below 1000 feet AGL and/or visibility 1 mile to less than 3 miles
	Low IFR	Ceiling below 500 feet AGL or visibility less than 1 mile
	Undetermined	METAR text does not contain adequate information to determine flight conditions

AIRMETs

An AIRMET (AIRmen's METeorological Information) can be especially helpful for pilots of light aircraft that have limited flight capability or instrumentation. An AIRMET must affect or be forecast to affect an area of at least 3,000 square miles at any one time. AIRMETs are routinely issued for six-hour periods and are amended as necessary due to changing weather conditions. AIRMETs are displayed as colored, dashed lines.

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SIGMETs

A SIGMET (SIGnificant METeorological Information) advises of weather that is potentially hazardous to all aircraft. In the contiguous United States, the following items are covered: severe icing, severe or extreme turbulence, volcanic ash, dust storms, and sandstorms that lower visibility to less than three statute miles.

A Convective SIGMET is issued for the following conditions: thunderstorms, isolated severe thunderstorms, embedded thunderstorms, hail at the surface, and tornadoes.

A SIGMET is widespread and must affect or be forecast to affect an area of at least 3,000 square miles. SIGMETs are displayed as a yellow-dashed line.

TEMPORARY FLIGHT RESTRICTIONS (TFR)

NOTE: Do not rely solely upon data link services to provide Temporary Flight Restriction TFR information. Always confirm TFR information through official sources such as Flight Service Stations of Air Traffic Control.

Temporary Flight Restrictions, or TFRs, temporarily restrict all aircraft from entering the selected airspace unless a waiver has been issued. TFRs are routinely issued for activities such as sporting events, dignitary visits, military depots, and forest fires. TFRs are represented as an area highlighted by red (active), yellow (not yet active), or orange (undetermined).





Pilot Weather Reports (PIREPs) provide timely weather information for a particular route of flight. When significant weather conditions are reported or forecast, Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities are required to solicit PIREPs. A PIREP may contain unforecast adverse weather conditions, such as low in-flight visibility, icing conditions, wind shear,

Overview

Button

PIREPs

~
-
e
<u> </u>
_
_

ar re	and turbulence. PIREPs are issued as either Routine (UA) or Urgent (UUA), and are represented as a small colored icon. The color and style of the icons signify the type and severity of the reported weather conditions.						
	Icing PIREPs Sky Condition PIREPs Turbulence PIREPs						
		cing PIREPs	Sky	Condition PIREPs		urbulence PIREPs	
	Ø	cing PIREPs	Sky	Condition PIREPs Unknown Sky Condition	Ø	Negative Turbulence or Smooth	

Sky Clear Trace Icing Light Turbulence Light to Moderate Trace to Light Δ Few Clouds Icing Turbulence U \bigcirc Scattered Clouds Δ Light Icing Moderate Turbulence Light to Moderate to Severe Broken Clouds Moderate Icing Turbulence Ψ Moderate Icing Severe Turbulence Overcast Moderate to 8 Extreme Turbulence IMC Severe Icing

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W

Severe Icing





TURBULENCE FORECAST

Turbulence data identifies the potential for erratic movement of high-altitude air mass associated winds. Turbulence is classified as light, moderate, severe, or extreme. Turbulence data is intended to supplement AIRMETs and SIGMETs.

🗇 Weather	GP3 X 2:10:	🛷 Weathe	r		GPS	2:10:
4 14000ft >	CASH DIRECT AVER LEARNING THE AVER	•	1400.064	Weather Legend	N Ed	- +
	a UIN US Ser COES Zoom In	DENVER	4	Turbulence Forecast		, IND
	HLV COU COU COU COU COU COU COU COU COU COU	COLORADO SE	Turbule		Extreme	······································
Sector Se	An Contraction And And And And And And And And And An	DUERQUE	No Cov	erage		NASHV APHIS
Weather Info Severe Turbulence	252# 2895: N 37'51.408' 22:16:10 945: MSL Return	FIS-B Sim Wx		DALLAS		BIRMEN 801 Back

Turbulence Selected

Turbulence Forecast Legend



ICING FORECAST

Icing Forecast data shows a graphical view of the forecasted icing environment. Icing severity is displayed in four categories: trace, light, moderate, and heavy (not specific to aircraft type).

Supercooled Large Droplet icing conditions are characterized by the presence of relatively large, super cooled water droplets indicative of freezing drizzle and freezing rain aloft.





Icing Forecast Legend

LIGHTNING

Lightning data shows the approximate location, number, and polarity of lightning strikes. A strike icon represents the amount of lightning strikes that have recently occurred within an approximately one-nautical-mile region. The exact location of the lightning strikes are not displayed. The strike icon indicates Polarity(+) if any of the strikes in that region were positive polarity.



👎 Weather		SP5 12:315	💏 Weathe	ir		GPS	12:324	
- New -	OMAHA	to Zeom Out		14	Weather Legend	1 24	1 5	
DENVER	KANSAS CITY	UND Zoom In	DENVER	4	Lightning		IND	
COLORADO SPRINGS	WICHITA	ST LOUIS	COLORADO SP	1 Strike	+		ouis Li	
	TULSAL	-⊕+		2-5 Strikes			NASHY	
IERQUE	OK AHOMA CITY		JUERQUE	Polarity(+)			aphis	
				No Covera	in the second	S.	DIRMIN	5
FIS-B Sim Wx	DALLAS	801 Return	FIS-B Sim Wx		DALLAS			Back

Lightning Data

Lightning Legend

INTERNET WEATHER

Internet weather is a subscription-free weather service proved by Garmin Weather Data Services. Garmin Weather Data Services requires a data connection through Wi-Fi (refer to section 1.6, 'WiFi Setup').

Viewing Internet Weather product Status:

- From the Main Menu, touch Weather. 1)
- 2) Touch **Menu** > **More Info**.

Weather Product Information		
Data Source	Internet	
Status	Connected	
METARs	-00:03	
NEXRAD (Composite)	-00:05	
TAFs	-00:15	

Internet Weather Product Information

INTERNET WEATHER PRODUCTS

Garmin Weather Data Services products include Radar, METAR, and TAF data.

To receive up-to-date weather information, the device must have access to a Wi-Fi data connection. However, once downloaded, some weather products will remain available for up to 90 minutes after connection to the Internet is lost.

RADAR

Weather radar data is collected from radar sites across the United States, Canada, and select overseas locations. It is combined into a mosaic for easier display and analysis.



The radar data displayed is not real-time. The lapsed time between collection, processing, and dissemination of radar images can be significant and may not reflect the current radar synopsis. Due to the inherent delays and the relative age of the data, it should be used for long-range planning purposes only. Never use radar data to penetrate hazardous weather. Rather, use it in an early-warning capacity for predeparture evaluation.

Composite data from radar sites in the United States is shown. This data is composed of the maximum reflectivity from the individual radar sweeps at different tilt angles of the radar beam with respect to the ground. The display of the information is color-coded to indicate the weather severity level. Colors are used to identify the different echo intensities (reflectivity) measured in dBZ (decibels or Z). "Reflectivity" (designated by the letter Z) is the amount of transmitted power returned to the radar receiver. The dBZ values increase as returned signal strength increases. Precipitation intensity is displayed using colors corresponding to the dBZ values.

Radar Abormalities

There are possible abnormalities regarding displayed radar images. Some, but not all, of those include:

- Ground clutter
- Strobes and spurious radar data
- Sun strobes (when the radar antenna points directly at the sun)
- Military aircraft deploy metallic dust (chaff) which can cause alterations in radar scans
- Interference from buildings or mountains, which may cause shadows

Radar Limitations

Certain limitations exist regarding radar displays. Some, but not all, are listed for the user's awareness:

• Surface precipitation type is estimated with shades of blue for snow and shades of pink for indeterminate types. The actual precipitation type aloft could vary.

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- Radar base reflectivity is sampled at the minimum antenna elevation angle. An individual radar site cannot depict high altitude storms at close ranges, and has no information about storms directly over the site.
- Radar coverage in Canada is only available in the southern 1/4 of the country.

Radar Intensity

Weather Legend Radar

Light

RADAR Legend

GARMIN

Rain

Snow Mix

~

Colors are used to identify the different radar echo intensities (reflectivity) measured in dBZ (decibels of Z). "Reflectivity" (designated by the letter Z) is the amount of transmitted power returned to the radar receiver. The dBZ values increase as returned signal strength increases. Precipitation intensity is displayed using colors corresponding to the dB7 values.

Heavy

METARS AND TAFS

No Radar Coverage

NOTE: METAR information is only displayed within the installed aviation database service area.

Radar Data

METAR (METeorological Aerodrome Report) is an international code used for reporting weather observations. METARs are updated hourly or as needed. METARs typically contain information about the temperature, dewpoint, wind, precipitation, cloud cover, cloud heights, visibility, and barometric pressure. They can also contain information on precipitation amounts, lightning, and other critical data. If METAR data is available for an airport, a color-coded flag is shown next to the airport.

TAF (Terminal Area Forecast) is the standard format for 24-hour weather forecasts. TAFs may contain some of the same code as METAR data. It typically forecasts significant weather changes, temporary changes, probable changes, and expected changes in weather conditions.



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An abbreviated version can be viewed by selecting the METAR flag with the map pointer. Touching the Map Feature Button will display additional information. METAR and TAF data can be displayed as raw or decoded text.



Overview

The METAR flag color is determined by the information in the METAR text.

•	VFR	Ceiling greater than 3000 feet AGL and visibility greater than 5 miles	
•	Marginal VFR	Ceiling 1000-3000 feet AGL and/or visibility 3-5 miles	
-	IFR	Ceiling 500 to below 1000 feet AGL and/or visibility 1 mile to less than 3 miles	
Low IFR		Ceiling below 500 feet AGL or visibility less than 1 mile	
	METAR text does not contain adequate information to determine flight conditions		

GARMIN **4.2 TERRAIN**

WARNING: Do not use Terrain information for primary terrain avoidance. Terrain information is intended only to enhance situational awareness.



NOTE: Terrain depicted in the Profile View is always "ahead" of the aircraft, and will change as ground track changes.

The Terrain function displays altitudes of terrain and obstructions relative to the aircraft position and altitude with reference to a database that may contain inaccuracies. Terrain and obstructions are shown only if they are in the database. Terrain and obstacle information should be used as an aid to situational awareness. They should never be used to navigate or maneuver around terrain.

Note that all obstructions may not be available in the terrain and obstacle database. No terrain and obstacle information is shown without a valid 3-D GPS position.

The aera 660 GPS receiver provides the horizontal position and altitude of the aircraft. Aircraft GPS altitude is derived from satellite position. GPS altitude is then converted to a mean sea level (MSL)-based altitude (GPS-MSL altitude) and is used to determine terrain and obstacle proximity. GPS-MSL altitude accuracy is affected by satellite geometry, but is not subject to variations in pressure and temperature that normally affect pressure altitude sensors. GPS-MSL altitude does not require local altimeter settings to determine MSL altitude. It is a widely-used MSL altitude source.

Terrain and obstacle databases are referenced to MSL. Using the GPS position and altitude, the Terrain feature portrays a 2-D picture of the surrounding terrain and obstacles relative to the position and altitude of the aircraft. GPS position and GPS-MSL altitude are used to calculate and predict the aircraft's flight path in relation to the surrounding terrain and obstacles. In this way, the pilot can view predicted dangerous terrain and obstacle conditions.

Alert windows appear to inform the pilot of proximity to the terrain and obstacles, as well as an unsafe descent rate. These alerts depend on user-defined parameters in the Terrain Setup.



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Two views are displayed by the Terrain function: the Map View, and the Profile View. The areas of the terrain shaded red are predicted to be within 100 feet below or above the aircraft. The yellow terrain areas are between the user-defined Caution Elevation and 100 feet below the aircraft. By default, the Caution Elevation is 1,000 feet; therefore, the areas in yellow are between 1,000 feet and 100 feet below the aircraft. The black areas are further than the Caution Elevation. A projected point of impact is marked with an "X" symbol.

OBSTACLE INFORMATION

Obstacles are shown on the Terrain Map View, at or below the map range of 12 nm. Obstacles are also shown on the Navigation Map when the map range is set to 5 nm or below.

Standard aeronautical chart symbols are used for lighted or unlighted obstacles taller than 200 feet Above Ground Level (AGL). Refer to the Obstacle Icons legend below.

When selecting an obstacle with the Map Pointer, each obstacle displays the altitude at the top of the obstacle, or Mean Sea Level (MSL). Each obstacle also lists the actual height of the obstacle, or Above Ground Level (AGL).

Unlighte	hted Obstacle Light		Obstacle Power		Potential	Obstacle
< 1000' AGL	> 1000' AGL	< 1000' AGL	> 1000' AGL	Lines	Impact Points	Location
		*			×	WARNING: Red obstacle is above or within 100' below current aircraft altitude
		*			×	CAUTION: Yellow obstacle is between 100' and 1000' below current aircraft altitude

Terrain Obstacle Colors and Symbology



MAP STATUS ICONS

These icons will appear in the upper right corner of the map to show what obstacles are represented on the map.

Description	Icon	
Point Obstacles such as buildings, towers, and radio masts	*	
Wire Obstacles such as power lines	海 五	
Terrain shading is active with valid GPS position	<u>~</u>	
Terrain shading is active with invalid GPS position	\mathbf{X}	

Map Status Icons

TERRAIN AND OBSTACLE COLOR CODE

Red-terrain or obstacle is above or within 100 feet below the aircraft.

Yellow—terrain or obstacle is between the user-defined Caution Elevation and 100 feet below the aircraft.

Enabling/Disabling Terrain Shading on the Navigation Map:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Map.
- 2) Touch Menu.
- 3) Touch Terrain.

TERRAIN VIEWS

Enabling/disabling profile view:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Terrain.
- 2) Touch Menu.
- 3) Touch Profile View.



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Potential Impact Point Terrain Legend rain Caution Terrain Profile View

Terrain

Obstacle

E 2:17

D-

Direct To

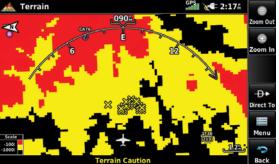
Menu

Retur

Red Terrain is above or within 100 ft below the aircraft.

Yellow Terrain is Between the Userdefined Caution Elevation and 100 ft Below the Aircraft





Terrain 'Map Only' View

TERRAIN ALERTS & SETUP

Enabling/Disabling terrain alerts:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Terrain.
- 2) Touch Menu.
- Touch Alerts to toggle between Enabled and Inhibited. 3)

Use the Terrain Setup Menu to set levels for terrain alerts as well as obstacles in or near the flight path.

- Caution Elevation—The aera 660 will provide an alert if the terrain or obstacle is within the default Caution Flevation or user-defined Caution Flevation
- Look Ahead Time—Determines the maximum time when an alert annunciation occurs. For example, if 120 seconds is selected, the aera 660 provides an alert up to 120 seconds before reaching the terrain or obstacle



 Alert Sensitivity—The three Alert Sensitivity settings (Terrain, Obstacle, and Descent Rate) determine what level of alerts are annunciated. The aera 660 defaults to 'High' sensitivity, which annunciates all red and yellow alerts at the time set in Look Ahead Time. 'Medium' sensitivity annunciates all of the red and the highest priority of yellow alerts. 'Low' only annunciates red alerts. 'Off' disables the alert.

Accessing terrain/obstacle settings:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Terrain.
- 2) Touch Menu.
- Touch Caution Elevation, and touch 500ft Below, 750ft Below, or 3) 1000ft Below.
- Touch Look Ahead Time, and touch 60 Seconds, 90 Seconds, or 120 4) Seconds.
- Touch Terrain 'Alert Sensitivity', and touch Off, Low, Medium, or High. 5)
- Touch Obstacles 'Alert Sensitivity', and touch Off, Low, Medium, or 6) High.
- Touch **Descent Rate** 'Alert Sensitivity', and touch **Off**, **Low**, or **High**. 7)

Terrain, Obstacle, and Descent Rate Alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within the software algorithms. Terrain alerts typically employ a CAUTION or a WARNING alert severity level, or both. When an alert is issued, visual annunciations are displayed and aural alerts are simultaneously issued. When the aircraft descends through 500 feet above the destination airport an audible "Five Hundred" altitude reminder occurs.

The Terrain Alert Annunciation is shown to the lower left corner of the screen. If the Terrain Map is not displayed, a pop-up alert appears. The Range Rings on the popup alert are spaced every whole mile/kilometer/nautical mile. Touch the Terrain Alert Annunciation to acknowledge the pop-up and/or aural alert.



Pop-up Alert (Navigation Map With Terrain Shading)

Inde



AURAL ALERTS

"Five Hundred"-when the aircraft descends through 500 feet above the destination airport.

The following aural terrain alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within the software algorithms, and are dependant on the sensitivity level set in the Terrain Setup Menu.

	Alert Severity	Terrain	Obstacle	Descent Rate
	Caution	"caution, terrain" "caution, terrain ahead"	"caution, obstacle" "caution, obstacle ahead"	"caution, sink rate"
-	Warning	"terrain ahead! pull up!" "terrain! terrain! pull up! pull up!"	"obstacle ahead! pull up!" "obstacle! obstacle! pull up! pull up!"	"sink rate, pull up!" "pull up!"

Aural Alerts Summary

Adjusting terrain alert audio:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Sound**.
- 2) Touch the 'Terrain Audio' Enable Button to toggle the terrain audio on/ off:



The following compatible devices are designed to receive, process, and forward traffic (ADS-B air-to-air, and TIS-B traffic information), and weather (Flight Information Service-Broadcast (FIS-B)) information to the aera through a power/data cable or Bluetooth

Compatible ADS-B Devices
GDL 39/39R
GDL 39-3D
GTX 345/345R/45R
GDL 50/50R
GDL 52/52R
GNX 375

TRAFFIC INFORMATION SERVICE (TIS-A)

NOTE: Refer to Appendix F for general information regarding TIS-A. Refer to Appendix D for configuration information.

TIS-A SYMBOLOGY

TIS-A traffic is shown according to TCAS symbology, graphically shown on the Navigation Map, and in the Traffic Warning Window. A Traffic Advisory (TA) symbol appears as a solid yellow circle. All other traffic is shown as a hollow white diamond. Altitude deviation from own aircraft altitude is shown above the target symbol if traffic is above own aircraft altitude, and below the symbol if they are below own aircraft altitude. Altitude trend is shown as an up arrow (>+500 ft/min), down arrow (<-500 ft/min), or no symbol if less than 500 ft/min rate in either direction.

TIS-A Symbol	Description
\bigcirc	Traffic Advisory (TA)
۲	Other Traffic

TIS-A Traffic Symbols



TIS-A ALERTS

A TIS-A audio alert is generated whenever the number of Traffic Advisories on the aera 660 screen increases from one scan to the next. Limiting Traffic Advisories only reduces the "nuisance" alerting due to proximate aircraft. For example, when the first Traffic Advisories appear on the TIS-A display, the user is alerted audibly. So long as a single aircraft remains on the TIS-A display, no further audio alert is generated. If a second (or more) aircraft appears on the screen, a new audio alert is sounded.

If the number of Traffic Advisories on the TIS-A display decreases and then increases, a new audio alert is sounded. The "Traffic" audio alert is also generated whenever TIS-A service becomes available. The following TIS-A audio alerts are generated:

- "Traffic"—TIS-A traffic alert received.
- "Traffic Not Available"—The traffic source(s) is/are not currently providing traffic information.

Adjusting traffic audio:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Sound**. 1)
- 2) Touch the 'Traffic Audio' Enable Button to toggle the Traffic Audio on/off.

TRAFFIC WARNING WINDOW

When a traffic threat is imminent, the Traffic Warning Window is shown. The Traffic Warning Window shows a small pop-up map in the lower left corner. The Range Rings on the pop-up alert are spaced every whole mile/kilometer/nautical mile. Touch the Traffic Warning Window to acknowledge and remove it.



NOTE: The Traffic Warning Window is disabled when the aircraft ground speed is less than 30 knots or when on the approach leg of a route.

TRAFFIC GROUND TRACK

Traffic ground track is indicated on the aera 660 screen by a "target track vector," a short line shown in 45-degree increments, extending in the direction of target movement.



DISPLAYING TRAFFIC DATA

TIS-A traffic can be displayed on the Navigation Map.

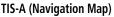
Adjusting TIS-A settings on the Navigation Map:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Map > Menu > Set Up.
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon and touch the **Map** group.
- **3)** Touch the **Traffic** button and touch the desired setting (**Off**, **Auto**, or range settings).

Displaying TIS-A information using the map pointer:

With traffic displayed on the Navigation Map, touch the desired TIS-A symbol on the map. The traffic range and altitude separation are displayed.

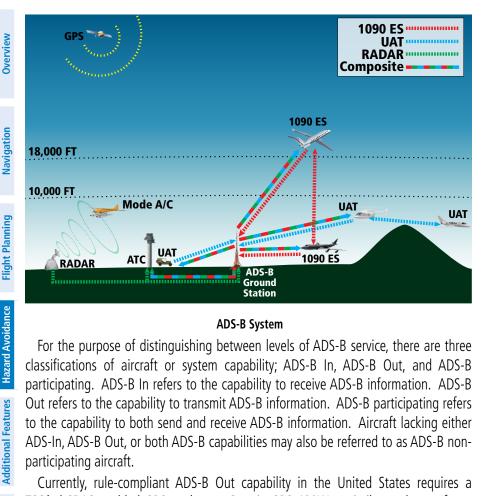




DATA LINK TRAFFIC

ADS-B (Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast) is a surveillance technology deployed across the United States as the cornerstone of the FAA's Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen). ADS-B enables improved surveillance services, both air-to-air and air-to-ground, especially in areas where radar is ineffective due to terrain or where it is impractical or cost prohibitive. Initial applications of air-to-air ADS-B are for "advisory" use only, enhancing a pilot's visual acquisition of other nearby ADS-B equipped aircraft either when airborne or on the airport surface.





ADS-B System

For the purpose of distinguishing between levels of ADS-B service, there are three classifications of aircraft or system capability; ADS-B In, ADS-B Out, and ADS-B participating. ADS-B In refers to the capability to receive ADS-B information. ADS-B Out refers to the capability to transmit ADS-B information. ADS-B participating refers to the capability to both send and receive ADS-B information. Aircraft lacking either ADS-In, ADS-B Out, or both ADS-B capabilities may also be referred to as ADS-B nonparticipating aircraft.

Currently, rule-compliant ADS-B Out capability in the United States requires a TSO'ed SBAS-enabled GPS, such as a Garmin GPS 400W or similar, and one of two possible data links: 1090 ES transponder or a 978 MHz UAT. Either data link system is capable of transmitting the aircraft's position, velocity, identification, and other information every second to compatible aircraft and ground stations called Ground Based Transceivers (GBTs).

Because 1090 ES transponders and UATs operate on different frequencies, aircraft not similarly equipped cannot transmit/receive data link information directly to/from each other. Instead, operation within range of a GBT is required to receive data link information on both frequencies.

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Thus, the compatible device receives traffic information directly from any ADS-B Out aircraft within range as well as the rebroadcast of ADS-B information from any nearby GBT. This rebroadcast is called Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Rebroadcast (ADS-R) and is automatically triggered by the detection of an ADS-B participating aircraft within the service volume of the GBT. The compatible device can receive both the Traffic Information Service-Broadcast (TIS-B) and Flight Information Service-Broadcast (FIS-B) provided in conjunction with ADS-R services when in range of a GBT.

FIS-B service is provided continuously, but ADS-R including TIS-B will only be broadcast by a GBT when an ADS-B participating aircraft is within the GBT's defined service volume. In this case, a GBT will only rebroadcast TIS-B information relative to the ADS-B participating aircraft. Only traffic that is within 15 nm lateral and 3,500' vertical of the ADS-B participating aircraft is provided in the broadcast. Non-participating traffic aircraft located farther than 15 nm laterally and 3,500' vertically from the participating aircraft is are excluded from the information transmitted by the GBT.

TIS-B traffic information includes non-participating aircraft detected by ATC surveillance radar. As TIS-B data is derived from ATC surveillance radar data. TIS-B traffic position updates typically occur every three to thirteen seconds. Therefore, TIS-B traffic may be displayed with degraded positional accuracy. Aircraft without operating transponders are invisible to TIS-B. Aircraft operating outside of the ATC radar coverage area are also not displayed.

Since the compatible devices are receive-only, even when used onboard an aircraft equipped with a gualifying GPS and 1090 ES transponder, a GBT may not identify it as an ADS-B participating aircraft. The squitter of some 1090 ES transponders, including the Garmin GTX 23ES, must be configured to communicate that the aircraft has 978 MHz receive capability in order to be identified as an ADS-B participating aircraft.

WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for collision avoidance maneuvering. The traffic display does not provide collision avoidance resolution advisories and does not under any circumstances or conditions relieve the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft.



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Overview

WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information to accurately depict all of the traffic within range of the aircraft. Due to lack of equipment, poor signal reception, and/or inaccurate information from aircraft or ground stations, traffic may be present that is not represented on the display.

Viewing Traffic Status:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools**.
- 2) Touch Data Link.

SYSTEM STATUS

The traffic system status is annunciated in the upper right corner of the Map Page, as well as the bottom of the dedicated Traffic Page.

Traffic Icon	System Status	
	Full traffic services available for an ADS-B participating aircraft (ground linked TIS-B, FIS-B and ADS-R, and Air-to-Air ADS-B). If using a compatible device on a non-participating aircraft, this traffic icon may still be visible when within the service area of any participating aircraft. As a non-participating aircraft the compatible device is only receiving TIS-B traffic information for traffic within 15 nm and 3,500' of the participating aircraft.	
○ <u> </u>	Limited traffic services available (may be limited to Air-to-Air ADS-B)	
No Traffic Data Available		
Traffic Modes		

Some compatible devices also have a pressure altitude sensor to aid in displaying the relative altitude of received traffic information. If the compatible device is used onboard a pressurized aircraft, the pressure altitude sensor should be turned off. 130

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Configuring a compatible ADS-B device for Pressurized or Non-Pressurized Aircraft:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Data Link** 1)
- 2) Touch Menu > Device Specific Set Up.
- Touch Pressurized or Not Pressurized. 3)

TRAFFIC DESCRIPTION

ADS-B traffic operation is similar to TIS-A discussed previously, but ADS-B adds additional symbology and capabilities. The symbols used to display ADS-B traffic are shown in the table below. The traffic label and altitude are displayed below the traffic symbol. A small up or down arrow next to the traffic symbol indicates that the traffic is climbing or descending at a rate of at least 500 feet per minute. The vector line that extends from the traffic symbol is just further indication of the intruder aircraft track. For directional traffic symbols, the arrow head points in the direction of aircraft's ground track.

TRAFFIC ADVISORIES (TA)

TAs are issued for traffic when they are predicted to be within a specified volume of airspace around the aircraft in a specified amount of time. The protected volume and time interval varies based on the current geodetic altitude and groundspeed. Thus, the protected volume of airspace increases with altitude and ground speed. Refer to the following table for details.

Altitude (Geodetic)	Look Ahead Time (sec.)	Vertical Separation (ft.)	Horizontal Separation (nm.)
Below 5,000	30	+/-850	.35
5,000-10,000	40	+/-850	.55
10,000-20,000	45	+/-850	.80
20,000-42,000	48	+/-850	1.10
Above 42,000	48	+/-1,200	1.10

Traffic Advisories

Hazard Avoidance



Symbol	Description
\diamond	Non-threat, non-directional airborne traffic
\triangleright —	Non-threat directional airborne Traffic with absolute vector. Points in the direction of the aircraft track.
	Non-directional airborne Proximity Advisory (PA). Proximity Advisories are issued for any traffic within 6 nautical miles and +/- 1,200'.
	Directional airborne Proximity Advisory (PA) with absolute vector. Points in the direction of the aircraft track. Proximity Advisories are issued for any traffic within 6 nautical miles and +/- 1,200'.
	Non-directional airborne Traffic Advisory (TA)
	Non-directional off-scale airborne Traffic Advisory (TA). Displayed at outer range ring at proper bearing.
> —	Directional airborne Traffic Advisory (TA) with absolute vector. Points in the direction of the aircraft track.
	Directional off-scale airborne Traffic Advisory (TA). Points in the direction of the aircraft track.
\diamond	Ground traffic without directional information.
	Directional surface traffic.
	Non-directional non-aircraft ground traffic.
	Directional non-aircraft ground traffic.

ADS-B Traffic Symbology

TRAFFIC ALERTS (ADS-B TIS-B)

A traffic audio alert is generated whenever the number of Traffic Advisories on the aera 660 display increases. Limiting Traffic Advisories only reduces the "nuisance" alerting due to proximate aircraft. For example, when the first Traffic Advisories appear on the display, the user is alerted audibly. So long as a single aircraft remains on the display, no further audio alert is generated. If additional aircraft appear on the screen, a new audio alert is sounded. Traffic Advisories can only be issued when the compatible device knows its own altitude and the altitude of the intruder aircraft.

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CAUTION: Traffic Advisories can only be issued when the compatible device knows its own altitude and the altitude of the intruder aircraft.

If the number of Traffic Advisories on the traffic display decreases and then increases, a new audio alert is sounded. The traffic audio alert is also generated whenever TIS-B service becomes available. The following traffic audio alerts are available:

- "Traffic"—TIS-B/ADS-B traffic alert received.
- "Traffic Not Available"—TIS-B/ADS-B service is not available or out of range.

Inhibiting/Enabling the traffic alerts:

- **NOTE:** Traffic alerts are reset to 'enabled' on the next power cycle.
- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Traffic.
- 2) Touch Menu > Alerts to toggle between Inhibited and Enabled.

Adjusting alert volume:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Sound.
- 2) Touch the 'Traffic Audio' Enable Button to toggle the traffic audio on/off.

TRAFFIC WARNING WINDOW

The Traffic Warning Window is shown when the compatible device issues a traffic advisory (TA). The Traffic Warning Window shows a small pop-up map in the lower left corner. The Range Rings on the pop-up alert are spaced every whole mile/kilometer/ nautical mile. Touch the Traffic Warning Window to acknowledge and remove it.

DISPLAYING TRAFFIC DATA

Traffic is displayed by default on the Map Page and in the Traffic Warning Window. Traffic Symbol and Traffic Label (i.e., relative altitude, altitude trend and absolute motion vectors) settings selects the maximum range at which traffic labels or symbols are shown. Traffic Labels can also be turned off.

Enabling/disabling traffic data on the Map Page:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Map > Menu.
- 2) Touch Traffic to enable/disable traffic data on the Map Page.

Or:

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Hazard Avoidance



- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up**.
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon and touch the **Traffic** group. 2)
- Touch the '**Traffic Data' On** or **Off** button 3)

Customizing the traffic data on the Map Page:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up**. 1)
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon and touch the **Traffic** group.
- Touch 'Traffic Symbol', 'Traffic Label', or 'Traffic Identifier' button 3) and touch the desired settings ('Off', 'Auto', or range settings).

Displaying Traffic information using the map pointer:

With traffic displayed on the Navigation Map, touch the desired Traffic symbol on the map to view identification, altitude and altitude trend information.



Traffic Data (Navigation Map) DEDICATED TRAFFIC PAGE

NOTE: Altitude filter settings from the Traffic Page are carred to the Map Page.

Viewing the Traffic Page:

From the Main Menu, touch Traffic.

Changing the Altitude Filter:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Traffic** > **Menu** > **Altitude Filter**. 1)

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Touch the desired setting: 2)

• Unrestricted: All traffic is displayed.

• Normal: Displays non-threat and proximity traffic from 2,700 feet above the aircraft to 2,700 feet below the aircraft. Typically used during enroute phase of flight.

• Above: Displays non-threat and proximity traffic from 9,000 feet above the aircraft to 2,700 feet below the aircraft. Typically used during climb phase of flight.

• Below: Displays non-threat and proximity traffic from 2,700 feet above the aircraft to 9,000 feet below the aircraft. Typically used during descent phase of flight.



Traffic Page



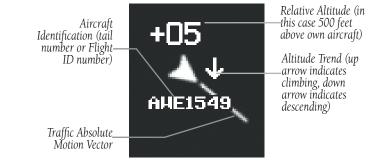
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The Flight IDs of other aircraft (when available) can be displayed on the Traffic Page. When a Flight ID or call sign is received, it will appear below the corresponding traffic symbol when enabled.



Example ADS-B Traffic Symbol

Enabling/Disabling Flight ID Display:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Traffic** > **Menu** > **Target Identifiers**.

WARNING: If the Aircraft Identification is NOT shown with a traffic symbol, the Relative Altitude is operating in a reduced accuracy mode. The Relative Altitude value displayed may differ from the actual Relative Altitude by several hundred feet. In all cases, the pilot must make visual contact when maneuvering to avoid traffic.

MOTION VECTORS

There are two pilot-selectable and mutually exclusive types of motion vectors, Absolute and TargetTrend, which are differentiated by color and function. Absolute vectors are white and indicate ground track as reported by the traffic. TargetTrend vectors are green and indicate the flight path and position, relative to the ownship, at which the traffic will be after the passing of one of four predetermined time intervals. The end of the TargetTrend vector indicates the traffic's predicted location relative to the predicted ownship location at the end of the look-ahead time. For example, if traffic is ahead of the ownship and traveling along the same track but at a slower rate. The motion vector would point opposite of its indicated direction of flight showing that the ownship is overtaking the traffic.





TargetTrend

The TargetTrend look-ahead time interval is automatically adjusted from 30 seconds to five minutes and corresponds to the traffic display range setting. The greater the range setting, the longer the time interval and vise versa. Refer to the table below for more details.

Traffic Page Range Ring Settings	TargetTrend Look-ahead
.5nm to 2nm	30 seconds
2nm to 6nm	60 seconds
6nm to 12nm	2 minutes
12nm to 40nm	5 minutes

TargetTrend Look-ahead

Motion vector selection is made from the Traffic Page Menu by enabling/disabling TargetTrend. Absolute vectors are selected by default and are replaced when TargetTrend is enabled.

Enabling/Disabling TargetTrend for Traffic and Map Pages:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Traffic** > **Menu** > **Target Trend**.

Or:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up** > **Traffic**. Select Target Trend '**On**' to activate on the Navigation Map.

While TargetTrend is active, the screen will annunciate the current look-ahead time interval in the lower right corner.





TARGETTREND ON MAP

In addition to the Traffic Page, the Map Page can show TargetTrend vectors of nearby traffic. These indications are overlaid on top of regular topographic maps and VFR/IFR charts, showing how nearby traffic relates to surrounding waypoints, airspaces and ground features.



WARNING: The TargetTrend vectors shown on the Map Page represent relative motion in relation to the aircraft, not absolute motion in relation to the ground.



TargetTrend Overlaid on Moving Map

Enabling/Disabling TargetTrend Overlay:

- With the Map Page displayed, touch **Menu** > **Set Up** > **Traffic**. 1)
- 2) Touch **On** or **Off**.

Navigation





NOTE: With the availability of SafeTaxi in electronic form, it is still advisable to carry another source of charts on board the aircraft.

5.1 SAFETAXI

GARMIN

SafeTaxi is an enhanced feature that gives greater map detail when viewing airports at close range. When viewing at ranges close enough to show the airport detail, the map reveals taxiways with identifying letters/numbers, runway incursion "Hot Spot", and airport landmarks including ramps, buildings, control towers, and other prominent features. Resolution is greater at lower map ranges. The SafeTaxi feature can be seen on the Navigation Map or from the Waypoint Information Runway Tab.

Designated Hot Spots are recognized at airports with many intersecting taxiways and runways, and/or complex ramp areas. Airport Hot Spots are outlined to caution pilots of areas on an airport surface where positional awareness confusion or runway incursions happen most often. Hot Spots are defined by a red shaded area.

During ground operations the aircraft's position is displayed in reference to taxiways, runways, and airport features. When panning over the airport, features such as runway holding lines and taxiways are shown at the cursor.



SafeTaxi Depiction



Enabling/disabling SafeTaxi:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Map > Menu > Set Up.
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon and touch the Airport Group.
- 3) Touch the 'Safetaxi' On or Off Button.

SAFETAXI CYCLE NUMBER AND REVISION

SafeTaxi database is revised every 56 days. SafeTaxi is always available for use after the expiration date. When turning on the aera 660, the database initialization indicates whether the databases are current, out of date, or not available. The database initialization shows the SafeTaxi database is current when the SafeTaxi name and expiration date are shown in white. When the SafeTaxi cycle has expired, the SafeTaxi name and expiration date will appear in yellow.

The SafeTaxi Region, Cycle, Effective date and Expiration date of the database cycle can also be found from the **Main Menu**, by touching the **Tools** > **Database**.

The SafeTaxi database is provided by Garmin. Refer to Appendix C for instructions on updating the SafeTaxi database.

5.2 AIRPORT DIRECTORY DATA

The Airport Directory contains airport statistics such as pattern altitudes, noise abatement information, FBO phone numbers, hours of operation, local attractions, ground transportation, lodging, and services.

The AOPA Airport Directory provides data on airports and heliports throughout the U.S. and it is updated on a 56-day cycle. Detailed information for over 5,300 U.S. airports, along with the names and phone numbers of thousands of FBOs can be viewed. This service allows the pilot to plan an overnight, choose fuel stops, find ground transportation, etc.

Optional airport directory databases such as AC-U-KWIK are also supported. AC-U-KWIK provides complete listings of FBOs, charter companies, fuel suppliers, ground transportation, maintenance and catering services at public airports across the world.

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If the AOPA database is in use, the **AOPA** Tab is displayed on the Waypoint Page. If another airport directory database is in use, such as AC-U-KWIK, the **DIRECTORY** Tab is displayed on the Waypoint Page.

Viewing AOPA Airport Directory information:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Waypoint** > **AOPA** Tab. 1)
- 2) Touch the Waypoint Identifier Button.
- Enter a waypoint identifier using the keypad and touch **Enter**. 3)

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Recent, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan, or User Tab.
- **c)** Touch the desired waypoint.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- **b)** Touch the **Search Name** Tab.
- c) Touch Search by Facility Name.
- **d)** Enter the desired Facility Name using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- **b)** Touch the **Search City** Tab.
- c) Touch Search by City.
- **d)** Enter the desired City using the keypad.
- e) Touch Enter.
- If duplicate entries exist for the entered facility name or location, duplicate 4) waypoints are displayed. Touch the desired waypoint from the list.



A Up

\sim	New Century Aircenter Olathe KS	117	LONGVIEN	
		Weather	GRANDY	Do
NEW	Fuel Prices by AirNav as of 10-JAN-16	0.50		
	ADVANCED AVIATION JET CENTER	NOTAM		
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	100LL; \$5.80; Full Service 100LL; \$5.65; Self Service	ا 📀		Dire
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N. 04	Updated 10-JAN-16	TERPS	855	
	100LL; \$5.65; Full Service	Ţ	418' SL	Ba

Airport

Public Airp

Airport Directory Data

Or:

- 1) From any map highlight an airport using the Map Pointer.
- 2) Touch the Map Feature Button.
- **3)** Touch the **AOPA** Tab (if necessary).

KIXD

lcon	Description
"	Restaurant on Field
	Self Serve Fuel
	Courtesy Car

Airport Directory Service Icons



FUEL PRICES

Viewing fuel prices on the Navigation Map:

From the Main Menu, touch Map > Menu > Fuel Prices.



5.3 SiriusXM[®] RADIO

NOTE: Refer to the Hazard Avoidance Section for information about SiriusXM Weather products.

NOTE: You MUST have a compatible SiriusXM device connected to your aera and a subscription to SiriusXM Radio to use SiriusXM Radio features.

NOTE: Audio interference can occur while using some audio panels. Use of a Ground Loop Isolator can eliminate this interference.

COMPATIBLE SiriusXM DEVICES

Compatible SiriusXM Devices

GDL 51/51R

GDL 52/52R

SiriusXM Satellite Radio offers a variety of radio programming over long distances without having to constantly search for new stations. Based on signals from satellites, coverage far exceeds land-based transmissions. SiriusXM Satellite Radio services are subscription-based.

Navigation

Overview

Appendices



Accessing SiriusXM Radio:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **SiriusXM Audio**.

ACTIVATING SiriusXM SATELLITE RADIO SERVICES

The service is activated by providing SiriusXM Satellite Radio with a coded ID (Radio ID).

SiriusXM Satellite Radio uses the Radio ID to send an activation signal that, when received by the compatible SiriusXM device, allows it to play entertainment programming.

Refer to the compatible SiriusXM device Owner's Manual for more information on activating SiriusXM Satellite Radio.

Accessing the Radio ID:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Data Link**.

Or:

The Radio ID is also displayed on channel '0'. Channel '0' is the first channel listed in the 'All Channels' Category.



Accessing the SiriusXM Radio ID (Data Link Information)

Accessing the SiriusXM Radio ID (Channel 0)

USING SiriusXM RADIO

The SiriusXM Radio function provides information and control of the audio entertainment features of the SiriusXM Satellite Radio.

Appendices





SiriusXM Radio Overview

CATEGORY BUTTON

The Category Button displays a list of categories such as jazz, rock, or news.

Selecting a category:

- 1) From the Main Menu touch Tools > SiriusXM Audio.
- 2) Touch the 'Category' Button.

ACTIVE CHANNEL AND CHANNEL LIST

The Channel List shows a list of the available channels for the selected category. The active channel is outlined blue (in the Channel List).

Selecting a channel from the channel list:

- **1)** Scroll through the Channel List by touching and dragging the list up/down or touching the **Up/Down** Buttons.
- **2)** Touch the desired channel. The channel is outlined blue to show it is the active channel.

Entering a channel number:

 From the Main Menu, touch Tools > SiriusXM Audio > Menu > Select Channel.



Enter the desired channel using the numeric keypay and touch the Enter 2) Button.



Channel Number Entry

USING FAVORITES

Favorites is a customized category of up to 30 of your SiriusXM Radio favorites.

To add a channel to Favorites:

- 1) From the **Main Menu** touch **Tools** > **SiriusXM Audio**.
- 2) Touch and hold the desired channel. A confirmation window is displayed.
- 3) Touch Yes.

Selecting Favorites:

- From the **Main Menu** touch **Tools** > **SiriusXM Audio** 1)
- Touch the 'Category' Button. 2)
- 3) Touch the Favorites Category.

To delete channel(s) from Favorites:

With the Favorites Category displayed (see Selecting Favorites above), 1) touch the desired channel to be removed (unless removing all) and touch the **Menu** Key.

Appendices

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Touch the 'Remove Favorite' Menu Option. 2) Or:

Touch the 'Remove All Favorites' Menu Option and skip to step 5. The 'Remove all favorites?' Window is displayed.

Touch **Yes**. The channel(s) are removed from the **Favorites** Category. 3)

VOLUME

Adjusting SiriusXM volume:

- From the **Main Menu** touch **Tools** > **SiriusXM Audio**. 1)
- Touch the **Volume** Button. 2)
- Touch the +/- buttons to enter the desired volume. 3)

Muting SiriusXM Audio:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **SiriusXM Audio**. 1)
- Touch the **Mute** Icon 2)

Additional Features



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SECTION 6 APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: MESSAGES, ALERTS & DATA FIELD OPTIONS

MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
Approaching Target Altitude	Within 200 feet of final VNAV target altitude.
Approaching VNAV Profile	The aircraft is within one minute of reaching the initial VNAV decent point.
Arriving at XXX	The aircraft is nearing the destination.
Battery Low	The battery needs to be recharged.
Can't Unlock Maps	No applicable unlock code for one or more maps was found. All MapSource maps are not accessible.
Database Error	Internal problem with the system. Contact a Garmin dealer or Garmin Product Support to have the unit repaired.
Fuel Tank	A reminder for switching fuel tanks. The reminder message repeats at the specified interval after the beginning of each trip.
Lost Satellite Reception	The system is unable to receive satellite signals.
Memory Full	System memory is full, no further data can be saved.
Near Proximity Point	The aircraft has reached the distance set for a proximity waypoint.
Next DTK XXX	The aircraft is nearing a turn in a route.
Proximity Memory Full	No additional proximity waypoints can be saved.
Proximity Radius Overlaps	The radius of two proximity waypoints overlap.
Route Already Exists	A route name that already exists has been entered.

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MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
Route Memory Full	No additional routes can be saved.
Route Truncated	Uploaded route from another device has more than 300 waypoints.
Route Waypoint Memory Full	No additional route waypoints can be saved.
Steep Turn Ahead	Approaching a turn that requires a bank angle in excess of 25 degrees to stay on course.
Track Already Exists	A saved track with the same name already exists.
Track Log Full	The track log is full and track recording was turned off. To record more track points, clear the track log and turn track recording on.
Track Memory Full	No more track data can be stored. Delete the old track data to store the new data.
Track Truncated	A complete uploaded track will not fit in memory. The oldest track log points have been deleted.
VNAV Cancelled	VNAV function has been cancelled due to a change in the active route.
Waypoint Already Exists	A waypoint with the same name already exists.
Waypoint Memory Full	The unit has stored the maximum number of waypoints.

Index

AIRSPACE MESSAGES

Message	Comments
Inside Airspace	Inside the boundaries of the airspace.
Airspace Near and Ahead	Within two nautical miles of an airspace and the current course takes you inside the airspace.
Airspace Ahead, Within 10 Minutes	The projected course takes you inside an airspace within the next 10 minutes or less.
Airspace Near, Within 2 nm	Within two nautical miles of an airspace but not projected to enter it.

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Flight Planning Hazard Avoidance Additional Features

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DATA FIELD & NUMERIC DATA OPTIONS

Data Field/Numeric Data	Definition
Accuracy	The current accuracy of the GPS determined location.
Altitude	The current altitude in geometric height above Mean Sea Level (MSL).
AGL	Approximate height above ground level, calculated using GPS altitude and terrain database. AGL data will not be displayed if current height above ground relative to GPS vertical position accuracy is insufficient for accurate calculation.
	The AGL height data field is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight.
Bearing	The compass direction from the present position to a destination waypoint.
Course to Steer	The recommended direction to steer in order to reduce cross-track error and return to the course line.
Crosstrack Error	The distance the aircraft is off a desired course in either direction, left or right.
Desired Track	The desired course between the active "from" and "to" waypoints.
Distance (Destination)	The distance to the destination waypoint in the Active Flight Plan
Distance (Next)	The distance to the next waypoint in the Active Flight Plan.
En Route Safe Altitude	The recommended minimum altitude within ten miles left or right of the desired course on a active flight plan or direct-to.
Flight Timer	Total time in-flight (HH:MM).



Data Field/Numeric Data	Definition
Fuel Timer	Elapsed time since the Fuel Tank Reminder Alarm was last issued (HH:MM).
Glide Ratio	The estimated distance an aircraft will move forward for any given amount of lost altitude.
Ground Speed	The velocity that the aircraft is traveling relative to a ground position.
Ground Track	The direction of aircraft movement relative to a ground position.
Minimum Safe Altitude	Uses Grid MORAs to determine a safe altitude within ten miles of the aircraft's present position.
Next Waypoint	The next waypoint in the flight plan or direct-to route.
Sunrise	The time at which the sun rises on this day (current location).
Sunset	The time at which the sun sets on this day (current location).
Estimated Time En Route (Destination)	The estimated time it takes to reach the destination waypoint from the present position, based upon current ground speed.
Estimated Time En Route (Next)	The estimated time it takes to reach the next waypoint form the present position, based upon current ground speed.
Estimated Time of Arrival (Destination)	The estimated time at which the aircraft should reach the destination waypoint, based upon current speed and track.
Estimated Time of Arrival (Next)	The estimated time at which the aircraft should reach the next waypoint, based upon current speed and track.
Estimated Time to VNAV	The estimated time it takes to reach the VNAV waypoint form the present position, based upor current ground speed.

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Flight Planning Hazard Avoidance Additional Features

Data Field/Numeric Data	Definition
Time of Day (Local)	The current time and date in 12-hour or 24-hour format.
Time (UTC)	The current time and date in Universal (UTC) time.
Vertical Speed	The rate of climb or descent (GPS-derived).
Vertical Speed Required	The vertical speed necessary to descend/climb from a current position and altitude to the previously selected VNAV position and altitude, based upon current groundspeed.
Weather (Altimeter)	The altimeter setting at the nearest METAR reporting station.
Weather (Dew Point)	The dew point at the nearest weather reporting station.
Weather (Rel. Humidity)	The relative humidity at the nearest weather reporting station.
Weather (Temperature)	The temperature at the nearest weather reporting station.
Weather (Wind)	The wind speed and direction at the nearest weather reporting station.

AURAL ALERTS

TRAFFIC

- "Traffic"—TIS-A/B traffic alert received.
- "Traffic Not Available"—TIS-A/B service is not available or out of range.

TERRAIN

• "Five Hundred"—when the aircraft descends through 500 feet above the destination airport.

Appendix A



The following aural terrain alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within the software algorithms, and are dependant on the sensitivity level set in the Terrain Setup Menu.

Alert Severity	Terrain	Obstacle	Descent Rate
Caution	"caution, terrain" "caution, terrain ahead"	"caution, obstacle" "caution, obstacle ahead"	"caution, sink rate"
Warning	"terrain ahead! pull up!" "terrain! terrain! pull up! pull up!"	"obstacle ahead! pull up!" "obstacle! obstacle! pull up! pull up!"	"sink rate, pull up!" "pull up!"

Aural Alerts

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APPENDIX B: ABNORMAL OPERATION

LOSS OF GNSS POSITION

GARMIN

When the aera 660 loses the GNSS signal for any reason, the following will occur:

- A blinking red question mark will appear over the airplane icon on the map.
- The 'Lost Satellite Reception' message will display.
- Any GNSS dependent data fields will not be available.



GNSS Signal Lost

HAZARD DISPLAY WITH LOSS OF GNSS POSITION

If the Terrain function doesn't have at least a 3D fix (i.e. altitude unknown), a Red X will be displayed.



Terrain Red X

Overview

Appendix B



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APPENDIX C: MANAGING FILES AND DATABASES

CONNECTING TO A COMPUTER

The aera 660 can be connected to a computer using the included USB-PC Interface Cable to connect to a USB data port.



Mini-USB Connection

Connecting the aera 660 to a computer:

- **1)** (Optional Step) Insert a memory card into the memory card slot. Press it in until it clicks.
- **2)** Turn the unit on.
- 3) Connect the small end of the USB cable to the connector.
- 4) Connect the larger end of the USB cable to a USB port on the computer. The Mass Storage Icon appears on the screen, along with an icon indicating the usage mode. The aera 660 and memory card appear as removable drives in My Computer in Windows and as mounted volumes on Mac computers.



Mass Storage Mode



MANAGING FILES



Navigation

NOTE: The aera 660 is not compatible with Windows95[®], 98, Me, Windows NT[®], and Mac[®] OS 10.3 and earlier.

Files can be stored in the aera 660 internal memory or the optional memory card.

Supported File Types

GPX route files

GPI custom POI files from the POI Loader Application

Maps, routes, trip logs, and waypoints from MapSource®

aera 660 File Types

MAPSOURCE DETAILED MAPS

The included USB Interface Cable is used to transfer MapSource[®] CD-ROM data to the aera 660 internal memory or optional MicroSD Card.

For compatible MapSource[®] products, refer to the Garmin web site at www.garmin. com/cartography.

TRANSFERRING FILES

To transfer files:

- **1)** Browse the computer for the file to copy.
- 2) Highlight the file, and select **Edit** > **Copy**.
- 3) Open the "Garmin" or memory card drive/volume.
- Select Edit > Paste. The file appears in the list of files in the aera 660 memory or on the memory card.
- 5) When finished transferring files, click ^{SS} in the toolbar (system tray), or drag the volume icon to the ^{SS} trash can on Mac computers.
- 6) Unplug the aera 660 from the computer

Appendix C

MicroSD[™] CARD USE (OPTIONAL)

MicroSD[™] Slot

GARMIN

The aera 660 uses an optional MicroSD[™] Card for storing data. The maximum recommended size is 32 GB.

INSTALLING AND REMOVING MicroSD[™] CARDS

Install the MicroSD Card in the slot located on the left side of the unit. Install or remove the MicroSD Card at any time, whether the unit is on or off.

You can load a variety of information to the aera 660 internal memory or MicroSD Card, such as MapSource detailed maps in a MapSource program.

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MicroSD Card Slot

Installing an MicroSD Card:

- **1)** Firmly push the card into the unit. It is not necessary to force the card. The handle is still exposed when it is properly inserted.
- 2) The unit takes a few seconds to read the card. When the data card has been properly installed and accepted, a summary screen noting the card details appears. Touch to acknowledge.

If you insert an MicroSD Card and get a card format not recognized message, try removing the card and reinserting it. If the card is still not recognized, contact Garmin Product Support or your Garmin dealer.

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Appendix C



Removing an MicroSD Card:

- Push the card into the unit until it stops. 1)
- 2) Release the card. The card should eject for easy removal.
- 3) With the card ejected, pull the card out of the slot.

DATABASE TYPES

The basemap database contains data for the topography and land features, such as rivers, lakes, and towns. It is updated only periodically, with no set schedule. There is no expiration date.

The terrain database contains the terrain mapping data. The database is updated periodically and has no expiration date.

The obstacle database contains data for obstacles, such as towers, that pose a potential hazard to aircraft. Obstacles 200 feet and higher are included in the obstacle database. It is very important to note that not all obstacles are necessarily charted and therefore may not be contained in the obstacle database. This database is updated on a 56-day cycle and does not expire.

NOTE: The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.

The Safe Taxi database contains detailed airport diagrams for selected airports. These diagrams aid in following ground control instructions by accurately displaying the aircraft position on the map in relation to taxiways, ramps, runways, terminals, and services. This database is updated on a 56-day cycle and does not expire.

GARMIN AVIATION DATABASES

The Garmin database updates can be obtained via Wi-Fi or by visiting the 'flyGarmin' website (www.fly.garmin.com).

After the databases have been updated, check that the appropriate databases are initialized and displayed on the splash screen during power-up.

Overview

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AIRPORT DIRECTORY DATABASES

The AOPA Airport Directory provides data on airports and heliports throughout the U.S. and it is updated on a 56-day cycle. Detailed information for over 5,300 U.S. airports, along with the names and phone numbers of thousands of FBOs can be viewed. This service allows the pilot to plan an overnight, choose fuel stops, find ground transportation, etc.

Optional airport directory databases such as AC-U-KWIK are also supported. AC-U-KWIK provides complete listings of FBOs, charter companies, fuel suppliers, ground transportation, maintenance and catering services at public airports across the world.

NAVIGATION DATABASE

The aera 660 includes an internal navigation database that provides location and facility information for thousands of airports, VORs, NDBs, and more. There are two navigation database products available: the Garmin Navigation database containing coverage for North America (expanded coverage is planned for the future), and the Jeppesen Navigation database containing coverage for the world, available in regionalized options. Database purchases are available online (www.fly.garmin. com). However, once the databases are purchased, the ability to download and install databases is available from the aera 660 via Wi-Fi.



NOTE: Although the Garmin and Jeppesen Navigation Databases contain much of the same information, pilots may notice differences in behavior, nearest list functionality, airspace display, and map page display details due to data content variations.

The following information is provided from the internal navigation database:

- *Airport—identifier, facility name, city/state/country, latitude/longitude, field elevation, available fuel types, runway designations and layout, runway surface, runway length, runway width, runway lighting, communication frequencies, and published approaches.
- Weather—frequencies associated with an airport (ASOS, ATIS, and AWOS).

Appendix C

Appendix C



- *VORs—identifier, facility name, city/state/country, location (latitude/longitude), frequency, service volume (high, low, terminal), and type (such as VOR-DME, TACAN, and VORTAC).
- *NDBs—identifier, facility name, city/state/country, location (latitude/longitude), and frequency.
- Intersections—identifier, nearest VOR, radial and distance from nearest VOR, location (latitude/longitude), and region/country.
- ARTCC—Air Route Traffic Control Centers.
- Airspace—boundaries (Class B, Class C, Control Zones, SUAs, and MOAs), controlling agency, and vertical boundaries.
- FSS—Flight Service Stations.

* Symbology used for NDBs, VORs, and airports is consistent with those used on a sectional chart.



NOTE: After performing a navigation database update, verify all flight plan(s) (routes) are current. If there is an obsolete aviation point in a saved route, the route is locked and unusable. A new route with current navigation database points will need to be created.

DATABASE PURCHASE, INSTALLATION, AND UPDATES

Database purchases are available online (www.fly.garmin.com). However, once the databases are purchased online, the ability to download and install databases is available from the aera 660 via Wi-Fi.

Database downloads can be automatically downloaded as updates become available, or be user-initiated.

DATABASE PURCHASE

Purchasing databases:

If necessary, from www.fly.garmin.com register the unit and purchase the 1) desired databases

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- 2) Connect to a Wi-Fi network on the aera 660:
 - a) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Wi-Fi > On.
 - b) Touch Add Network.
 - c) Touch the desired network to add.
 - **d)** If necessary, enter the password using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

'EASY UPDATE' DATABASE DOWNLOADING AND INSTALLATION (AUTOMATED AND USER-INITIATED)

Enabling automated database downloads:

- If Automatic Database Downloads are currently disabled, from the Main Menu, touch Tools > Downloads.
- **2)** Touch **Enable Automatic Downloads** to enable automatic download of updated databases as they become available.



Enabling Automatic Downloads Automated database download/install:

If Automatic Database Downloads are enabled (refer to previous procedure), a Database Installation window is automatically displayed once a database becomes available to install, and either at least one of the currently installed databases is expired, or if there are no databases currently installed.



Overview

180 - MOTS	Database	DENO HODE Installati	on Ready		
-160 140 120 10	A database is ready to install.		500 3 -		
TURN RATE	Dismiss	View	Install	210 - 100 m 27	
2 818	5 2 S 	1 010 † 0 0 5	N	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	P Back

Automated Database Installation Window

The Automated Database installation window may indicate, 'Additional selection available' indicating that the user is required to select one or more databases for download, if not all of the database downloads were completed automatically.

lage 3D Vision			- B	PS 1:2	254
	Database	Installati	on Ready	ALTITUDE	
-160 140 10 10	Databases are ready to install. Additional selection available.			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
TURN RATE	Dismiss	View	Install	Tue - num tree	25
	- S	1 1 1 5.00~	334	VON VSI	21
					Back

Automated Database Installation Window - Additional Selection

- **1)** Touch **Dismiss** to pause the installation and return to the currently displayed page.
- 2) Touch **View** to display to the Downloads Page.
- **3)** Touch **Install** to install the database(s) and reboot the unit. When choosing **Install**, the unit immediately begins database installation and cannot be used until installation is complete and the unit reboots.

Appendices.





Database Downloads Installing

Disabling automated database downloads:

- If Automatic Database Downloads are currently enabled, from the Main Menu, touch Tools > Downloads.
- **2)** Touch **Disable Automatic Downloads** to disable automatic download of updated databases as they become available.

User-Initiated database download/install:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Downloads.
- Touch Easy Update to begin downloading all updated databases. Databases will continue to download even if the Downloads page is not displayed.



Database Downloads Page

Appendix C

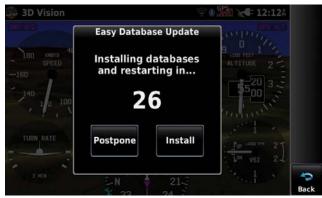


If multiple databases of the same type are ready for download and an Easy 3) Update database has not been selected, the user is required to specify which database to install.



Multiple Database Installation - Additional Installation Options

4) Once the databases are downloaded, an Easy Database Update window is displayed. The user has 30 seconds to **Install** or **Postpone** immediate installation.



Easy Database Update Window

- a) Touch **Postpone** to exit the installation process and resume at a later time.
- **b)** Touch **Install** to start the database installation process. The unit reports as the database is "Preparing to Install" and "Installing". The unit automatically reboots when the installation is complete.
- Allow the timer to expire to start the database installation process. **c**)

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SELECTING CHART REGIONS FOR DOWNLOAD

The user is not prompted to select chart regions when downloading charts via Easy Update. Instead, regions are based on the user's previous selections. In order to change the downloaded regions, touch the **Ready to Download** button, then touch **Download** to display the Region Download Selector page.

Some entries in the Downloads page, such as IFR and VFR charts, are categories that group together multiple downloads. Touching a category entry will show a secondary selector screen to select specific content to download. Selector screens display their contents organized as lists and as maps.

For the IFR and VFR Charts category, the selector screen will show a list of regions, such as states for US charts, territories for Canadian charts, etc. Touch a region name to select all charts covering that region; touch selected region names again to deselect them. Region name buttons in List view do not necessarily correlate with specific IFR or VFR charts; instead selecting a region name will select multiple charts on which that region appears. Touching the Map button will switch to map view.

The map view for categories of downloads shows a map of that category's regions, with a grid of chart coverage areas overlaid on it. Touch any of the coverage areas to select that chart for download. Touch a selected coverage area again to deselect it. Touch the Start Download button to start downloading the selected charts.

Selecting/changing chart regions for download:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Downloads**. 1)
- 2) Touch the **Ready to Download** button for the desired chart.



Downloads Page

Overview

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Touch	Down	heal
TOUCH	DOWIN	iuau.



Downloads Page - Selecting Chart Regions

4) Touch the region names to select/deselect.

5) Touch Start Download.

		US S	States		
Californ	ia Col	orado	Connecticut	Delaware	
Florida	Ge	orgia	Hawaii	Idaho	Down Switch to
Illinois	Inc	liana	lowa	Kansas	Map Map View
Kentuck	ty Lou	isiana	Maine	Maryland	
Select All	Deselect		- Fully selected - Partially selected	Start Download	Back

Region Download Selector - List View



Region Download Selector - Map View

SOFTWARE UPDATES

In addition to databases, the area 660 will check for software updates when connected to the internet over Wi-Fi. The aera 660 can use Wi-Fi to update its system software, as well as any other software available from Garmin.

Software downloads can be either user-initiated or configured to automatically download as updates become available.

User-Initiated software download/install:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Downloads.
- 2) Touch Menu > Software Downloads.
- 3) Touch the desired software update and touch Next.
- 4) Read the Software License Agreement and touch Agree and Install.



🕸 Software Downloads	GPS
aera 660	Version 2.60 Ready to Install
Version 2.50 Installed	
Next	
	Men
	~

Software Downloads Page

Enabling automated software downloading:

- If Automatic Software Downloading is currently disabled, from the Main Menu, touch Tools > Downloads.
- 2) Touch Menu > Software Downloads > Menu.
- 3) Touch Yes.

犩 Software Downl	pads		GPS 🗲 10:1	10 ≙
aera 660			Version 2.60	
Version 2.50 Installed			Ready to Install	
Automatic dow	nloading of sof	tware up	dates is off.	
Allow automati	c downloading	of softwa	are updates?	
N	o	Yes		
				Menu
				\$
				Back

Enabling Automatic Software Downloads Automated software download/install:

If Automatic Software Downloading is currently enabled (refer to previous procedure), a 'Update Software' window is automatically displayed once a software update becomes available.

- 1) From the 'Update Software' window, touch Yes to view the update.
- 2) Touch the desired software update and touch Next.

Read the Software License Agreement and touch Agree and Install. 3)



Software Update Notification

Disabling automated software download/install:

- 1) If Automatic Software Downloading is currently enabled, from the Main Menu, touch Tools > Downloads.
- Touch Menu > Software Downloads > Menu. 2)
- 3) Touch No.

GARMIN



Disabling Automatic Software Downloads

Appendix C



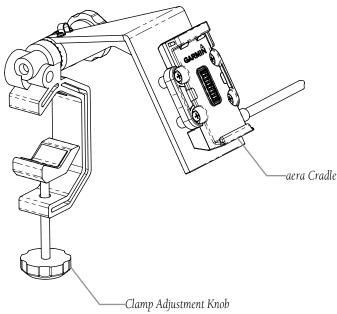
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APPENDIX D: INSTALLATION AND INTERFACING

MOUNTING THE aera 660 IN THE AIRCRAFT

The aera 660 yoke mount comes fully assembled as shown below. The yoke mount is designed to fit the majority of conventional aircraft yokes and center column controls.



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WARNING: It is the sole responsibility of the owner/operator of the aera 660 to place this mount and secure the unit so that it will not interfere with the aircraft's operating controls and safety devices, or cause damage or personal injury in the event of an accident or turbulence. Do no mount the aera 660 where the pilot or passengers are likely to impact it in an accident, collision, or turbulence. The mounting hardware provided by Garmin is not warranted against turbulence, collision damage, or related consequences.

NOTE: After installation, verify flight controls are free and clear per the flight manual of the applicable aircraft and that the aera 660 yoke mount and wiring do not cause any interference with the flight controls.





NOTE: Readjust the position of the aera 660 to provide the best view of the display screen as lighting conditions change.

Attaching the yoke mount to the yoke shaft or control arm:

- Open the clamp by turning the Clamp Adjustment Knob until it can be 1) easily placed over the yoke shaft or control arm. Install the yoke mount as far from the panel as is practical.
- 2) When in place, tighten the Clamp Adjustment Knob to secure the yoke mount to the voke shaft or control arm.
- 3) Loosen the Cradle Adjustment Knob, then orient the aera 660 as desired.
- Tighten the Cradle Adjustment Knob to hold the aera 660 in place. 4)
- 5) Connect power/data cables.

Attaching the aera 660 to the yoke mount:

- Fit the bottom of the aera 660 into the cradle. 1)
- 2) Tilt the aera 660 back until it snaps into place.

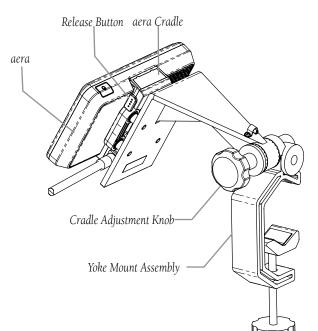
Removing the aera 660 from the yoke mount:

- Press the Release Button on the side of the mount to release the aera 660. 1)
- 2) Lift out the aera 660.

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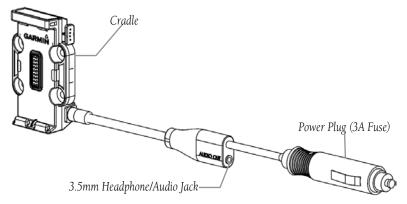


Appendix D



Connecting the cables:

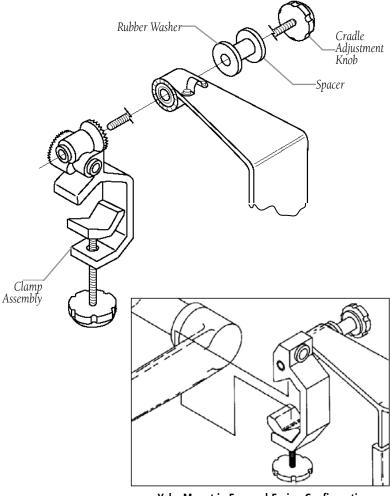
Make all applicable cable connections.



Reconfiguring the yoke mount for center column yokes:

- Loosen and remove the Cradle Adjustment Knob, spacer, and rubber 1) washer.
- Rotate the clamp assembly 90° so that the clamp opening faces away from 2) you.
- Secure the clamp assembly to the rest of the yoke mount using the Cradle 3) Adjustment Knob, spacer, and rubber washer. Adjust the clamp angle before fully tightening the Cradle Adjustment Knob.

Yoke Mount in Conventional Configuration



Yoke Mount in Forward-Facing Configuration

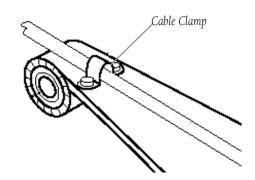
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Securing the cable on the top of the yoke mount:

- 1) Remove the screws securing the cable clamp.
- 2) Orient the cable and secure the clamp with the screws.



Removing the yoke mount from the yoke shaft (or control arm):

- 1) Disconnect the cable connectors from the aircraft.
- **2)** Loosen the clamp by turning the Clamp Adjustment Knob until the clamp assembly can be easily removed from the yoke shaft or control arm.

CONNECTING TO A GARMIN VHF COMM RADIO

The aera 660 can also output frequency data to a Garmin aviation radio. For additional information refer to the applicable installation manual. Currently the following models are supported:

SL30 NAV/COMM

GNC 255

SL40 COMM

GTR 200

• GTR 225



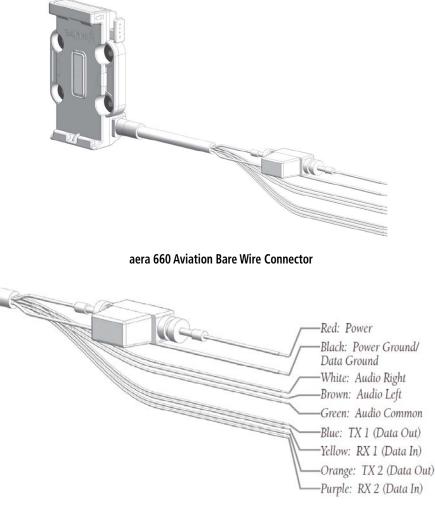
NOTE: For additional information refer to the SL30 NAV/COMM, SL40 COMM, GTR 225, GNC 255, or GTR 200 installation manual.

CAUTION: This interface does not have an FAA installation airworthiness approval. If any tuning or operational abnormalities are encountered with the SL30 nav/comm, SL40 comm, GTR 225, GNC 255, or GTR 200, disconnect the aera 660 from the applicable tuning interface.



Outputting frequency data to a SL40, SL30, GTR 200, GTR 225, or GNC 255 nav/comm radio:

Connect the aera 660 to the applicable nav/comm radio using the Aviation 1) Bare Wire Connector (optional accessory).



aera 660 Aviation Bare Wire Connections



- 2) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Interface.
- 3) Touch the Serial Data Format Button. A vertical list is displayed.
- 4) Touch ' Aviation In/NMEA & VHF Out' or 'GTX TIS-A In/NMEA & VHF Out'. These comm modes send both NMEA data and VHF frequency information.

The following features are now available on the radio:

- Remote frequency lists for departure, enroute, and arrival airports.
- Nearest VOR frequencies (SL30 only).

The aera 660 can also directly tune a standby frequency.

Selecting a standby comm frequency:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Waypoint > Freq Tab
- **2)** Touch the desired frequency from the list. The frequency is now tuned in standby.

INFORMATION ABOUT USB DRIVERS

When connecting the aera 660 to a USB port, the computer prompts you to locate the destination of the drivers for the device. Only install the drivers once. After the drivers are installed, your computer always detects your aera 660 when it is connected. USB driver updates can be found at www.garmin.com.

INTERFACING

The following formats are supported for connection of external devices: NMEA 0180, 0182, 0183 (versions 1.5, 2.0, 2.3, 3.01), ASCII Text Output, and Garmin proprietary formats for connecting to a Mode S transponder for TIS-A data, and to a Garmin aviation NAV/COM radio.

The following are the Approved Sentences for NMEA 0183, version 3.01 output: GPRMC, GPGGA, GPGSA, GPGSV, GPGLL, GPBOD, GPRTE, and GPWPL. The following are the Proprietary Sentences for NMEA 0183, version 3.01 output: PGRME, PGRMZ, PGRMM, and PGRMH.

Garmin's proprietary communication protocol is available from the Web site (www. garmin.com).



GENERAL INTERFACE SETUP

The Interface Setup controls the input/output format used when connecting the unit to external devices.

Selecting an interface:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Interface**. 1)
- 2) Touch Serial Port 1 or Serial Port 2.
- Touch **Serial Data Format**. A vertical list is displayed. 3)
- 4) Touch the desired data format ('Garmin Data Transfer', 'NMEA Out', 'Aviation In', 'Aviation In/NMEA & VHF Out', 'GTX TIS-A In', 'GTX TIS-A In/NMEA & VHF Out', 'Garmin Data Transfer', 'MapMX', or 'None'.

Restoring interface defaults:

From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Interface > Menu > Restore Default.

SERIAL DATA FORMATS

- **None:** Provides no interfacing capabilities.
- **NMEA Out**: Transmits NMEA position, velocity, and navigation data.
- Aviation In: The proprietary format used for connection to a Garmin panel-mounted • GPS receiver. This eliminates the need to enter the destination on both units. If the external device supports both the Aviation In and MapMX formats, Garmin recommends using the preferred MapMX format.
- Aviation In/NMEA & VHF Out: Receives aviation data and transmits out both NMEA data, at 9600 baud, and VHF frequency tuning information to a Garmin Nav/Comm radio.
- GTX TIS-A In: Receives TIS-A data from a Garmin Mode S transponder or other compatible device.
- GTX TIS-A In/NMEA & VHF Out: Receives TIS data and transmits out both NMEA data. at 9600 baud, and VHF frequency tuning information to a Garmin Nav/Comm radio.
- Garmin Data Transfer: The proprietary format used to exchange data with a PC, weather/traffic device, or another Garmin aera 660.

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- **Connext 57600 Baud**: Connext datalink source at 57600 baud. Used to receive ADS-B traffic and weather data if connected to a compatible receiver.
- **MapMX**: Receives flight plan and navigation data from Garmin navigators. When MapMX data is received, a more accurate depiction of the flight plan legs are displayed on the moving map (i.e., holds, procedure turns, etc.). MapMX is the preferred data source when interfacing with Garmin navigators.

Advanced NMEA Output Setup

If interfacing the aera 660 with another piece of equipment (such as an autopilot), the unit needs to be set to output NMEA data. If the NMEA output mode is set to 'Fast', the unit will output a minimum number of NMEA sentences at 1-second intervals. If the NMEA output is set to 'Normal', the unit will output a greater number NMEA sentences as 2-second intervals.

Setting NMEA output mode:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Interface.
- 2) Touch Serial Data Format. A vertical list is displayed.
- 3) Touch 'NMEA Out'.
- 4) Touch NMEA Output Mode to toggle between 'Normal' or 'Fast'.

NMEA Sentence Output:

- Normal Mode: GPRMB, GPRMC, GPGGA, GPGSA, GPGSV, GPGLL, GPBWC, GPVTG, GPXTE, GPBOD, GPRTE, GPWPL, GPAPB, PGRME, PGRMZ, PGRMM, and PGRMH.
- Fast Mode: GPRMB, GPRMC, PGRMZ, and PGRMH.

CONFIGURING AERA 660 FOR A GDL 39

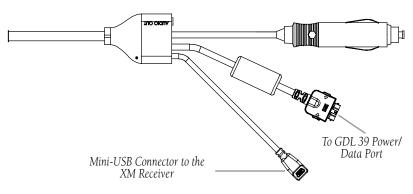
To receive weather and traffic information from the GDL 39, the GDL 39 must be connected to the aera using the 'GDL 39 Power/Data Cable to aera 660 Series (P/N 010-12373-02), using a Bluetooth connection, or through a bare wire installation (aera bare wire cable P/N 010-11756-01 to GDL 39 bare wire cable P/N 010-11686-40). The GDL 39 can only be connected to Serial Port 1 on the aera. The aera must also be configured correctly to receive traffic and weather information from the GDL 39 as described below.



Configuring aera for a GDL 39:

- Connect the aera to the GDL 39 through the Power/Data Cable. 1)
- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Interface**. 2)
- Touch the 'Serial Data Format' field. A vertical list is displayed. 3)
- Touch 'Garmin Data Transfer'. Garmin Data Transfer is only available on 4) Serial Port 1.
- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Data Link** to view GDL 39 5) connection status.

CAUTION: Never remove power from the aera or GDL 39 during a software update. Anytime the aera software is updated it may also contain firmware updates for products such as the GDL 39. The aera software will update first, after the unit reboots it will update the firmware of a connected GDL 39. You can view the GDL 39 update progress on the Data Link Information Page.



GDL 39 Power/Data Cable to aera



Connection	aera Bare Wire Color	GDL 39 Bare Wire Color	
TX1 (Data Out) from aera	TX1 Blue Wire	White/Green Wire	
RX1 (Data In) into aera	RX1 Yellow Wire	Green Wire	

aera Aviation Bare Wire Connections to GDL 39

CONFIGURING AERA 660 FOR A GDL 51/52

To receive weather and traffic information from the GDL 51/52, the GDL 51/52 must be connected to the aera using the GDL 51/52 Power/Data Cable to Aera 660 Series (P/N 010-12373-02), using a Bluetooth connection, or through a bare wire installation (aera bare wire cable P/N 010-12373-01 or bare wire cable P/N 010-11686-40). The GDL 51/52 can be connected to Serial Port 1 or Serial Port 2 on the aera as long as the respective port is configured appropriately. The aera must also be configured correctly to receive traffic and weather information from the GDL 51/52 as described below.

Configuring aera for a GDL 51/52:

- 1) Connect the aera to the GDL 51/52 through the Power/Data Cable.
- 2) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Setup > Interface.
- 3) Touch Serial Port 1 or Serial Port 2.
- 4) Touch the 'Serial Data Format' field. A vertical list is displayed.
- 5) Touch 'Connext 57600 Baud'.
- **6)** From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Data Link** to view GDL 51/52 connection status.

CAUTION: Never remove power from the aera or GDL 51/52 during a software update. Anytime the aera software is updated it may also contain firmware updates for products such as the GDL 51/52. The aera software will update first, after the unit reboots it will update the firmware of a connected GDL 51/52. You can view the GDL 51/52 update progress on the Data Link Information Page.

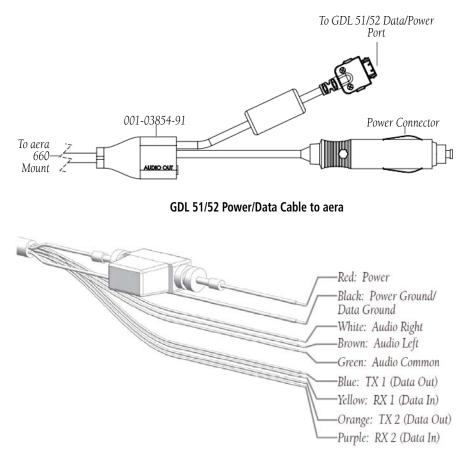
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Overview

Navigation

Additional Features Hazard Avoidance Flight Planning





aera 660 Aviation Bare Wire Connections

Connection	aera Bare Wire Color	GDL 51/52 Bare Wire Color
TX1 (Data Out) from aera	TX1 Blue Wire	White/Green Wire
RX1 (Data In) into aera	RX1 Yellow Wire	Green Wire
TX2 (Data Out) from aera	TX2 Orange Wire	White/Orange Wire
RX2 (Data In) into aera	RX2 Purple Wire	Orange Wire

aera Aviation Bare Wire Connections to GDL 51/52





PAIRING A GDL OR GTX DEVICE VIA BLUETOOTH

Pairing a GDL or GTX via Bluetooth:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Setup** > **Bluetooth**. 1)
- Touch Bluetooth **On/Off** to turn on the Bluetooth. 2)
- 3) Touch **Not Connected** next to the device name. A Bluetooth Passkev window will open.
- Touch **OK**. 4)
- 5) Touch **Connected** to disconnect

The Bluetooth Setup Menu provides several options for connecting to Bluetooth devices. Manage Paired Devices can enable Automatic Reconnect and remove connections on a per-device basis.

PAIRING THE GDL 51/52 TO AN AUDIO DEVICE

The GDL 51/52 can also be paired using its internal Bluetooth connection to play audio.

Pairing the GDL 51/52 to an audio device:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Data Link**. 1)
- Touch Menu > Manage Connext Bluetooth. 2)
- Touch Menu. 3)
 - a) To add a device, touch Add Audio Devices > Pair Device.
 - b) To remove a device, touch Remove Paired Devices and touch the red X to select the desired device

USING AN EXTERNAL GPS ANTENNA (OPTIONAL)

The optional GA25 external antenna can be used. Connect the antenna to the connector located on the left side of the unit

Appendix D



24 1 (P. Nap External Antenna Connector 0 D

External Antenna Connector



BATTERY INFORMATION

GARMIN

The aera 660 contains a user-replaceable, lithium-ion battery. To maximize the lifetime of the battery, do not leave the aera 660 in direct sunlight, and avoid prolonged exposure to excessive heat.

The **battery** icon in the top right of the screen indicates the status of the aera 660 battery. To increase the accuracy of the battery gauge, fully discharge the battery and fully charge it. Do not unplug the aera 660 until it is fully charged.

MAXIMIZING THE BATTERY LIFE

- Turn down the backlight (refer to the 'System Settings' chapter of this section).
- Do not leave the unit in direct sunlight, in a cool (not freezing) place. When storing the unit, store within the following temperature ranges: safe storage -15° to 55° C, or long term storage 0° to 25° C.
- \bullet Do not operate the unit outside of the following temperature range: -15° to 55° C.
- Avoid prolonged exposure to excessive heat.

REPLACING THE BATTERY IN THE AERA 660

To replace the battery, use a Garmin lithium-ion battery 010-11654-03. Purchase a replacement battery at http://buy.garmin.com. Contact the local waste disposal department for information about properly disposing of the battery.

CHANGING THE FUSE

If the unit does not charge, the fuse may need to be replaced.

- 1) Unscrew the round end piece, and remove it.
- **2)** Remove the fuse (glass and silver cylinder), and replace with a 3A fast-blow fuse.
- 3) Ensure that the silver tip is placed in the end piece. Screw on the end piece.



End Piece Silver Tip Fuse

CLEANING THE CASING

The aera 660 is constructed of high-quality materials and does not require user maintenance other than cleaning. Clean the outer casing (not the touchscreen) using a cloth dampened with a mild detergent solution, and then wipe dry. Avoid chemical cleaners and solvents that can damage plastic components.

CLEANING THE TOUCHSCREEN

The aera 660 display uses a lens coated with a special coating that is very sensitive to abrasive cleaners. AVOID CHEMICAL CLEANERS AND SOLVENTS THAT WILL HARM THE SPECIAL COATING. It is very important when cleaning the touchscreen to use a clean, lint-free cloth (lightly dampened with water, if necessary).

PROTECTING THE UNIT

- Do not store the aera 660 where prolonged exposure to extreme temperature can occur.
- Though a PDA stylus can be used to operate the touchscreen, never attempt this while operating an aircraft. Never use a hard or sharp object to operate the touchscreen.

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AVOIDING THEFT

- Remove the unit from sight when not in use.
- Do not keep the unit in the glove compartment.
- Register the product at http://my.garmin.com.

Appendix E



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APPENDIX F: GENERAL TIS-A INFORMATION



NOTE: Aircraft without an operational transponder are invisible to TIS-A.

WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for collision avoidance maneuvering. The traffic display does not provide collision avoidance resolution advisories and does not, under any circumstances or conditions, relieve the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft.



WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information to accurately depict all of the traffic within range of the aircraft. Due to lack of equipment, poor signal reception, and/or inaccurate information from aircraft or ground stations, traffic may be present that is not represented on the display.

The Traffic Information Service (TIS-A) provides traffic advisory information to non-TAS/TCAS-equipped aircraft. TIS-A is a ground-based service providing the relative locations of all ATCRBS (Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System) Mode-A and Mode-C transponder equipped aircraft within a specified service volume. The TIS-A ground sensor uses real-time track reports to generate traffic notification. The aera 660 displays TIS-A traffic information on the Navigation Map. Surveillance data includes all transponder-equipped aircraft within the coverage volume. The aera 660 displays up to eight traffic targets within a 7.5-nm radius, from 3,000 feet below, to 3,500 feet above the requesting aircraft.

TIS-A VS. TAS/TCAS

The main difference between the Traffic Information System (TIS-A) and Traffic Advisory (TAS) or Traffic Collision Avoidance Systems (TCAS) is the source of surveillance data. TAS/TCAS uses an airborne interrogator with a half-second update rate, while TIS-A utilizes the terminal Mode-S ground interrogator and accompanying data link to provide a five-second update rate. TIS-A and TAS/TCAS have similar ranges.



TIS-A LIMITATIONS

TIS-A relies on surveillance of the Mode-S radar system, which is a "secondary surveillance" radar system similar to that used by ATCRBS. Many limitations are inherent in secondary radar surveillance. Information provided by TIS-A is neither better nor more accurate than the information used by ATC. TIS-A is intended only to assist in visual acquisition of other aircraft in visual meteorological conditions (VMC). While TIS-A is a useful aid for visual traffic avoidance, system limitations must be considered to ensure proper use. No recommended avoidance maneuvers are given, nor authorized, as a direct result of a TIS-A intruder display or TIS-A advisory.

- TIS-A operation may be intermittent during turns or other maneuvering.
- TIS-A is dependent on two-way, line-of-sight communications between the aircraft and the Mode-S radar antenna. Whenever the structure of the aircraft comes between the transponder antenna and the ground-based radar antenna, the signal may be temporarily interrupted.

NOTE: Refer to the TIS-A Limitations section of the Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM) for a more comprehensive explanation of limitations and anomalies associated with TIS-A.



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NOTE: TIS-A is unavailable at low altitudes in many areas of the United States. This is often the case in mountainous regions.

NOTE: Garmin is not responsible for Mode S geographical coverage. Operation of the ground stations is the responsibility of the FAA. Refer to the AIM for a Terminal Mode S radar site map.



Appendix F

TIS-A information is collected during a single radar sweep. Collected information is then sent through the Mode S uplink on the next radar sweep. Because of this, the surveillance information is approximately five seconds old. TIS-A ground station tracking software uses prediction algorithms to compensate for this delay. These algorithms use track history data to calculate expected intruder positions consistent with the time of display. Occasionally, aircraft maneuvering may cause variations in this calculation and create slight errors on the Navigation Map which affect relative bearing information and the target track vector and may delay display of the intruder information. However, intruder distance and altitude typically remain relatively accurate and may be used to assist in spotting traffic. The following errors are common examples:

- When the client or intruder aircraft maneuvers excessively or abruptly, the tracking algorithm may report incorrect horizontal position until the maneuvering aircraft stabilizes.
- When a rapidly closing intruder is on a course that intercepts the client aircraft course at a shallow angle (either overtaking or head-on) and either aircraft abruptly changes course within 0.25 nm, TIS-A may display the intruder aircraft on the incorrect side of the client aircraft.

These are rare occurrences and are typically resolved within a few radar sweeps once the client/intruder aircraft course stabilizes.

Pilots using TIS-A can provide valuable assistance in the correction of malfunctions by reporting observations of undesirable performance. Reports should identify the time of observation, location, type and identity of the aircraft, and describe the condition observed. Reports should also include the type of transponder and transponder software version. Since TIS-A performance is monitored by maintenance personnel, not ATC, malfunctions should be reported in the following ways:

- By telephone to the nearest Flight Service Station (FSS) facility
- By FAA Form 8000-7, Safety Improvement Report (postage-paid card can be obtained) at FAA FSSs, General Aviation District Offices, Flight Standards District Offices, and General Aviation Fixed Base Operators)

Appendix F



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APPENDIX G: UTILITIES

FLIGHT LOG

The Flight Log shows a list of any recorded flights, including date, route of flight, and flight time. The aera 660 saves up to 50 recorded flights. Entries on this list are automatically created for each flight.

Recording begins when your speed exceeds 30 knots and you gain 250 feet of altitude. If you land and groundspeed drops below 30 knots, the flight entry is saved and a new entry is recorded when you depart the airport. A touch-and-go or brief stop of less than 10 minutes appends to the current flight record, rather than starting a new entry.

VIEWING THE FLIGHT LOG

Select any listed entry in the log to view additional information, including a map displaying the actual path flown.

Viewing details for a flight:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Flight Log**. 1)
- Touch the desired flight log. Route, date, hours, distance, and the flight 2) path are displayed.



Flight Log



DELETING FLIGHT RECORDS

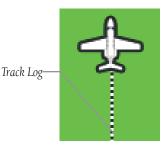
You can delete the highlighted flight record or delete all flight records from the Flight Log.

Deleting flight records:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Flight Log**. 1)
- 2) Touch the desired flight log (if applicable).
- 3) Touch Menu > Delete Flight > Yes.

TRACK LOG

The aera 660 draws an electronic breadcrumb trail or "track log" on the Navigation Map. The track log contains points along its path, including time, and location for each point.



Track Log (Navigation Map)

🗐 Track Log	🖲 🚰 🖬 🗶 🖛 10:294	Saved Tra	:k	294
Active Track Memory Used			Name	Zoom
FLIGHT	267 Points			25 Zoor
Track 01	900 Points		Black	5
			Show On Map	-E Dire
Track 02	251 Points	TIMALE COMPANY OF ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL AL	B	S Me
			Distance 50.6% Points 267	



The track log starts recording as soon as the aera 660 gets a location fix. For the best results, clear the track log before each flight.

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The percentage of memory used by the current track log appears at the top of the Track Log Window. After the track log is cleared, it shows zero percent. When the screen reaches 100%, the most recent track points start to overwrite the least recent track points (if 'Wrap' is selected in the Record Mode Field). To avoid losing track points, save the track log when it approaches the 99% mark.

The Save feature allows storage of up to 15 track logs.

Showing/hiding the track log on the Navigation Map:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Map > Menu > Set Up.
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon and touch the Line Group.
- 3) Touch Track Log button and touch Show or Hide.

Changing track log settings:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Map > Menu > Set Up.
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon and touch the Line Group.
- 3) Touch the Track Log Record Mode button and touch Off, Fill, or Wrap.
- Touch the Track Log Interval button and touch Auto, Distance, or Time.
- **5)** Touch the **Track Log Color** button and touch the desired color from the list.

Track Log settings are also available from the Track Log Option Menu

- Track Log—Select 'Show' or 'Hide' to display/remove the track log on the map.
- Track Record Mode—'Off' disables track log recording. 'Fill' records a track log until the track log is full (100%). 'Wrap' records over the oldest tracks when the track log reaches 100%.
- Track Interval—'Distance' records track points after a specified distance has been traveled. 'Time' creates track points after a specified time has elapsed. 'Automatic' saves points that occur after changes in navigation.
- Track Color—Select a color for the track when it appears on the map.

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Overview

Clearing the track log:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Track Log**. 1)
- Touch the desired track log (if applicable). 2)
- 3) Touch Menu.
- Touch Clear Active Track or Delete All Saved Tracks. 4)
- 5) Touch Yes.

Saving a track log:

- From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Track Log > Menu > Save 1) Active Track.
- Touch the Save button and touch 'Entire Active Track', 'Past 24 Hours', 2) 'Past 7 Days', 'Selected Flight', or 'Specific Dates'.
- Enter the Selected Flight or Specified Dates (if applicable) and touch **OK**. 3)

Editing a track log:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Track Log**. 1)
- 2) Touch the desired track log.
- 3) Touch desired field to edit (Track Name, Show On Map, or Color).

TRACK VECTOR

The aera 660 draws an electronic "Track Vector" on the Navigation Map. The Track Vector can be set to time or distance.



Track Vector Setup

Garmin aera 660 Pilot's Guide

190-02017-20 Rev. E



Changing the track vector settings on the Navigation Map:

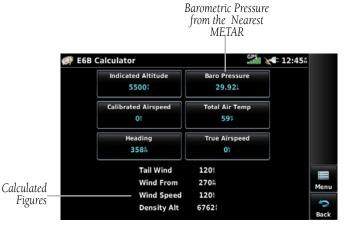
- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Map > Menu > Set Up.
- 2) Touch the Dedicated Page Icon and touch the 'Line' Group.
- 3) Touch the Track Vector button and touch Off, Distance, or Time.
- **4)** If **Distance** is selected, use the keypad to enter the desired distance and touch **Enter**.
- 5) If Time is selected, use the + / buttons to select the desired time.

E6B CALCULATOR

The E6B Calculator calculates Density Altitude, True Airspeed, Tail Wind, Wind From, and Wind Speed, based on information entered.

Accessing the E6B calculator:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **E6B**.





- **Indicated Altitude**—required entry for density altitude/true airspeed calculation. Enter the aircraft's altimeter reading.
- Baro Pressure—enter the current barometric pressure.
- **Calibrated Airspeed** required entry for density altitude/true airspeed calculation. Enter the aircraft's airspeed indicator value.

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- **Total Air Temp** required entry for density altitude/true airspeed calculation. Total Air Temperature (TAT) is the temperature of the air including the heating effect caused by speed. The temperature reading on a standard outside air temperature gauge found on most piston aircraft is TAT.
- Heading— required entry for winds aloft calculation. Use heading from the aircraft's heading indicator or directional gyro.
- **True Airspeed** (calculated or user-entered figure) determined from entry of calibrated airspeed, barometric pressure, and total air temperature. This can also be entered directly for winds aloft calculations.
- **Tail Wind** (calculated figure) determined from entry of heading and true airspeed.
- Wind From—(calculated figure) determined from entry of heading and true airspeed.
- Wind Speed—(calculated figure) determined from entry of heading and true airspeed.
- **Density Altitude** (calculated figure) determined from entry of indicated altitude, barometric pressure and total air temperature.

Calculating true airspeed and density altitude:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **E6B**, enter the altitude shown on 1) the altimeter into the 'Indicated Altitude' field.
- Repeat for 'Calibrated Airspeed', 'Baro Pressure', and 'Total Air 2) Temperature' fields. (For Calibrated Airspeed, use the speed shown on the airspeed indicator. Use the current altimeter setting for Baro Pressure. Total Air Temperature is the temperature of the outside air including the heating effect caused by speed. For most aircraft, this is the temperature reading on a standard outside air temperature gauge.) The calculated figures for True Airspeed and Density Altitude are shown in the designated fields.

Calculating winds aloft:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **E6B**, calculate or enter the true 1) airspeed into the 'True Airspeed' field.
- 2) Enter the aircraft heading shown on the directional gyro or compass into the 'Heading' field. Tail Wind, Wind From, and Wind Speed are calculated.

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NOTE: If True North is selected as the heading reference, a heading referenced

Restoring E6B calculator defaults:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **E6B** > **Menu** > **Restore Default**.

to True North must be used to calculate winds accurately.

AIRCRAFT PROFILE

The Aircraft Profile allows the pilot to select cruising speed, maximum speed, fuel flow, and map symbol. These values will be saved in the aera 660 unit even while powered off. The unit can save up to 10 aircraft profiles.

The maximum speed is used to define the range for airspeed on the 3D Vision Page and is automatically updated if you exceed this figure.

Accessing the aircraft profile:

From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Profile

🛓 Profile	GPS	1 6-A
Aircraft identifier	N1234A 👻	Up V Down
Map symbol	y jet -	
Aircraft fuel type	AvGas 👻	
Flight planning fuel flow	8.0/~	Menu



Entering an aircraft profile:

- 1) From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Profile**
- Touch the Aircraft Name Button to access a vertical list of saved profiles. 2)
- 3) Touch the **Map Symbol** button and touch the desired symbol from the list.
- Touch the Aircraft Fuel Type button and touch the desired fuel type from 4) the list.
- Touch the Flight Planning Fuel Flow button and enter the fuel flow 5) using the keypad. Touch Enter.

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- Touch the Flight Planning Cruise Speed button and enter the cruise 6) speed using the keypad. Touch **Enter**.
- 7) Touch the **Maximum Aircraft Speed** button and enter the max speed using the keypad. Touch **Enter**.

profiles, an identifier for the default aircraft must be specified first.

Enter the new Aircraft Name using the keypad, and touch **OK**.

Renaming a saved aircraft profile:

Touch **Menu** > **Rename**.

Deleting a saved aircraft profile:

Touch the desired profile from the list.

Touch the desired profile from the list.

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Profile**.

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **Profile**.

NOTE: The identifier is optional, and aircraft parameters can be changed

without specifying an identifier. However, in order to add additional aircraft

Touch the Aircraft Name Button to access a vertical list of saved profiles.

Touch the Aircraft Name Button to access a vertical list of saved profiles.

Navigation

 $\langle \rangle$

1) 2)

3) 4)

5)

1)

2) 3)

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4) Touch **Menu** > **Delete**. 5) Touch **Yes**.

WEIGHT & BALANCE

Weight & Balance may be used during pre-flight preparations to verify the weight and balance conditions of the aircraft. By entering the weight and arm values, the aera 660 can calculate the total weight, moment, and center of gravity (CG).

Before entering the various figures, the empty weight of the airplane and the arm (or "station") for each weight should be determined. These figures should be determined using the pilot's operating handbook for the airplane, which also notes the weight limitations and fore/aft CG limits. Compare those figures to the values calculated by the aera 660.

Fuel units specified in an Aircraft Profile will carry over to the Weight & Balance page. Once the Weight & Balance page is set to use the same fuel units as in the current Aircraft Profile, the Weight & Balance page will inherit the setting from the Profile.



To perform weight and balance calculations:

- 1) From the Main Menu, touch Tools > Weight & Balance
- 2) Touch the fields to enter the desired weights and arms (or "stations"). The calculated moment, weight, and CG figures appear at the bottom of the screen. Keep in mind that the "Aircraft" (empty weight/arm) figures must be entered as a reference to calculate a valid moment, weight, and CG.
- To empty the aircraft, touch **Menu** > **Empty Aircraft**. 3)

NOTE: This information is only for flight planning purposes. Consult the aircraft's pilot operating handbook for the official weight and balance data.

Weight & B	alance		GPS 1:20Å	
We	eight	Units	Arm	Up
Aircraft	1151	lb	+30.00	Down
Usable Fuel	147	gal avgas	0.00	
Pilot	180	lb	+39.00	Menu
loment	48570	[9
Weight Center of Gravity	2393 20.30	lb		Back

Weight & Balance

PROXIMITY WAYPOINTS

The Proximity Waypoints allows the pilot to define an alarm circle around a waypoint location.

Proximity Proximity



Proximity Waypoints

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Defining proximity waypoints:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **User Waypoint** > **Proximity** Tab 1) > Menu > New Proximity Waypoint.
- Touch Use Identifier or Use Map. 2)
- Enter the desired identifier or pan the map. 3)
- 4) Touch the newly created Proximity Waypoint and touch Edit Radius.
- Enter the desired radius using the keypad and touch **Enter**. 5)

Setting up and customizing proximity waypoints for the Navigation Map:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **User Waypoint** > **Proximity** Tab > Menu > Enable/Disable Proximity Alarms.

Or:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Map** > **Menu** > **Set Up**. 1)
- Touch the Dedicated Page Icon and touch the **Point** Group. 2)
- Touch the **Proximity Circle** button and touch the desired settings ('**Off**', 3) 'Auto', or Range Settings).

Deleting proximity waypoints:

- From the **Main Menu**, touch **Tools** > **User Waypoint** > **Proximity** Tab. 1)
 - **a)** Touch the desired proximity waypoint.
 - b) Touch Delete Proximity Waypoint.

Or:

- a) Touch Menu.
- b) Touch Delete All.
- 2) Touch Yes.

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APPENDIX H: DISPLAY SYMBOLS

VFR SYMBOLS

ltem	Symbol
Unknown	•
Non-towered, Non-serviced	٥
Towered, Non-serviced	٥
Non-towered, Serviced	\diamond
Towered, Serviced	\diamond
Soft Surface, Non-serviced	0
Soft Surface, Serviced	¢
Soft Surface, Private	0
Paved, Private	0
Seaplane Base	٥
Heliport	0

Americas/Pacific Database Airports

Item	Symbol
Civilian, Non-serviced	•
Military, Non-serviced	0
Civilian, Serviced	•
Military, Serviced	
Civilian, Soft/Unknown Surface, Non-serviced	
Civilian, Soft/Unknown Surface, Serviced	•

Atlantic Database Airports

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ltem	Symbol
Intersection	۵
Visual Reporting Point	٠
LOM (compass locator at outer marker)	۲
NDB (non-directional radio beacon)	۲
VOR	۲
VOR/DME	0
ILS/DME or DME only	
VORTAC	1
TACAN	1

ltem	Symbol
Interstate Highway	
US Highway	ΰ
State Highway	0
National Highway	
Small City	٠
Medium City	٠
Large City	•

Miscellaneous

Navaids

IFR SYMBOLS

Item	Symbol	ltem	Symbol
VFR, Soft/unknown Surface, Non-serviced		Low-Altitude	VIDE
VFR, Soft/unknown Surface, Serviced	•	High- Altitude	J146
Atlantic Database Airports			A !

Airways



Appendix H

ltem	Symbol	ltem	Symbol
Unknown		Intersection	
VFR Airport, Non-serviced		LOM (compass locator at outer marker)	
IFR Airport, Non-serviced	٢	NDB (non-directional radio beacon)	۲
VFR Airport, Serviced	¢	VOR	ø
IFR Airport, Serviced	\diamond	VOR/DME	Ø
VFR, Soft Surface, Non- serviced	0	ILS/DME or DME Only	Ū
VFR, Soft Surface, Serviced		VORTAC	Ø
VFR, Soft Surface, Private	ß	TACAN	Ø
VFR, Paved, Private	R	Navaids	1
VFR Seaplane Base	•		
VFR Heliport	0		

Americas/Pacific Database Airports



AIRSPACE SYMBOLS

ltem	Symbol	ltem	Symbol
Class B, Class E, CTA		Class B, Class E, CTA	
Class A, Class C, IMA		Class A, Class C, TMA, TRSA	
Class D		Class D	
Mode C Veil		MOA	
TRSA		Danger, Alert, or Training Area	
MOA	լուսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսսս	Restricted, Prohibited, or	
Danger, Alert, or Training Area		Warning Area	
Restricted, Prohibited, or Warning Area	RAMIN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	ATZ, TIZ	
Radar Area		Misc/Unknown	
ATZ, TIZ		IFR Americas/F	acific Database
MATZ			
ADIZ	-8888888	1	
Misc/Unknown			

VFR Americas/Pacific Database

Overview



Item	Symbol
Danger or Alert Area	սուուուն
Restricted, Prohibited, or Warning Area	
Training Area	AAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

VFR Atlantic Database Exceptions

ltem	Symbol
Training Area	****

IFR Atlantic Database Exceptions

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APPENDIX I: MAP DATUM AND LOCATION FORMATS

MAP DATUMS

A datum is a mathematical model of the Earth that approximates the shape of the Earth and enables calculations to be carried out in a consistent and accurate manner. The datum is physically represented by a framework of ground monuments (such as trig. stations) whose locations have been accurately measured and calculated on this reference surface. Lines of latitude and longitude on a chart are referenced to a specific map datum. Every chart has a map datum reference and the aera 660 can be set to match most of those commonly used.

LOCATION FORMATS

Your current location can be viewed on the GPS in the form of coordinates. Since different charts use different location formats, Garmin GPS units allow you to choose the correct coordinate system for the type of chart you are using. The most common format is latitude and longitude, which is used by all Garmin units. You can change the location format to use with other coordinate systems. Several other grids, including a user-definable grid (for the advanced user), are available.

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APPENDIX J: GLOSSARY

ADIZ	Air Defense Identification Zone
ADS-B	Automatic Dependant Surveillance -Broadcast
ADS-B In	Ability to receive ADS-B information from other aircraft and Ground Based Transceivers (GBTs)
ADS-B Out	Ability to transmit ADS-B data on 1090 ES or 978 MHz
ADS-B Participating Aircraft	An aircraft that has both ADS-B In and ADS-B Out capabilities.
ADS-R	Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Rebroadcast
AGL	Above Ground Level
AIRMET	Airman's Meteorological Information
ARTCC	Air Route Traffic Control Center
ASOS	Automated Surface Observing System
ATC	Air Traffic Control
ATIS	Automatic Terminal Information Service
AWOS	Automated Weather Observing System
Bearing	The compass direction from the present position to a destination waypoint.
°C	degrees Celsius
Calibrated Airspeed	Indicated airspeed corrected for installation and instrument errors.
cm	centimeter
COM	communication radio
Course	The line between two points to be followed by the aircraft.
Course to Steer	The recommended direction to steer in order to reduce course error or stay on course. Provides the most efficient heading to get back to the desired course and proceed along the flight plan.

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Crosstrack Error	The distance the aircraft is off a desired course in either direction, left or right.
dBZ	decibels 'Z' (radar return)
deg	degree
Desired Track	The desired course between the active "from" and "to" waypoints.
DIS	distance
Distance	The 'great circle' distance from the present position to a destination waypoint.
DME	Distance Measuring Equipment
DTK	Desired Track
Enroute Safe Altitude	The recommended minimum altitude within ten miles left or right of the desired course on an active flight plan or direct-
	to.
ESA	Enroute Safe Altitude
Estimated Time of Arrival	The estimated time at which the aircraft should reach the destination waypoint, based upon current speed and track.
Estimated Time Enroute	The estimated time it takes to reach the destination waypoint from the present position, based upon current ground speed.
ETA	Estimated Time of Arrival
ETE	Estimated Time Enroute
°F	degrees Fahrenheit
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FAF	Final Approach Fix
FCC	Federal Communication Commission
FIS-B	Flight Information Service-Broadcast
fpm	feet per minute

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FSS ft	Flight Service Station foot/feet
gal Glide Ratio, G/R gph	gallon(s) The estimated distance an aircraft will move forward for any given amount of lost altitude. gallons per hour
GPS	Global Positioning System
Grid MORA	Grid Minimum Off-Route Altitude; one degree latitude by one degree longitude in size and clears the highest elevation reference point in the grid by 1000 feet for all areas of the grid
Ground-Based Transceiver	Provides ADS-R, TIS-B and FIS-B broadcasts to ADS-B participating aircraft.
Groundspeed	The velocity that the aircraft is travelling relative to a ground position.
Ground Track	see Track
GS	Ground speed
Heading Hg hPa	The direction an aircraft is pointed, based upon indications from a magnetic compass or a properly set directional gyro. mercury
hr	hectopascal hour
HSI	Horizontal Situation Indicator
Hz	Hertz
iaf Iat Icao Ifr	Initial Approach Fix Indicated Air Temperature International Civil Aviation Organization Instrument Flight Rules

Appendix J



Overview	ILS IMC in Indicated	Instrument Landing System Instrument Meteorological Conditions inch Information provided by properly calibrated and set
Navigation	in HG	instrumentation on the aircraft panel. inches of mercury
	kg	kilogram
nning	kHz	kilohertz
	km	kilometer
Flight Planning	kt	knot
	LAT	latitude
Hazard Avoidance	lb	pound
	Leg	The portion of a flight plan between two waypoints.
	LOC	localizer
	LON	longitude
Additional Features		
ıl Fea	m	meter
ition	MAP	Missed Approach Point
Add	METAR	Meteorological Aviation Routine
	MHz	megahertz
Appendices	Minimum Safe	Uses Grid MORAs to determine a safe altitude within ten
	Altitude	miles of the aircraft present position.
A	MOA	Military Operations Area
	MSA	Minimum Safe Altitude
	MSL	Mean Sea Level
Index		
	NAVAID	NAVigation AID
	NDB	Non-directional Beacon

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NEXRAD nm	Next Generation Radar nautical mile(s)
OAT OBS	Outside Air Temperature Omni Bearing Selector
psi	pounds per square inch
QTY	quantity
rpm	revolutions per minute
SBAS	Satellite-Based Augmentation System
SD	Secure Digital
sec	second(s)
SIGMET	Significant Meteorological Information
TA	Traffic Advisory
TACAN	Tactical Air Navigation System
TAF	Terminal Aerodrome Forecast
TAS	True Airspeed
TCAS	Traffic Collision Avoidance System
TFR	Temporary Flight Restriction
TIS-A	Traffic Information Service
TIS-B	Traffic Information Service-Broadcast
Track	Direction of aircraft movement relative to a ground position; also 'Ground Track'
TRSA	Terminal Radar Service Area

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Overview	UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
	VFR VHF	Visual Flight Rules Very High Frequency
Navigation	VNAV VOR VORTAC	vertical navigation VHF Omni-directional Range very high frequency omnidirectional range station and tactical air navigation
Flight Planning	VSI VSR VTF	Vertical Speed Indicator Vertical Speed Required vector to final
Hazard Avoidance	WAAS WX	Wide Area Augmentation System weather
Additional Features		
Appendices		

APPENDIX K: WARRANTY AND COMPLIANCE

CONTACT GARMIN

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If you have any questions while using your aera 660 go to www.flygarmin.com.

AVIATION LIMITED WARRANTY

All Garmin avionics products are warranted to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for the earlier of: 2 years or 800 flight hours from the date of purchase for new TSO remote-mount and TSO panel-mount products; 1 year or 400 flight hours from the date of purchase for new Non-TSO remote-mount* and Non-TSO panel-mount*, portable products and any purchased newly-overhauled products; 6 months or 200 flight hours for factory repaired or newly-overhauled products exchanged through a Garmin Authorized Service Center. Within the applicable period, Garmin will, at its sole option, repair or replace any components that fail in normal use. Such repairs or replacement will be made at no charge to the customer for parts or labor, provided that the customer shall be responsible for any transportation cost. This Limited Warranty does not apply to: (i) cosmetic damage, such as scratches, nicks and dents; (ii) consumable parts, such as batteries, unless product damage has occurred due to a defect in materials or workmanship; (iii) damage caused by accident, abuse, misuse, water, flood, fire, or other acts of nature or external causes; (iv) damage to a product that has been modified or altered without the written permission of Garmin; or (v) damage to a product that has been modified or altered without the written permission of Garmin. In addition, Garmin reserves the right to refuse warranty claims against products or services that are obtained and/or used in contravention of the laws of any country.

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FCC COMPLIANCE

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and may cause harmful interference to radio communications if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet that is on a different circuit from the GPS unit.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This product does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized Garmin service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could result in permanent damage to the equipment, and void your warranty and your authority to operate this device under Part 15 regulations.

INDUSTRY CANADA COMPLIANCE

Category I radio communication devices comply with Industry Canada Standard RSS-210.

RADIATION EXPOSURE STATEMENT

This equipment complies with FCC RF and IC RSS-102 radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

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